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VOL. 55. NO. 73.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BORN IN OCTOBER; DIE IN MARCH

Wonderful Coincidences in This Family Record.

FOUR BORN IN ONE DAY.

FOUR GENERATIONS CELEBRATE BIRTH ANNIVERSARY TOGETHER.

Mrs. Mahala Long, the Head of the Family, Was Born Short, Her First Husband Was a Little, She Has Lived Long and Happily.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Mahala Long of Columbia is 92 years old. She was born Oct. 18. On the same day 42 years later her daughter, Mrs. E. J. McAlister of Columbia, was born. On the same day 71 years after the birth of Mrs. Long her granddaughter, Mrs. E. M. Carter, was born, and on the same day 90 years after Mrs. Long's birth her great-granddaughter, Mary Fuller of Sturgeon, Mo., was born.

They celebrated their birthday together and all the other descendants and family connections of Mrs. Long joined in the celebration.

Mrs. McAlister has kept a careful record of the family in her Bible and after the dinner she produced it for the edification of the guests.

The birth list showed that 10 out of 12 of the immediate descendants of Mrs. Long were born in the month of October. The birth anniversaries of eight of these come within the same week, and four on the same day.

With two exceptions, all the married members of the family were married in October.

March is an unlucky month with the Long family, for, with one exception, all the Long descendants who are dead died in this month.

In spite of her 92 years, Mrs. Long was the center of attraction and was the jolliest of all who were assembled there on that remarkable occasion, and there were 30 members of the family present. They were: Rev. M. D. Greene and wife of Riggs, Mo.; Mrs. W. T. Stewart and daughter of Sturgeon; Mrs. Mary Long of Columbia; D. McAlister and family of Columbia; Mrs. S. O. Fuller and family of Sturgeon and Mrs. S. P. Long and family of Hallsville. A remarkable fact is that all the descendants now live, and have lived all their lives, in Boone County.

The elder Mrs. Long came to Boone County from Mercer County, Kentucky, when she was 8 years old. She has but little recollection of her childhood days in Kentucky, but says that she can well remember her long journey in a covered wagon from Kentucky to Missouri. Her father drove a large number of sheep and cattle all the way, and Mrs. Long says that she and her nine brothers and sisters took turns in helping her father drive the herd.

The old lady laughingly remarked, when referring to her mercantile life in Missouri, that she had been short, little, and long. When asked to explain, she said that her maiden name was Short. At an early age she married Alexander Little, a Boone County farmer, and after his death was united in marriage to John Long, who died in 1892. Her daughter by her last husband, Mrs. Mary Long, a widow, now living in Columbia, can also claim a coincidence in names, as her husband was Josiah Long, thus she did not change her name at marriage.

The family records of all the descendants of Mrs. Long show such a combination of first and middle names that seems difficult to attribute it all to chance.

Miss Nellie Long, a granddaughter of Mrs. Mahala Long, is of an investigating turn of mind, and is looking into the family records with a view to finding out just how many remarkable things there are about the family history. She is not looking for reasons, but for facts, and has no hopes of being able to explain why the

MRS. LONG, THE HEAD OF MISSOURI'S MOST REMARKABLE FAMILY



MRS. MAHALA LONG AND HER GREAT GRANDSON CLAUDE BLAKEMORE.

CONTEMPORARIES OF MRS. MAHALA LONG

MRS. LONG was born in 1810, when the population of the United States was 7,239,822 and the center of population was 40 miles west of Washington. Now the population is over 70,000,000 and the center of population is near the line between Indiana and Illinois.

In the year of her birth the first cotton-print goods was made, the first steamboat left Pittsburgh for New Orleans and there was a financial panic.

That was the year Napoleon achieved the height of his career. He annexed the Netherlands and the church states of Italy, fought England and Spain, divorced Josephine and married Maria Louise.

Or the man greatest than any that year few survive. Pope Leo XIII was born.

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TO IMPROVE THE MISSISSIPPI.
Meeting at Quincy Will Discuss How It May Be Done.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
QUINCY, Ill., Nov. 1.—Representatives from the cities and business organizations between St. Louis and St. Paul will meet in Quincy Nov. 11 and 12 to discuss the needs of the upper Mississippi river. The call for the upper has been issued by the Quincy Freight Traffic Bureau and the Chamber of Commerce. A memorial to Congress will probably be adopted.

BLIND KELLY'S LIVE CAMPAIGN

Running for Legislature in the Eighteenth District.

HIS ARGUMENT FOR VOTES

BETTER QUALIFIED AS A LAW-MAKER THAN MANY WITH SIGHT.

If Elected the Blind Lawyer Says He Proposes to Represent the First District as the First, Not the Last—His Platform.

Walter A. Kelly, who is running for the legislature on the Democratic ticket in the First district, which comprises the main part of South St. Louis, has been totally blind half his life.

He is now 24 years of age. Mr. Kelly is making a lively campaign and expects to win.

"I believe I am fitted for a legislator," he says, "by my education and training as a lawyer. I have a mind that knows the law is better qualified for the making of laws than one who is ignorant of law. My friends tell me that I am going to be elected. I am not afraid to go into the booth to vote for me because nobody to forget to vote for me because he thinks I won't need his vote."

Mr. Kelly seeks to represent in the Missouri legislature the eighteenth district in St. Louis. It comprises all of the Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twenty-fourth wards, and parts of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Precinct 12 of the Twenty-third ward, precincts 1 and 2 of the Twenty-fifth ward, and precinct 1 of the Twenty-eighth ward. It runs to the city limits on the south and west, and from Grand avenue west it includes the entire area as far north as Alcalde avenue, the boundary, passing along the south side of Forest Park and the World's Fair grounds.

BIG PLURALITY TO OVERCOME.

There are about 25,000 voters in the First district, and the Republican plurality at the last election was \$100. Mr. Kelly thinks he can easily overcome the pluralities. With him on the ticket are Nat. Egan and Barney McCourt. Three representatives are to be elected from the district. The names are Mr. Kelly, and the other two of preceding Mayor Wells in a speech at Concordia Turner hall. It was known that Mr. Wells was to be there, but the meeting was held elsewhere.

A procession of 2500 formed near Mr. Kelly's home and marched to the hall, with many prominent men in the ranks, among them Julius Busch. On each end of the front line in which the candidate marched was a man carrying a red light.

"It goes without saying," said Mr. Kelly enthusiastically, "South St. Louis did herself proud. We marched from Talozzi street to Thirteenth, the Arsenal and into the hall."

There was plenty of red fire burned, and the crowd followed the route sympathetically set up. It was a brilliant spectacle. The men carried banners, some of them reading "Kelly for Kelly," "Kelly for Lawyer." At the hall Mr. Wells was to speak first, but the crowd kept calling for Kelly, so he had to get up and give my talk before the mayor.

Mr. Kelly told the people that, if elected, he intended to work for the enactment of a bill making it a crime to give the greatest good to the greatest number.

"If any bills come up," he said, "that I consider hurtful to union labor, or to the working class, I shall endeavor to reflect all my power. I shall endeavor to reflect credit upon those who send me to the legislature."

MR. KELLY'S PLATFORM.
Mr. Kelly is opposed to the monopoly trust and to convict labor.

"If I go to the legislature," says Mr. Kelly, "I shall try to make good money for myself as a lawmaker. I don't intend to be a mere figurehead, and say yes or no when my name is called. I shall watch over the interests of the people and argue any bill which calls for argument."

The blind lawyer considers himself even more adapted for legislative work than some of the men who have signed on to the legislature every year. "The best way to train the memory," says the blind candidate, "is to have things read to one and then try to repeat what is read. Certainly I have had plenty of practice in that regard."

SOFT, GLOSSY HAIR.

It Can Only Be Had Where There Is No Dandruff.

Any man or woman who wants soft, glossy hair must be free of dandruff, which causes falling hair. Since it has become known that dandruff is a germ disease, the old hair preparations that were mostly scalp irritants, have been abandoned, and the public, barbers and doctors included, have taken to using Newbro's Herpicide, the only hair preparation that kills the dandruff germ. E. Dodd, Dickinson, N. D., says: "Herpicide not only cleanses the scalp from dandruff and prevents the hair's falling out, but promotes a new growth. Herpicide keeps my hair very glossy." Send 10c in stamps. The Herpicide Co., 41 Jefferson avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold by Raboteau & Co., Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., Judge & Dolph Co.

DR. COFFEE Curing Blindness.

Wonderful Stories of People Who Have Been Blind from Five to Twenty Years Being Restored to Sight by Mild Medicines at Their Own Homes.

FREE 80-PAGE BOOK.

Will Be Sent to Every Reader of This Paper.

Dr. Coffee states that his remarkable success in curing blindness, cataracts and all eye diseases is not accomplished by operations, but by mild medicines, that patients can use at their own homes without visiting a doctor, and cure themselves of all forms of eye diseases.

Dr. W. O. COFFEE, just published the 3d edition of his book on "The Eye and Its Diseases," which he will send to every person who is afflicted with weak or diseased eyes in any form. It tells them how to cure themselves at home, and gives references of thousands of cases cured by him.

He is curing ten thousand patients a year at their homes with these mild medicines.

Dr. Coffee cured Henry C. Lamb of Deacon, 100, of cataract of 30 years' standing. Dr. Lamb is 72 years old and blind. He was partially cured and able to see again. He cured Mrs. Emily McLean of Knox City, Mo., of cataracts and paralysis of the optic nerve. Dr. Lamb is 72 years old. He cured Mr. J. Mitchell of New City, Mo., of cataracts and inflammation of the eye. He cured Mrs. Lucinda Hammom of Aurora, Mo., of cataracts of both eyes. He cured Mr. Brown of Brownsville, Mo., of cataracts of both eyes.

Dr. Coffee's book tells the story of thousands of people who are weak or blind with

New Life to Weak Men.

Old Men Made Young Again—Weak Men Find Old-Time Strength and Power of Youth.

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE.

To the men who have tried every known remedy to revive their waning power or lost manhood, and have given up in despair, the following message comes as a most blessed promise. This new

CAR FAMINE AT JOPLIN

Reduces Output and Is Doing the District Great Injury.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JOPLIN, Mo., Nov. 1.—Failure on the part of the railroads entering the mining district to supply cars for the transportation of ore and a movement on the part of the buyers to cut prices caused a light output in the district this week.

The smelters wanted the ore and the buyers were ready to purchase it at their prices. There were no cars for loading, and the result was that there was a depreciation of \$50 to \$1 per ton this week, although there were some lots that sold to prices corresponding to last week. The output of the Carnegie mine was sold on a bid of \$38 per ton.

The burning of a portion of the Edgar Zinc Co.'s smelter at Cherrystone, Kan., curtailed the necessity of that company purchasing much ore for its works.

There was no movement on the part of the buyers this week to cut the prices of ore, and it had its effect. A smaller output was the result. At one big mine where the price had been cut from \$38 to \$35 per ton and withdrew it. Producers are standing firm and say that they will not permit the reduction in prices, claiming the ore was worth as much this week as last. Most of the ore loaded this week was bargained for last week at \$38.50 per ton.

The railroads are doing the Joplin district an insurmountable injury. The reduction in the price of ore was due to the lack of cars for loading, and the result was that the ore was not worth as much this week as last. But for the Katy, it is said, the injury would more seriously affect the district. The district needs more railroads.

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TAYLOR SAID TO HAVE FOUR WIVES

Under Arrest for Deserting His Children.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 1.—Sheriff Haslett of Gwinnett County left for Lawrenceville with J. C. Hunter, who is under arrest upon a charge of deserting his children.

Hunter has maintained most stoutly that he was not the man wanted, but when Sheriff Haslett, who knew him well, told him he broke down, admitting his identity.

Mrs. D. L. Taylor, who lives in Savannah, tells a story which would seem to show that Hunter is the husband of four living wives. He is very much married, according to her story, which she insists is true. She knew him at Dalton in 1886, and that year he was married to Hunter, then known as Dalton. In 1886, and that year he was never a legal separation. After living together seven years, the two were separated when children were born, who now themselves have children. Hunter was convicted of desertion after the court gave him a term of five years in the penitentiary, serving the sentence and disappearing for two years; he reappeared under the name of Hunter, and he had married again, as his term in the penitentiary had served as a divorce.

Mrs. Taylor declares that she was in correspondence with this second wife, whose maiden name was Moore, and wife bore Taylor one child. The third wife is the mother of three children near Lawrenceville. Sheriff Haslett says they are in custody condition.

Mrs. Taylor says she was married to Hunter a few months ago in Savannah. She believed his denials of his identity and even now is trying to secure attorneys to defend him.

Cures

Drunkards Secretly.

Free Package of the Only Successful Cure Known For Drunkenness Sent to All Who Send Name and Address.

It Can Be Put Secretly Into Food or Coffees and Quickly Cures the Drink Habit.

Few men begin drunkards from choice or inclination—all become release from the awful habit. Golden Specific will cure all habitual drunkard. This wonderful remedy can be administered by wife or daughter, in food, tea, coffee or milk, without causing the slightest suspicion.



MR. AND MRS. HARRY BURNSIDE.

Its cure is sure, without harmful results to the system. Many a home is now happy by the use of Golden Specific. "My husband got into a habit of getting drunk before the boy got his way home," says Mrs. Harry Burnside. "After a while he came home drunk frequently. He soon lost his position and I had to make a living for both of us and the little children. At times he tried to sober up, but the habit was too strong for him and then he would drink harder than ever. I heard of Golden Specific and sent for a free package. The treatment cured him. I put it in my coffee and never had him drunk again. He regained his old position and now we are happy in our little home again. I hope you will send Golden Specific to every woman that has suffered as I have, and save her loved ones from the drunkard's grave."

Write name and address to Dr. J. W. Haines, 2825 Glen building, Cincinnati, O., and he will mail you a free package of Golden Specific in a small box. Send money by telegram or letter to him. Enough of the remedy is sent in a free package to give you an opportunity to witness its effects on those who have given up their love to drink.

"I have written to you to tell what may happen to the man who drinks, and you would never forgive yourself for waiting."

RELIABLE ESTABLISHED 10 YEARS.

NO DELAY DENTISTRY

By reliable, accurate dentists, who are experts in our practice of painless dentistry. Don't throw your money away on the so-called best dentists when you can have it done by us for the cost of material. Painlessly, painlessly.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATE Very Low Prices Until Nov. 5.

Full Set of Teeth..... \$1.00
Best Set of Teeth..... \$3.00
Gum Work..... \$1.00
Bridge work..... \$1.00
All work done by graduate dentists.

Teeth Extracted With- VITALIZED AIR.

We are the only dentists west of New York City who make their own Vitalized Air and Gas. Absorbable, harmless and painless.

Vitalized Air Gas..... \$2.00
Teeth Extracted Free.

Bring this Ad in and get gold filling free.

All work guaranteed for 18 years.

UNION DENTAL COLLEGE

622 Olive st., 2d floor. Hours till 9 p. m.; Sun- day, 10 to 4. S. E. Cor. 7th and Olive sts.

Man's Mission on Earth



KNOW THYSELF!

As set forth in THE NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION—The best Medical Work of this or any other, entitled

The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation,

Treatment of Physiology of Marriage, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, Manhood, Nerves and Physical Ability, Acropathia, ALL DISEASES treated by the best Medical Work of this or any other, entitled

And Weaknesses of Men from what

and

WEDDED FOR 58 YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo B. Anderson Will Celebrate the Anniversary at Home Today.

Fifty-eight years of happy married life is the blessing Alonso B. and Laura E. Anderson will celebrate today at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Ida Burlong, Meramec and Virginia streets.

In the celebration, which has been quietly planned by the couple, their children and ten grandchildren will participate. The children, all of whom are now nearing middle life, are Fred, Frank and Elmer E., Mrs. Ella Casper and Elmer E. Anderson. With the exception of Elmer E., they all live in St. Louis. Elmer is located in business in St. Paul.

Mr. Anderson, Sr., traces his ancestry back to revolutionary days, his father having been one of the pioneer settlers of Maine. He is 80 years old and his son, Mr. son is 70. Both are Hale and hearty and will be well able to enjoy the surprise celebration.

Mr. Anderson came to St. Louis from Monroe, Mich., where he followed the huckster trade for 10 years. He is now retired and has been residing in St. Louis about ten years. The Andersons are members of the Baptist Church, of which Rev. J. M. Johnson is pastor. Mr. Anderson has also taken a very active part in Baptist missionary work.

The SOHMER HARMONY CHART

is invaluable to every one who plays a musical instrument of any kind, or who studies music in any form.

PATENTED IN THE U. S. CANADA, GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE AND GERMANY.

PRICE \$1.00.

For Sale by All Music Houses.

JOHN FELD,
SOLE DISTRIBUTOR,
1901 ST. LOUIS AVENUE, ST. LOUIS, MO.

"DON'T LET MOTHER KNOW."

Last Injunction of Man Who Committed Suicide.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—After writing a note in which he expressed a wish that his mother should not be told of what he did, Louis Romer committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas and was found dead in bed in his room, 262 West Twenty-first street.

The man was found lying in his bed dressed only in a nightshirt. On the bureau was a sheet of paper on which was written:

"Fred Romer, Oskaloosa, Io., to have my sister Frances come to New York to take charge of my remains and ask her to have my body cremated and my ashes sent to me. But you will all forgive me for this act. Yours, LOU."

Hiccoughs and pains in the stomach immediately relieved by Sulphonog.

Swasey Sued for Doctor's Bill.

Joseph Price filed suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against Dr. A. L. Swasey, who had been paid \$35 for professional services as a physician and surgeon. The bill alleges that Dr. Price attended Mr. Swasey, who is 80 years old, and his son, Mr. son is 70. Both are Hale and hearty and will be well able to enjoy the surprise celebra-

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CUBAN "LOTUS BUDS" WILL BE DETAINED

TWENTY GIRL RECRUITS FOR
MRS. TINGLEY'S HOME.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Gerry Society has requested Immigration Commissioner William D. Brewster to ban Cuban girl passengers who arrived here today.

All of these girls are said to be under 10 years of age. They were consigned in Santiago to the care of Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, a theosophist, at Port Llava, Cal., and are what she calls "lotus buds." It is her design to bring them up in her faith

in the temple of the community over which she presides. To the children she will be known as the "purple mother."

During the war in Cuba, Mrs. Tingley obtained possession of many little orphans and there are already at Port Llava about forty-five children. All of these "lotus buds." The teachings in the temple are explained by the "purple mother" as follows:

"Here the experience of the soul is to be proved and its nature and attributes revealed. The students will be taught the source of man's place in nature and his relation to his fellow men and the universe. This will involve a knowledge of nature's laws and the solution of the mysteries of man and the universe. Who am I? Whence came I? Whither do I go?"

Mrs. Tingley a few months ago sued a Los Angeles newspaper for an alleged reflection on the character of her home. "I intend to sue them," she said. "These children are parasites," said President Davis of the Gerry Society, "to determine whether or not they understand where they go, and if they do not, we shall take proper guardianship; if they are being brought here for involuntary servitude or any evil purpose, we shall certainly interfere."

ROBBED BY FOOTPADS OF \$8000

Saloonekeeper Who Had Too Big a Bell for Everyday Gets Believed

It

APPLETON, Wis., Nov. 1.—Martin Cornelius, a wealthy saloonekeeper of this city, was held up and robbed of \$8,000 late last night.

Cornelius was in Oshkosh yesterday, intending to purchase some real estate and carrying for that purpose the money mentioned. On his arrival at Appleton, shortly before 9 o'clock, he met two men who ordered him to throw up his hands. One of the men held Cornelius' hands to his back, while the other covered him with a revolver and went through his pockets. After securing the money the robbers warned Cornelius against making an outcry and then disappeared.

BUSINESS HAS NOT BEEN HURT

Wall Street Not Disturbed
by Politics.

BANK CLEARINGS WERE HIGH

VERY LARGE RETAIL DEMAND IN
TRADE CENTERS.

There Was Little Stock Trading and
the Money Market Was in Excel-
lent Shape, With Not Much
Paper Selling.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Evening Post says:

While the bank exhibit showed an unexpectedly large increase in cash, amounting to several million dollars more than the sum received, the preliminary estimate of the loan expansion reached some \$200,000 above the increase reported last year. The statement as a whole, reflected the treasury's heavy disbursements for bond purchase account during the closing days of last week, only a portion of which was shown in the bank return a week ago. This gain strengthened the surplus reserve item to the greatest volume, \$21,320,100, reported since Feb. 1, last, and the highest total shown at this week in any year since 1888.

Very little interest was taken in stock trading today.

Business

Undisturbed by Politics.

The markets at London and Paris were closed in recognition of the usual All Saint's Day recess. While no general decline marked much of the time, prices in most cases holding at yesterday's level. The market ignored the bank return, becoming rather indifferent to it after the publication. The closing was heavy.

It is significant that legitimate business interests have not been in the least disturbed by politics.

Bank clearings everywhere show gains over last year, the total for this week being second largest on record. Business banking activity was so pronounced. Settlement of the labor disturbances, with greater offering of coal, have assisted the industry in getting along. There was still delay in forwarding shipments, owing to the inability of railroad companies to supply the needed rolling stock and reduce rates.

The frequent blockades on some lines is so serious as to apparently justify the refusal of the roads to accept further tonnage. Some lines have been entirely removed. Manufacturers in most lines have sufficient orders to occupy their plants through the year, and add little from outside sources, a very large retail demand.

While money remains easy and a portion of the November disbursements have been made, the call for gold and the heavy gold withdrawals must not be lost sight of.

Money on call nominally 5 per cent. Time money during the week has been fairly active, but the market has not followed the shorter periods. In a few cases, where the collateral consisted of money lent by savings banks, the rate has been held at lower rates than those quoted, but with these exceptions 5 per cent has ruled as the lowest rate. Rates were 6 per cent for four, 6½ and 7 per cent for four, five and six months.

Mercantile paper this week has not come into the market, and the market does not follow that paper. It could not make use of funds, but with the present prices they prefer to wait for a possible lower basis of rates.

On the other hand the demand was limited and the attitude firm in demanding full payment. 5½ per cent for 60 to 90 days, undrawn and payable 5½ per cent for highest grade of single names, 6½ per cent for others not so well known. Interest money rates unchanged.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Reported daily by A. G. Edwards & Sons
Brokerage Co., Bond, Stock and Exchange
Brokers, 412 Olive street.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

STOCKS.

	Sales	Open	High	Low	Close
Amal. Copper	200	64%	64%	64%	64%
Am. Can. Fdry.	100	80%	80%	78%	78%
Am. Linseed	18	18	18	18	18
Am. Mfg. Co.	100	90%	90%	88%	88%
Amer. Locomot. pfd.	54	94%	94%	94%	94%
Am. Smelting	700	45%	45%	45%	45%
Archibald	2,200	88%	88%	88%	88%
Archibald	300	100%	100%	100%	100%
Br. & C. Co.	633	63%	63%	62%	62%
Brooklyn R. T.	100	80%	80%	78%	78%
Canal Pacific	400	12%	12%	12%	12%
Chase & Son	200	73%	73%	73%	73%
Chicago & N. W.	1,100	100%	100%	98%	98%
C. R. & St. L.	1,200	228	228	223	223
Colo. F. & I.	1,400	80%	80%	80%	80%
Conn. St. R.	600	68%	68%	68%	68%
Conn. T. & S.	600	61	61	59%	59%
Dan. & R. G. com.	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Del. Lack. & W.	1,500	88%	88%	88%	88%
Erie 1st pfd.	68	68	68	67%	67%
Erie 2d pfd.	51%	51%	51%	51%	51%
Huntington	200	73%	73%	73%	73%
Illinoian Co. com.	300	147%	148%	147%	147%
Iowa Central	1,200	17%	17%	17%	17%
K. & S. & N.	2,700	137%	138%	138%	138%
Manhattan E. & P.	1,400	41%	41%	40%	40%
Mass. St. Ry.	100	26%	26%	25%	25%
Mex. Cent.	100	26%	26%	25%	25%
Met. & St. L. com.	2,000	85	84	83%	83%
Met. & St. L. S. M. com.	2,000	200	200	200	200
M. & St. L. S. M. pfd.	700	61%	61%	61%	61%
Mo. Pac.	4,000	11%	10%	10%	10%
N. & W. & St. L.	2,000	60%	60%	58%	58%
Nat. Biscuit pfd.	250	25%	25%	25%	25%
Nat. Lead	1,000	12%	12%	12%	12%
N. Y. O. & W.	900	33	33	33	33
N. Y. & W.	2,600	14%	14%	13%	13%
New York Central	1,200	12%	12%	12%	12%
Pacific Mail	400	42%	42%	42%	42%
Penn. & R.	300	10%	10%	10%	10%
Penn. & W.	1,000	63	63	63	63
Press St. Car pfd.	7,000	67%	67%	67%	67%
St. Louis & San Fran.	1,000	87%	87%	87%	87%
St. Louis & San Fran. do 1st pfd.	2,400	21%	21%	21%	21%
St. Louis & San Fran. do 2d pfd.	300	30%	30%	30%	30%
St. L. & S. F.	1,100	82	82	81	81
St. L. & S. F. do 1st pfd.	2,200	67%	67%	67%	67%
St. L. & S. F. do 2d pfd.	6,000	74%	73%	74%	74%
Southern Pacific	300	30%	30%	30%	30%
Southern R. B.	300	30%	30%	30%	30%
Tenn. C. & I.	400	61	61	60%	60%
Tenn. C. & I. do pfd.	400	46%	46%	46%	46%
Tenn. L. & W.	300	30%	30%	30%	30%
Union B. & F.	1,100	63	63	63	63
Union Pacific	2,900	104%	104%	104%	104%
U. S. Leather	800	14%	14%	13%	14%
U. S. Leather do pfd.	1,300	80%	80%	80%	80%
Walsh deb.	400	88%	88%	88%	88%
Walsh deb. do pfd.	81	81	80%	80%	80%
W. U. Telegraph	100	45%	45%	45%	45%
W. U. Telegraph do pfd.	200	52%	52%	52%	52%
Total sales, 161,100.					

Lecture by Bishop Glணnon.—The

TO STOP FRENCH DUELS

The Ridiculous Farces Prompt a Bill
in Congress to Repress, if Not
Suppress Them.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Senator Maxime Le-

compte has introduced a bill in Congress

intended to repress, if not suppress, dueling

in France. It is high time that the bur-

glies dignified in this country by the name

of "affairs of honor" were abolished.

Statistical duels only four or five entail the

death of one of the principals; that in

between fifty and sixty neither adversary is touched; that in twenty-five the man in the wrong inflicts an injury on the person insulted; that in from fifteen to twenty with the result, without being tragic, accords with the sentiment of justice.

The whole thing is too ridiculous, and at

last Frenchmen are beginning to look on the question in a reasonable, practical light.

One medical man, Dr. Devillers, suggests

as a compromise that the duelists should fire with ineffective balls made of candle

grease, which would crumble to powder

when they strike.

MR. SPRAGUE SAYS

The new Colonial Restaurant at Broadway

and Locust street, is just the place for

ladies and gentlemen.

STILL THE MONEY PILES UP

Secretary Shaw Is Puzzled by Que-
tion of Disposing of Sur-
plus.

POST-DISPATCH BUREAU,
154 Pennsylvania Avenue,

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—There seems to

be no way to stop the government from

accumulating money. In spite of the re-

peal of the war taxes the receipts of the

fiscal year exceed the expenditures by

\$13,529,000. In October the surplus was

\$22,000. Secretary Shaw may be obliged to

take some

LAZARRE'S AUTHOR IS NEAR DEATH

EXPOSURE WHILE ON LONG TRAMP THE CAUSE.

HER LIFE STORY AND WORK

Made the Editor of "Century" Read Her "Romance of Dollars" After Refusal—It Was Accepted and Made Her Famous.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Mary Hartwell Catherwood, who wrote "Lazarre," "The Romance of Dollars," "The Story of Tonty," "Old Kaskaskia," "The Days of Jeanne d'Arc," and many other works of fiction, is lying near death at her home in Washington boulevard. She is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism caused by exposure when on a long walk during bad weather.

Although short and heavy, she has always been proud of her ability to walk great distances and of her open air exercise. She was accustomed to tramp, but recently on a cold, rainy day got too far from home and rode back with her shoes soaked and her dress dripping.

Publishing of the fact that she is seriously ill has brought to the little flat she calls home a flood of telegrams and letters from friends and admirers in all parts of the country.

She was suddenly taken before the publication of her romance what the public had made famous. Over 100,000 copies of "Lazarre" have been sold, and Otis Skinner's dramatization, which was recently presented in St. Louis, has achieved success.

Mrs. Catherwood was born in Luray, Licking County, O., Dec. 16, 1847. She married James S. Catherwood when she was 18 and has a daughter, Hazel, who is 18 years old. She taught in Ohio and Indiana schools until a few years before her marriage and began her literary work as an occasional contributor to the Indianapolis Saturday Review.

She wrote "The Romance of Dollars" and took it to Richard Watson Gilder, editor of the Century Magazine. James Whitcomb Riley gave her a note of introduction to the editor, who at first declined to look at her manuscript. She was persistent and would not leave him until he consented to read it. She called the next day; he

DYSPEPSIA

And indigestion, the most common ailments of mankind, can be cured by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has a record of fifty years of such cures back of it and will not disappoint you now. If you are a sufferer from these complaints, or Insomnia, Nervousness or General Debility, be sure to try it. Our private stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.



MRS. MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD.

equally careful. She first maps out the theme of the story and then works on the characters, but the characters work out their own ends to a great extent.

She writes at 12 o'clock each morning, but this is largely conditioned upon the demands of her household. She lives in a large house on Washington boulevard in Chicago. In things in the household are not running in just the proper manner in the proper channel, she takes the pen and pencil and whatever household utensil may be necessary.

She is as careful in the preparation of her manuscripts as she is in the preparation of her material. Often after she has written two chapters she will return to the first chapter and completely rewrite it. She is a reader in her work and destroys a copy after every copy of her stories. When she has at last prepared a manuscript that she is satisfied with, she turns it over to a type writer. When the type written copy is finished she reviews it and has it printed. This process sometimes takes three weeks. When the manuscript at last reaches the compositor it is something to be hailed with joy.

She is often absent in fulfilling her household and social duties, and her evenings are nearly all spent at home with her husband and her daughter, Hazel H. Cath-

erwood.

She has no rags—just a great love of out-door life—but especially of outdoor exercise. She spends the summer months each summer, generally June and July, she claims as her vacation time and spends them with her husband and daughter.

She is fond of Canada and Canadian people, and has spent much time among them, studying their language and customs and furnishing herself with abundant material for stories. She is a member of the Little Room Club and the Woman's Club of the room.

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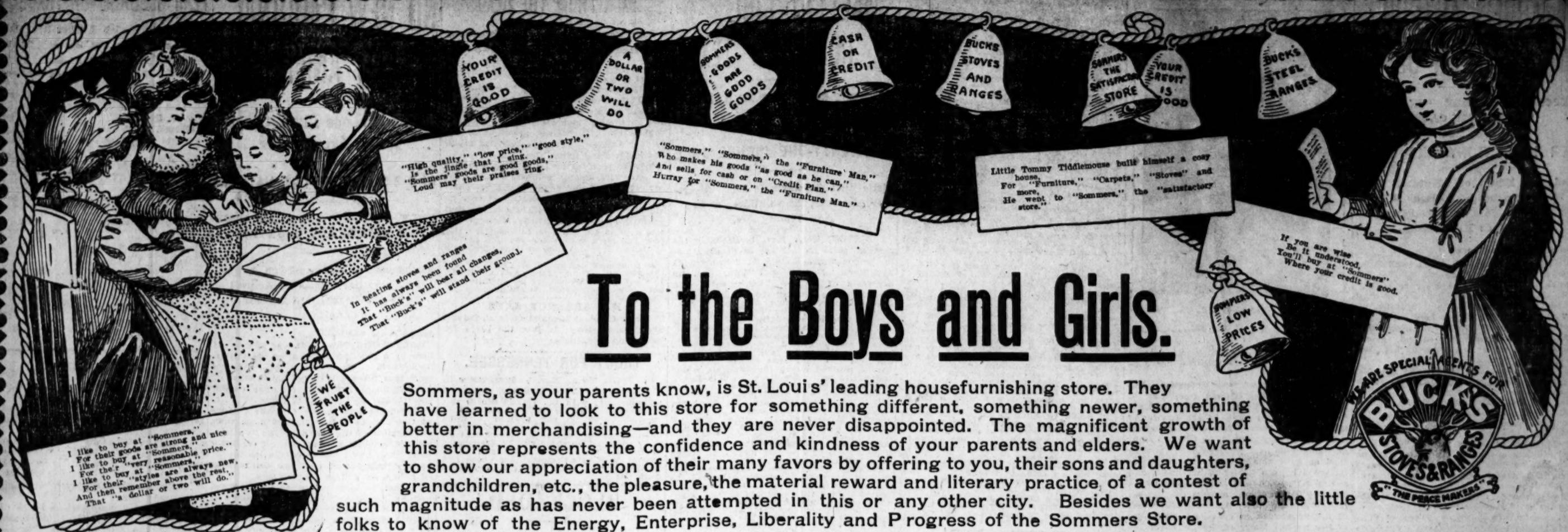
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Sommers, as your parents know, is St. Louis' leading housefurnishing store. They have learned to look to this store for something different, something newer, something better in merchandising—and they are never disappointed. The magnificent growth of this store represents the confidence and kindness of your parents and elders. We want to show our appreciation of their many favors by offering to you, their sons and daughters, grandchildren, etc., the pleasure, the material reward and literary practice of a contest of such magnitude as has never been attempted in this or any other city. Besides we want also the little folks to know of the Energy, Enterprise, Liberality and Progress of the Sommers Store.

Judges of Sommers' Jingle Contest.

We are honored and pleased to announce as judges four gentlemen whose names stand for justice and impartiality:

Hon. JOHN SCHROERS, President Board of Education.

Col. THOS. W. WOOD, St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

H. M. DUHRING, Esq., St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A. P. HAMMOND, Esq., St. Louis Republic.

They will be the sole judges of the awarding of prizes. The following points will enter into their decision: Originality, Brightness and Cleverness, Rhyme and Meter, General Neatness and Brevity.

Boys and Girls EVERYWHERE CAN ENTER, but only those of St. Louis and nearby towns and of the Central and Western states will be eligible for prizes. Others may win honorable mention.

Rules of Sommers' Jingle Contest.

This contest is open to the girls and boys of St. Louis and vicinity and of the Central and Western States. Our customers are here. Only one jingle can be entered by the same contestant, but such contestant can withdraw a former jingle and submit another that is revised or better. The jingle must contain no more than 60 words. The jingle must contain one or more of the following: (1) The name SOMMERS in any connection with the stock, qualities, prices, facilities, etc., of the Sommers Store. (2) The term Credit in any form, paper and your name, address and age on the other, enclose in an envelope and mail or bring it to

D. SOMMERS & CO., Complete Housefurnishers,

1126-1128-1130 Olive Street,
St. Louis, Mo.

Mark It
"JINGLE CONTEST."

Prizes of Sommers' Jingle Contest.

We have been especially liberal in the matter of prizes, so as to urge contestants to do their best. Aside from the actual prizes, much benefit is derived from the literary practice. President Norton of Harvard University advises "at least a few minutes every day to reading or writing poetry."

1ST PRIZE	\$25.00
2ND PRIZE	\$15.00
3RD PRIZE	\$8.00
10 FOURTH PRIZES OF \$5 EACH	\$50.00
10 FIFTH PRIZES OF \$3 EACH	\$30.00
10 SIXTH PRIZES OF \$1 EACH	\$10.00
10 SEVENTH PRIZES, CONTEST MEMENTOS	\$10.00
143 PRIZES	\$300.00

\$200 in Prizes.

We have been especially liberal in the matter of prizes, so as to urge contestants to do their best. Aside from the actual prizes, much benefit is derived from the literary practice. President Norton of Harvard University advises "at least a few minutes every day to reading or writing poetry."

OUR GREAT SALE OF BUCK'S RANGES AND HEATING STOVES

Has brought out all sorts of frauds and deceptions. Note this fact: An article must have real merit or it would not be imitated. We are the SOLE AND ONLY AGENTS on Olive street for Buck's goods. No other store there has the Genuine Buck's Range. See it in our window.



BUCK'S BEST STEEL RANGE

(Like cut.) It is the highest quality range produced by the Buck Stove and Range Co. of this city, and there is no better range made anywhere or at any price. Being made in St. Louis, any separate part can be provided without delay.

It is built entirely of steel. It has six-hole top, elaborate nickel front, large warming closet, heavy asbestos linings, improved duplex grate, bailed steel ashpans, nickel drop tea shelves, white enameled oven door and racks, 20-inch oven. Economical, durable and beautiful. The regular price is \$45. If it does not bake and cook perfectly, your money back or another range free of charge. Fire back and all other parts guaranteed. We also sell the Charter Oak, Bridge & Beach and other makes.

OUR SPECIAL PRICE IS \$29.85
\$2 CASH AND \$2 PER MONTH

BUCK'S NEW HOT

BLAST HEATER

(Cut shows the stove in operation.) It is no idle boast, but we positively mean every word we say when we tell you that **this is absolutely the best heating stove made**. The air is not fed from under as in the old style stoves, but comes through the center ring into the perpendicular slots, and is here led up to the top of the coal. Here it is mixed with the gases of the coal, causing perfect combustion. **Is there anything cheaper than air as fuel?** Another point is its fire keeping qualities. The same amount of coal which will keep fire two or three hours in the old style will give a steadier and more even heat for eight or ten hours in this new stove. **We guarantee this Hot Blast Heater the best of its kind in the world, and to heat more space with less fuel than any other heater made. Will burn any fuel and will hold soft coal fire over night.**

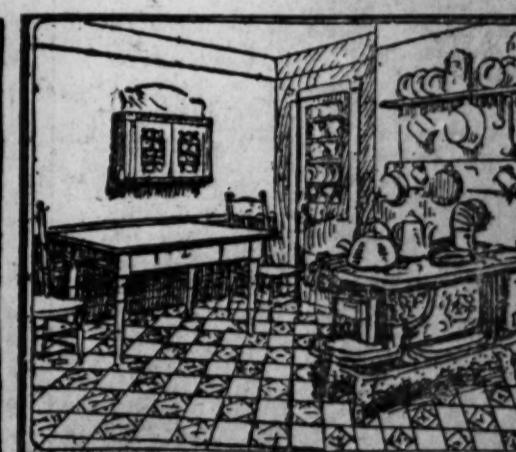
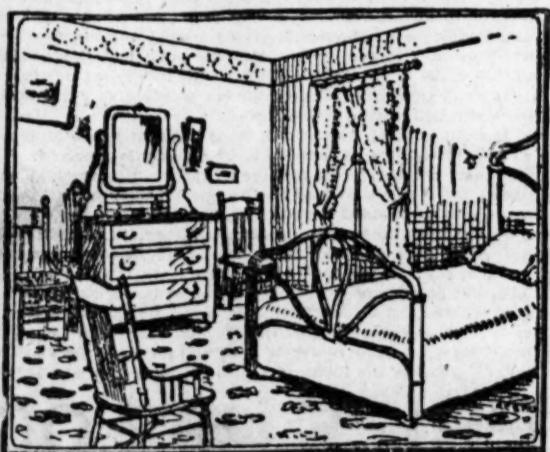
OUR SPECIAL PRICE IS \$12.90.

\$1 CASH AND 50¢ PER WEEK



Our Specialty Is Furnishing Complete Homes for Beginners in Housekeeping. This Flat, Worth \$150; Our Special Price, \$110.

Each article is thoroughly durable, pretty in appearance and the price speaks for itself. We furnish the bedroom with handsome carpet or room rug, enameled metal bed with springs and mattress, solid oak dresser and washstand, two bedroom chairs, one rocker, pair of lace curtains and three pictures. The parlor has handsome parlor carpet or room rug, a beautiful couch, three dainty rockers, two parlor chairs, center table and lamp, pair of lace curtains and three pictures. The dining-room we furnish with rich room rug, golden oak sideboard, six chairs, extension table and three pictures. For the kitchen we provide linoleum for floor, a good cook stove, a cupboard, a table and two chairs.



CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC.

Tapestry Brussels— worth 60c— this week.....	45c	Ingrain Carpet— worth 35c— this week.....	25c
Velvet Carpet— worth \$1.00— this week.....	80c	Mattings— worth 25c— this week.....	19c
Room Rug— worth \$1.00— this week.....	\$8.50	Oil Cloths— worth 25c— this week.....	22c

D. SOMMERS & CO.

CASH OR LIBERAL CREDIT. **1126-1128-1130 OLIVE ST.** **CORNER OF ALLEY**

CASH OR LIBERAL CREDIT.

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF OFFICE DESKS

In all the popular and desirable styles, in any wood and wood equipment for any particular use. The prices are low.

\$8.75

The Meyer Store
Gives
No Commission
Or discounts to anybody.
None for its goods or services
because a favored
many yet 10 per cent dis-
counts in practice is very
general in St. Louis.

**Correspondence
Paper, 16-ounce
Pound, 19c Pound**

**Saxony Yarn
3c Skein
50c Pound**
Finest Saxony yarn, fac-
tored and woven from
creams—many different
sorts as you want, weighed
before you eyes—worth 25c
to 50c.

**Mail Orders
and
Sample Orders**

THE MEYER STORE
COR. BROADWAY & WASHINGTON.

**French
Model Waists**
New Ten Dollar Silk and
Crepe de Chine Waists, in
sizes 22 to 38 in.—a spe-
cial 24 floor
sale at..... \$5

**Childs' \$3.50
Coats for \$1.98**
An unusual sale of fine
Ruffle Eiderdown Coats—
white and colors—dark
blue, blue rose, etc.—man-
ages of trimming—all sport
costumes—especially designed as
fancy \$3.50 coats—24 floor
on sale..... 98c

**Mercerized Silk
Petticoat Sale**
800 of them—all brilliant
colors and black—deep
acetate ruffles, dust ruffles,
etc.—blue rose, etc.—\$2.50
skirts—many styles
on sale..... 98c

**Juby
Trimmings**
Though all the rage, a half
price sale here—Magpie
and Jackdaw white,
black, blue, red, etc.—
lure and laces—10c
10c and 12½c
kinds, yard..... 5c

Last Clearance for Horse Show of Ladies' and Girls' Tailor-Made and Fancy Dress Suits at Special Prices.



Eton and Blouse Suits, wool homespun and cloths	\$5.95
Eton and Blouse Suits, with peplums and postillions, in fancy cloths	\$7.50
Blouse and Norfolk Suits, in venetians, snowflake and meltons	\$9.95
Satin-lined Cassimere, Rough Rider and Fancy Cheviot Suits	\$12.45
Zibeline, English Tweed and Broadcloth Suits, in many new shapes	\$16.95
Russian Blouse Suits, satin lined, rough camel's hair, fancy trimmed	\$18.95
French Tailor-made Model Suits, in cloths	\$27.45, \$29.95 and \$37.45
Special lot of the very finest Kerseys, Meltons, Beavers and Montagnacs, in 19-inch and 25-inch tight and half tight fitting jackets, the jauntest styles of the season, finest satin lining and best tailoring possible, not a coat worth less than \$15.00 and as much as \$25.00, in tans, castors, blues, reds, blacks, over 50 different shapes and styles—choice of these	\$5.95
Ladies' All-Wool Unfinished Worsted Walking Skirts, in blue and blacks, 9 gores, slot seams, fancy stitched at foot, corded yoke, back, the newest skirt of the season	\$4.95
Heavy Melton Walking Skirts, in mixed reds, Oxfords and blues, white stitched slot seams and satin fold yoke	\$4.95
Snowdrop Skirts, fancy seams at foot	\$7.95
The new draped Grecian Skirt, in blacks and fancy cloths, \$12.45 to	\$24.95

The retail price of Suits, JACKETS, Furs and Waists is according to the profits wanted by the store selling them. It is now an acknowledged fact that The Meyer Store's assortment is greater than the majority of St. Louis stores, and owing to its rules of marking profits sells garments fully one-fourth less than any St. Louis house. Lookers invariably return after a tour of the shopping district. This being the first fall season of The Meyer Store it is a remarkable fact that owing to its enormous increase in patronage the selling space for ready-made wear is soon to be doubled. This week's clearance sale will bring you some remarkable bargains.

Peau de Soie Skirts, heavily trimmed, pure silk, 10 styles at.....	\$0.95
Pure Silk Taffeta Dress Skirts, with drops pleated and draped, at.....	\$3.95
Plaid Zibeline Habit Back Skirts, in blue and greens	\$8.45
Girls' Separate Skirts, 30 to 36 inches long, in Melton cloths and fancy cassimere, slot seams	\$3.95
Girls' Monte Carlo Jackets, all-wool Meltons, in reds, blues, greens and tans	\$4.95
Girls' Pleated Monte Carlo Jackets, Kerseys and Beavers, in tans, blues and reds	\$9.95
Girls' Wool Dresses, fancy trimmed, full lined	\$1.40
Girls' 6 to 14 Melton Revers, all colors	98c
Girls' 6 to 14 Monte Carlo Long Coats, Melton triple capes, velvet piped, reds, blues, tans	\$4.95
Ladies' Pure Wool Flannel Waists, tailor made, 6 folds in front, full lined	79c
Ladies' Washable White Oxford Winter Waists, new shape, fancy buttons	98c
Velvet Waists, pleated front, in blacks, blues, greens and browns, silk collars	\$3.45
Peau de Cygne Silk Waists, 2 imported styles, in white, pink, blue, blacks, entirely new	\$4.95
Over 500 pieces of Fancy Furs at a sacrifice	98c to \$75
A Near-Seal Jacket that we guarantee for one year, any size from 34 to 46 bust, at	\$24.95



461 Cases New Merchandise on Sale This Week—Received Too Late For This Advertisement.



**How is This?
For Value?**

109 60-Pair Cases
Of Fine High-Grade
Ladies' Shoes

Bought at Less than "Cost to Make" from
The Carlisle Shoe Co.
Of Carlisle, Pa.

THE MEYER STORE VERY RECENTLY NOTICED AN AD IN A LEADING SHOE AND LEATHER JOURNAL STATING THAT THIS FACTORY WOULD CLOSE OUT A LOT OF DESIRABLE LADIES' SHOES AT A WAY-BELOW FIGURE. THE CORRESPONDENCE WHICH FOLLOWED RESULTED IN THE ABOVE PURCHASE.
LOT CONSISTS OF THOUSANDS OF PAIRS OF

Ladies' High-Grade Shoes

THE CARLISLE FOLKS HAVE WORKED UP AN EXCELENTLY FINE REPUTATION ON LADIES' SHOES, AND THIS LOT CONSISTS OF THEIR BEST THINGS IN KID AND PATENT LEATHERS, IN EXTENSION SOFT VELVET WALKING SHOES, FREAK EXTENSION SOLED SHOES, AND LADIES' MEDIUM WEIGHT HEAVY SOLED SHOES OR LIGHT DRESS STYLES, IN ALL SIZES AND NEW LASTS—EVERY PAIR OF SHOES COSTING \$2.25 TO \$2.75 TO MAKE—AT.....

\$1.98

Basement Bargains.

81.75 White Blankets..... \$1.20
Full size for double beds.
82 extra heavy gray wool Blankets, pair..... \$1.00
84 all-wool white Blankets..... \$2.69
Full size.

85 white 12-4 Blankets, pair..... \$5.98
Extra large size.

86 mercerized satin covered Com. dots..... \$1.50
22x34 inches, solid color, satin lining.

Linen.

Your choice of any \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 bleached Damask..... 77c

82 hemstitched Napkins, doz..... \$1.00

84 all-wool white Blankets..... \$2.69

Full size.

85 dark 12-4 Blankets, pair..... \$5.98

Extra large size.

86 mercerized satin covered Com. dots..... \$1.50
22x34 inches, solid color, satin lining.

Wash Goods.

88 dark Flannellets..... 5c

Suitable for wrappers.

89 Eclipse Flannellets..... 10c

New fall patterns.

90 dark fancy Walking..... 5c

New, bright patterns.

90 dark Pelicans..... 5c

Fast colors, figures and stripes.

91 dark douting stripes and plaids. Sc 12½ inches wide.

92 yard wide Flannellets..... 6½c

These are remnants.

93 yard wide Flannellets..... 6½c

These are remnants.

94 27-inch dark Outing..... 3½c

Stripes and plaid styles.

95 silk embroidered Flannel..... 30c

18c bordered skirting Flannel..... 5c

6c unbleached Canton Flannel..... 5c

Shell stitched edge.

96 unbleached Canton Flannel..... 24c

These are remnants.

97 all-wool fleeced Eiderdown..... 26c

5c inches wide.

98 all-wool Muslin..... 6c

Folded and creased.

99 all-wool stripe Piques..... 12½c

For waist fabrics, merely a small lot of these.

100 40-inch India Linen..... 5c

25c Bedford Cords..... 25c

Three different size stripes.

101 Silk Mousseline..... 35c

Dotted effects, in white, black and colors.

102 plain soft-finish Nainsook..... 7c

Yard wide.

Venise Laces.

500 Pairs of 75c Kid Gloves..... 25c

All shades, including tans, blacks, blues and castors, slightly soiled.

Ladies' 50c Lisle Thread Gloves..... 25c

3-clasps, all shades and sizes.

Children's 15c Wool Mittens..... 5c

All sizes.

Ladies' 25c Fleece Camisole

Gloves..... 15c

Third shipment of that New Crave, "The London Smoke Gloves."

Heavy manilla effects, stitched in white and worn \$1.00 at No.

Ladies' Gloves

500 Pairs of 75c Kid Gloves..... 25c

All shades, including tans, blacks, blues and castors, slightly soiled.

Ladies' 50c Lisle Thread Gloves..... 25c

3-clasps, all shades and sizes.

Children's 15c Wool Mittens..... 5c

All sizes.

Ladies' 25c Fleece Camisole

Gloves..... 15c

Third shipment of that New Crave, "The London Smoke Gloves."

Heavy manilla effects, stitched in white and worn \$1.00 at No.

All This Season's Dress Goods Nearly and Less Than Half Price.

Rice, Stix & Co., St. Louis' Great Wholesale House

Are credited with carrying the largest stock of Imported and Domestic Dress Goods in the West, and as they cut patterns of fine goods for their customers they have left at end of season pieces ranging from 3 to 12 yards. At a great loss to Rice, Stix & Co. The Meyer Store bought all of these ends, comprising

Almost Every Kind of Woolen Dress Goods

Imported for this fall's wear—not a yard cost Rice, Stix & Co. less than 50c and much up to \$2.00, yet The Meyer Store divides the 10,000 yards into four lots, at.....

69c, 59c, 49c and 39c a yard

It will be almost impossible to mail samples. Write for kind of material and color wanted and if what we send is not wanted, return it—but write quick.

Wall Paper.

Monday we will start an end-of-the-season sale, during which we will sell all of our 15c and 30c Gold Papers..... 12½c

This includes the latest colorings of reds, blues and green.

ALL 15c AND 20c GILT AND EMBOSSER PAPERS..... 5c

ALL AND 10c PAPERS..... 5c

We make estimates and take contracts for paper hanging and decorating.

New Laces.

SOME OF THE CHOICEST BITS ENUMERATED HERE WERE FOUR WEEKS AGO DOING DUTY AS SAMPLES IN A NEW YORK IMPORTER'S OFFICE. THE MEYER STORE BOUGHT THEM AWAY DOWN, AND ARE SELLING THEM AT TYPICAL "SAMPLE" PRICES.

NUMBERLESS NEW EFFECTS IN VAL-
ENCIENNES AND MECKLIN LACE
HANDKERCHIEFS, 25c, 50c and..... \$1.00

HANDSOME PEND-
ANT COAT ORNA-
MENTS..... 17c, 75c, 19c and.... 10c

HANDSOME PEND-
ANT COAT ORNA-
MENTS..... 17c, 75c, 19c and.... 10c

HANDSOME PEND-
ANT COAT ORNA-<

FORECASTS ON ELECTION EVE IN CLOSE STATES

Result in Pennsylvania De-
pends on Philadelphia's
Vote.

COLER GAINS IN NEW YORK

OHIO DEMOCRATS HURT BY
JOHNSON'S PRESIDENTIAL
BOOM.

Republicans Have Hard Fight in In-
diana, but Will Do Well in Mary-
land, While Democrats Have
Delaware Congressman.

The Post-Dispatch has secured from the
doubtful states, and from those where pecu-
liar political conditions exist, statements
of the situation on the eve of election.

The reports that follow are in answer to
instructions to send the most accurate in-
formation obtainable, absolutely free from
bias or partisan influence.

During the past week the Democrats have
made gains in New York until now, Coler,
their candidate for governor, has a chance
of victory, though the Republican candidate,
Gov. Odell, is still confident. Undoubtedly
the conditions are favorable to him.

The Republicans, as usual, will carry Ohio. The McLean Democrats blame Mayor
Johnson's ambition to be President for
the dissipation of the chances they seemed
to have early in the campaign.

Delaware will go Democratic as to its one
congressman, and a factional fight will
probably give the party control of the leg-
islature, thus enabling it to choose two
senators. Whatever the result, Addicks
will be beaten.

Indiana is doubtful. Both sides claim
victory, but the Republicans have the
chance.

Pennsylvanians will beat Pennypacker badly for
governor of Pennsylvania outside of Philadel-
phia, but the Republican majority in
that city will probably insure the election
of Pennypacker.

In Wisconsin Lafollette will be re-elected
for governor, though by a reduced major-
ity. Many Democrats are supporting him.
The legislature will probably be controlled
by Senator Spooner, though Lafollette will
make a hard fight against his strongest
enemy.

The Illinois legislature will be favorable to
Hopkins, though Mason hopes to hold
the balance of power. The Democrats
probably will elect ten congressmen to the
Republicans' 15.

The Republicans will probably get five
of the six congressmen in Maryland.
Two Democrats have a chance to go to
Congress in Iowa.

INDIANA RESULT IN DOUBT.

Republicans, Though, Have a Shade
Best on the Outlook.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 1.—The result is in
doubt with the Republicans having, per-
haps, a shade the best of it. Their ad-
vantage arises from an increase in pop-
ulation, which, with their own, will
get, and a large importation of Republican
workmen into the gas belt.

With the growth of the related industries
there Indiana is now normally Republican
by a majority of from 3000 to 5000. The
doubt is due to the inability of the Repub-
licans to hold the balance of power.

It is predicted by the leaders of both
parties that there will be a falling off in
the vote of the Republicans from 50,000 to 100,000
votes, owing to the apathy that exists
generally, irrespective of party.

In this respect the Democrats have an
advantage over the Republicans, more regularly,
each side asserts it will win.

The Republicans concede that the Demo-
crats will make gains in the cities.

DEMOCRACY IN DELAWARE.

Party May Choose Two Senators to
Represent State.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 1.—Delaware
has no one congressman, and the man who
will be elected to that position on Tuesday
will be Henry A. Houston, a Democrat, for
the reason that both Republican factions
have chosen him.

The Republicans will elect the state trea-
surer and state auditor.

In the contest for the legislature it is
difficult to tell the exact condition of affairs,
but the defeat of Addicks for the
United States appears assured, as
the republicans will have enough to
defeat him, even though the Republicans
control the legislature.

It is not improbable that the Democrats
will control the legislature, in which case two
Democratic senators would be chosen.

DOUBT IN TWO IOWA DISTRICTS

After Decade, State May Send a Dem-
ocrat to Congress.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 1.—Although
Iowa has not sent a Democratic represen-
tative to Congress for a decade, the cam-
paign in five districts this year has de-
veloped extraordinary interest, and in at
least two of them the result promises to
be so close that it cannot safely be fore-
casted.

Judge M. J. Wade, the Democratic nomi-
nee in the Second district, is generally con-
ceded to have more than an even chance
against William Hoffman, the Republican
candidate, who is the favorite to win. The
Second is the normally the closest district in the state.

In the First district John E. Craig is wag-
ing a courageous and determined fight
against a strong and experienced opponent,
Thomas Hedges, who may be victorious
although the chances slightly favor Hedges.

In the Sixth district Congressman John
P. H. Johnson is in a difficult position in
his race for re-election, the fight for
the strongest opposition is in the person of John C. Rector, a man
of great ability. The district is filled with miners
and the result is doubtful, with the odds
slightly favoring Lacey.

John W. Hedges, Speaker Hender-
son's withdrawal caused a factional fight
which is handicapping Judge B. P. Hedges
in his successor. He has a chance,
though not a probability, that former Gov.
Horace Bond will defeat him.

OHIO FOR REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Johnson's Presidential Ambition Will
Defeat Democratic Ticket.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 1.—George B.
Cox, the Republican leader, freely predicts
the defeat of the Democratic party in Cincin-
nati county. Johnson's home, and insists
that the Republican plurality in the state
now is so great.

Anglophones recall the failure
in the registration in the Demo-
cratic wards and talk of 10,000 Republi-
can voters. H. S. Bigelow of this city, the
leading Anglophone candidate, says he
gives up hope of carrying the city
because of a natural Republican
and militant organization.

Democratic landslide would be probable in
this year if Johnson had not succeeded
in his Presidential fight, and directed his
presidential aspirations into the campaign.

Johnson's offer of a three-cent fare for
Cincinnati has won for him many friends.
The Johnson wing of the party has taken
the local management out of Bernard's
hands and he views the outlook as uncertain.
The party has little campaign literature
and lacks funds and very little campaign
literature has been distributed. The Rev.
J. F. Below, friend of the late Senator, says
the campaign in fact has
been a very mild one. Anathy
seems to be in complete charge. The times
are bad and the public will offset considerable
of the culling done by Republicans who oppose
him. There is no betting. Republicans
claim they have money to bet, but
none is put up.

WISCONSIN FIGHT A FACTOR.
But Republican Factionalism Will Not
Beat Lafollette.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 1.—In spite of
the factional war waged within the Re-
publican party for the past two years, and
still on, its ticket will be elected on Tues-
day. Two years ago Gov. Lafollette went in
about 40,000. It might have been much
lower, but Lafollette will get a large Dem-
ocratic vote to offset considerable of the
culling done by Republicans who oppose
him. The next legislature will probably be Re-

publican by a safe majority and will no
doubt re-elect John C. Spooner to the United
States Senate to meet Lafollette in a fight that has already
been launched against him. For two years
he has opposed the government and
Spooner, however, seems to have a hold on
here, and it is not likely that all of the
Democrats will support him.

The congressional delegation seems to be
in doubt. The Republicans claim the
Democrats will be re-elected this year.

ILLINOIS SAFELY REPUBLICAN.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Illinois will give the

Republican state ticket a plurality of 50,000.

The legislature, which elects a successor
to Senator T. C. Tracy, will be close. The indi-
cation is that the Democratic candidate by 12 or
15 votes. Senator Mason, though
by Congressman A. J. Hopkins on an in-
struction basis, may hold the balance of power.

The new congressional districts have
been added and of the new delegation of 26
Congressmen, Republicans will elect 15 and
Democrats 11.

The Democrats are certain of the Fourth,
Fifth and Eighth, with good chances in
the Sixth and Ninth, all in Chicago.

In the 15th, Woodrow B. Darden is suc-
cessful. J. D. Darden on the ticket and is
making a great campaign. The Demo-
crats will carry the Twentieth, Twenty-

first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and
have a good chance in the Sixteenth and
Twenty-fifth, down in the state.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS ACTIVE.

Have Concentrated Energies in Fif-
teenth District, Their Only Hope.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 1.—Interest in
the election in Texas is centered almost
wholly in the cortex of the Fifteenth Con-
gressional District, as the Democrats have
a clear field for state offices and in the
other congressional districts.

The Fifteenth is the only one as to the re-
sult in the Fifteenth district, which em-
braces 22 counties lying along the border
and the gulf. The Democrats nominated
John C. Scott on the ticket and he is
carrying the Fifteenth.

The contest is very hot on the Fifteenth. The
vote in the districts is about one-third
Mexican, this element being very uncertain
politically.

The contest has assumed national impor-
tance because the local managers have re-
ceived help, financial and otherwise, from
the national organization, and every energy

has been bent toward increasing the
chances of the Republican candidate. If
Scott is elected he will be the only Repub-
lican member of the Texas congressional delega-
tion.

Another peculiar phase of the campaign
is that the Republicans have not even
one candidate in the state, which was
done a year ago and was permitted to make a dis-
trict to suit its own fancy. He fixed up
one that he thought was Democratic by
over 4000 majority.

Perfume a Medicine.

Modern perfume is returning to the old belief
that perfume has medicinal and health-giving
properties. Perhaps physicians say, the orientals
have known this for centuries. Perfume
avoids protracted life and enhanced beauty. Violets
is said to be especially valuable in its properties.
It is said to be especially valuable in its properties.
All the citrus scents, bergamot, neroli and
orange blossom water, are excellent. Lavender
and mild stimulants. Lavender water is also
very valuable to people of high-spirited
temperament. Jasmin tones and braces the system,
and in combination with neroli it is very highly
valuable. Rose water is also a good perfume.
It is to be observed that all these flowers scents
must be pure and derived directly from the
plant, the artificial imitations are brittle
and apt to be poisonous.

Attractive Inducements Nugent's

Great Sale of Dress Goods.

Main Floor.

Recent purchases from overstocked importers and man-
ufacturers at much less than early season's prices will be on
our counters this week as **Special Bargains**. In blacks as
well as colors our buyers have secured choice plums in
latest up-to-date dress goods for this week's offerings:

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

Seventy-five pieces Zibeline and Tartan
Plaids, worth 75¢ a yard, **12½c**

Striped Wool Waistings, never sold under
39¢ a yard, **25c**

Fifty pieces of 52-inch long-haired Zibeline,
all wool, worth \$1.75 a yard, **75c**

All-Wool Cheviot, 40 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Venetians, **39c**

All-Wool Albatross, **39c**

Plain All-Wool Venetians, 42 inches wide, **39c**

Plain All-Wool Cheviot, 46 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Albatross, **39c**

Plain Serges, 45 inches wide, **39c**

Plain French Cashmere, 40 inches wide, **39c**

Melton Cloth, 54 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Cheviot, 50 inches wide, **39c**

Heavy Storm Serge, 48 inches wide, **39c**

Broadcloth, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Granite Cloth, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Melton Cloth, 56 inches wide, **39c**

Crepe de Chine, 42 inches wide, **39c**

Kersey Cloth, in mixtures, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Melton Cloth, 56 inches wide, **39c**

Knickerbockers, 50 inches wide, **39c**

Plain All-Wool Venetians, 46 inches wide, **39c**

Plain All-Wool Granite Cloth, 50 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Broadcloth, 52 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Panama Cloth, 50 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Sheepskin Checks, black and white, **39c**

All-Wool Hopsacking, 50 inches wide, **39c**

All-Wool Canvas Cloth, 50 inches wide, **39c**

Melton Cloth, 56 inches wide, **39c**

Tailor Venetian Cloth, 54 inches wide, **39c**

Heavy Panama Cloth, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Mohair Zibeline, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Sweat Trousers, 54 inches wide, **39c**

Snowflake Suitings, 54 inches wide, **39c**

Broadcloth, 52 inches wide, **39c**

Etoileen Cloth, silk and wool, 45 inches wide, **39c**

A SILK SALE

(Main Floor.)

268 pieces of Silks, good Silks, the best plain black

Dress Silks, plain colored Silks and fancy Silks, thirty-four
lots in all, purchased from an overstocked manufacturer
for about 50 cents on the dollar and offered Monday as
follows:

50¢ Color Satins, 19 inches wide, all colors, **29c**

40¢ White China Habutai, that will launder nicely, **29c**</p

PHOTOGRAPHS ON PAINTERS' CANVAS

METHOD BY WHICH REPRODUCTION OF SUBJECTS IS REDUCED TO THE MINIMUM OF WORK.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)
PARIS, Nov. 1.—Artist Bechard, a pupil and friend of Cabanel, has discovered a method by which he can reproduce any subject by photography on painters' canvas, reducing to the minimum the difficult art of painting reproductions. No one has been able to do it hitherto, because the canvas is coated with white lead and fatty substances.

By using a photograph of the picture on several occasions of spending weeks, perhaps months, in work, the original outline is obviated, as the shading is faithfully reproduced with the outline by the camera and only the colors have to be filled in. The reproduction of a painting like, for example, "Le Poete," in the Luxembourg, could not be finished in less than four weeks by an artist of average talent. But by photographing the picture on canvas and afterwards painting in colors the whole can be completed in eight days, and, it is claimed, in equally good style.

BOER CHILDREN TAUGHT TO HATE

GENERATION GROWING UP THAT WILL GIVE BRITISH MORE TROUBLE THAN PRESENT ONE.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, Nov. 1.—The chasm between the Boers and the British is growing wider. All the Dutch women and children in the Cape Colony wear the Transvaal colors. A generation is being raised up which will be more difficult to handle than the present one.

The blacks have taken possession of the bulk of the Boer farms and refuse to hand them over to the repatriated owners. British officials invite the Boers to retake possession by force; but the latter decline to do so.

The disbanded colonial forces are thoroughly disaffected, owing to the nonfulfillment of the promises made by the authorities who enlisted them.

Insufficiency of native labor prevents the expected mining developments, while the mine owners have to face threats and heavy taxation for the war. The national scouts dare not venture outside the British military posts. Four were found one morning recently laid out dead at the foot of the Kruger monument in Pretoria. Their skulls split open.

BANDIT TRACY HAS A SPANISH DOUBLE

TORIBES TERRORIZES THE PEOPLE AND SETS THE POLICE AT DEFIAENCE IN THE MOUNTAINS OF GRAVIAS.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)
PARIS, Nov. 1.—Spain has a reincarnation of Tracy by the name of Toribes, who sets the police and people alike at defiance. Dispatches tell of his recent encounter in the mountains of Gravias with two gendarmes, who were out in pursuit of him. He outdistanced them, but noticing a peasant in the field took refuge behind him for a minute and settling his gun across the frightened man's shoulder fired one of the gendarmes, wounding him seriously.

He goes to and from the villages committing theft, and the gendarmes pursue him in vain. He even appears to have a double, but the false Toribes is no more to be caught than the real.

The governor of the province has offered 200 pesetas for his capture.

We don't think you ever saw living horses and living riders in a Dry Goods Show Window in all your life before!! We are sure you did not!! You may now see this very thing in the windows of the CRAWFORD STORE for a few days, in honor of the Horse Show, an event you may never see again!!

KNABE PIANOS

"SEE THE SEE SEE LEE ANN"

are the artistic instruments of the age. Established in 1877, they took the lead, which is still held, in the manufacture of pianos as the years roll round.

THE NAME KNABE TELLS IT.

When you have a KNABE, you have the best; and when you have a

CECILIAN

you can play it like the greatest artists. You are requested to call this week.

John F. Knabe & Son,
1116 OLIVE STREET.

HIRSCH' Hair Dressing Parlors
MIRRORED-JACQUARD BLDG.
Room 201, 2nd Floor, 11th Street, 2d Floor.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S MANICURING.

RUPTURE

KING LIVING VERY QUIETLY IN UNDER A SEVERE REGIMENT AND HAS CANCELED SEVERAL DINNER PARTY INVITATIONS.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, Nov. 1.—King Edward has been living very quietly since his return to London. Several private dinner parties which friends had arranged for him have been cancelled. He is again under a severe regimen. At the Guild Hall luncheon he ate nothing but a little chicken and some specially prepared biscuits of his own. He walks little, rises from a sitting posture with evident effort, does not look well, and his spirits show signs of flagging. There undoubtedly is much concern among his associates at these symptoms.

Will Talk of the Scots.—On the evening of Thursday, Nov. 6, there will be an entertainment in St. Mark's Episcopal

BARON TSSINSKI WAS LUCKY IN SPITE OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CLUB.

Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)
PARIS, Nov. 1.—Baron Tssinski, of Lemberg, cashier of the state railway, being unable to live on a large scale with his salary, diverted into his own pocket considerable sums, which he spent in riotous living. When left with only \$50 he bought a ticket for Monte Carlo and won \$50,000. Then he sent \$15,000 to Lemberg, with a note explaining the situation. His defalcation only amounted to \$14,000, but he said he sent the extra thousand for

the Lemberg poor.

Will Talk of the Scots.—On the evening of Thursday, Nov. 6, there will be an entertainment in St. Mark's Episcopal

Church, Fortieth and Washington streets, in connection with the Young Men's Club. Dr. William Smith will deliver an oration upon "A Visit to the Land of Burns and Scott," while Mr. William M. Porteous will render several Scottish songs. Refreshments will be served.

YOUNG CORBETT ARRESTED.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 1.—"Young Corbett" was arrested in Unionville tonight by Constable Horrell at the request of Sheriff Rigney of Waterbury, who arrived here later with a warrant. Sheriff Rigney will probably take Corbett to Waterbury tomorrow morning.

William Crowley, manager of the Waterbury Athletic Club, who told of the

PARIS ENTERTAINS KINGS IN OFFICIAL CAPACITY, BUT PORTUGUESE MONARCH TRAVELS AS COUNT OF BARCELLOS.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Paris has recently entertained two monarchs as its guests—one incognito, the King of Portugal; the other in his official capacity, the King of Greece. A grand dinner in honor of the latter was given at the Palais de l'Elysée. The great hall of the palace opening on Avenue Morigny was decorated with the Gobelin tapestries of the "History of Esther" for the occasion. At table the King, seated opposite Mr. Loubet, had at his right Mrs. Loubet, dressed in a marvelous

white brocade spangled with gold, at his left Mrs. Delanois, wife of the minister of foreign affairs.

The King of Portugal, who stopped at the Hotel Bristol, traveled under the pseudonym of Count of Barcellos, an ancient title of the House of Braganza.

KAI SER TO PROMOTE Y. M. C. A.

GERMAN RULER EXPRESSED ADMIRATION FOR IT TO AMERICAN.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Emperor William today received James Stokes of New York in audience at the Potzdam Palace. Mr. Stokes, who is well known in connection with the great interest which he takes in the Young Men's Christian Association in America, was received with great cordiality.

He is accompanied by his son, Capt. George Roland, star quarterback, who are in

the International competition at the methods of foreign affairs.

The Emperor is movement and said it in Germany.

respect for President

to Mayor Low's dict

Penny Defeated

ANNAPOLIS, Md.—Maryland State College

defeated the Naval Academy

by a score of 6 to 0. The game was not decided until the last

quarter, when the game was won by the

Navy, 6 to 0.

STAR, Capt. Roland, and

of halves, 25 and 15 minutes.

OF

FOR

OF

RESURAL • SPORTING • NEWS • OF • ALL • THE • WORLD

22,000 PEG SEASON CLOSED SAW 'MOST SUCCESSFUL'

SHILLION DOLLARS Given in Purse and Stakes
by Owners of Thoroughbreds at Three Tracks
Since Last May.

One BY R. D. WALSH.

In this vicinity for the season of
the Fair was brought to a close at the Fair
last Friday. All things consider-

ed it was the most successful season

enjoyed by local patrons of the sport.

The campaign opened last July when

they were transferred to the new Delmar

track. Here the sport flourished until

Aug. 15 when Kinney and his men

came to the Fair Grounds and ran Sept.

1 and the Fair Grounds took up the sport

again October 1.

Over \$22,000 was distributed among the

horse owners in stakes and purses at the

three tracks. The Fair Grounds and Del-

mar had the lion's share.

Both these tracks gave away

valuable stakes and their daily offer-

ings compared favorably with the

purse money up by the Chicago and New

York tracks.

Judge Brady presided all over the

meetings and Delmar and his deci-

sions gave satisfaction to the horsemen and

the public. Mr. Brady was able assisted

all season by his two competent associates

Pat O'Brien and John J. Hayes.

The latter gentleman is also entitled to

credit for the excellent manner in which

the races were conditioned and han-

dled.

Another bright particular feature of the

sport at the two local tracks was the

success of the special stables.

A. Dade. His percentage of good starts is far

ahead of any other start in this country

during the recent racing season.

Dade is extremely popular with horse

owners, trainers and jockeys.

Dade's Starting Has

Brought a Revelation.

His starting this season has been a re-

velation to even his friends. Prior to becoming

a starter at the Fair Grounds Mr. Dade

had been a jockey in the stable of

John Schreiber, the owner of the

most successful stable in the country.

Mr. Schreiber is a St. Louisian, and it is

eminently proper and fitting that he should

be the first to win the Fair.

Ortis' victory in the St. Louis Derby at

the Fair Grounds last June is chiefly re-

sponsible for the great success of the

stables at the Fair Grounds.

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at the Fair Grounds last year and this season

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RESULTS AND DETAILS OF YESTERDAY'S FOOTBALL GAMES

22,000 PERSONS SAW MICHIGAN BEAT BADGERS

One of the Over Crowded Stands in Marshall Field Collapsed and 32 Spectators Were Injured.

THE FINAL SCORE WAS 6 TO 0

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Before a crowd so densely packed that it was found necessary to close the gates of Marshall field, the battle for football supremacy between Michigan and Wisconsin was fought out today, and Michigan won, 6 to 0.

It had been years since such a crowd had been attracted to a football game in the west, and the inadequacy of the accommodations of Marshall field for such a crowd—the attendance is estimated at 22,000—resulted in an accident in which several persons were hurt.

At the northeast corner of the grounds one of the temporary grandstands, hastily erected to accommodate 400 people, crowded beyond its capacity, fell with a crash.

The severely injured are: F. E. Gross, Chicago, spinal; Mr. Ray, Palmer House, Chicago, injured about head and legs; Harry Brittain, internal injuries and wrist broken.

The slightly injured are: Charles B. Krueger, Chicago, ankle sprained; Dr. F. X. Waugh, scalp wounds; unknown man, sprained knee; Sherman Halbert, Winona, bruised; William Wilson, Chicago, wrist and ankle sprained.

A dozen or more received small cuts and scratches.

THOUSANDS TURNED AWAY.

For ten minutes, while order was being brought out of the resultant confusion the game ceased. Manager Barteltz, who made arrangements for the game, immediately gave orders that no more tickets should be sold. Those who already had tickets were admitted. One man who was turned away was willing to offer \$20 for a ticket, but the fortunate holder of an coveted pasteboard refused without a moment's hesitation. Thousands were turned away.

Wisconsin was represented by about 200 "rookies" and Michigan by about the same number.

Michigan won the toss. Abbott kicked off to Riddell on the 25-yard line, who returned 20 yards. Jones made first down on straight line. Hester ran 10 yards and then 15 yards. Terrell ploughing carried the ball to Wisconsin's 45-yard line, Jones carrying the ball back.

Jones seemed a human battering ram. The ball was jammed through tackle to Wisconsin's 35-yard line where Herrnstein was stopped. It was 15 yards from goal.

Hester made a touchdown after three minutes of play. Sweeley kicked goal.

Both Michigan's and Wisconsin's teams played well. Hester and Sweeley were the players. Palmer went through for five yards. Hester captured three yards. Palmer took four.

Wisconsin was being pushed steadily back and the ball was soon in the center of the field again.

Michigan and Jones made the necessary gain through right tackle. Hester hit right tackle for five yards and followed with three more. Redden took three and Palmer made a first touchdown, the ball being on Wisconsin's 30-yard line.

Michigan lost the ball for holdings. Vandenberg made a gain in the end zone on a straight buck and an attempt at Redden met with a loss. Wisconsin punted to Michigan's 40-yard line. In the second out of bounds, Michigan then renewed smacking tackle and in a minute had the ball in the center of the field again. So far Wisconsin has been most energetic against the fierce line bucking, although attempts to round Wisconsin's end could score.

The first half closed with the ball in Wisconsin's possession on Wisconsin's 10, the latter having held the ball. Score, first half: Michigan, 6; Wisconsin, 0.

SWEELY PUNTED.

Sweeley punted to Wisconsin's 45-yard line and Jones returned 7 yards. Vandenberg made 11 yards. Long went through Gregory.

Jones tried to circle Redden and lost two yards. Driver punted to Michigan's 35-yard line. Sweeley was dropped on the spot. Hester and Herrnstein battered the ball to Wisconsin's 20-yard line. McGehee made a gain of 10 yards. Wisconsin got out of bounds at Wisconsin's 20-yard line.

Driver punted to Michigan's 5-yard line, but the ball was out of bounds. Wisconsin's 10-yard line. Sweeley made 7 yards and then punted ball to Michigan's 35-yard line.

Michigan was piling furiously, and Michigan held and Driver punted out of bounds at the center of the field. Wisconsin's 20-yard line. Vandenberg made 12 yards. Long went through Gregory.

Jones tried to circle Redden and lost two yards. Driver punted to Michigan's 35-yard line. Sweeley was dropped on the spot. Hester and Herrnstein battered the ball to Wisconsin's 20-yard line.

McGehee made a gain of 10 yards. Wisconsin got out of bounds at Wisconsin's 20-yard line.

Driver punted to Weeks, who was tackled prematurely and Wisconsin was penalized 15 yards. Michigan claimed a free kick for a foul on the referee claiming that the foul was being called for a kick. The claim was allowed, but this attempt, like the others, met with failure.

Weeks punted to Michigan's 25-yard line. Lawrence bucks center to no effect. Time was called with the ball in Michigan's possession on her 20-yard line. Score, second half—Michigan, 6; Wisconsin, 0.

The line-up:

West Point. Positions. Yale.

Wisconsin. Left end, Williamson (Fitter);

Left tackle, Abbott; Left guard, Kinner;

Center, Glass; Right guard, Thompson;

Right tackle, C. S. Graves;

Shannon; Hackett (Nicholas); Chadwick (Capt.); Right half, Torsky;

Fullback, Bowmen (Farmer); Tackler, Umpire—Mr. McCracken, University; Pennsylvania Referee—Mr. Langford, Trinity; Penn—Mr. Fox for Yale, Mr. Arthur for West Point.

SMITH OUTCLASSED PLUCKY MANUAL

For the First Ten Minutes Training School Rooters Felt Encouraged.

Outweighed, outplayed, in general outclassed, but plucky to the core, Manual Training school went down in ignominious defeat before Smith Academy in the first game of the Interscholastic League football championship series at Pastime Park Saturday afternoon. The score was 34 to 0.

For the first 10 minutes in the first half the Manual rooters had a chance to cheer. Captain Johnson, their speedy back, tore through the Smith line for substantial gain. Then, with the ball on their 40-yard line, he went to Smith on downs. Manual held her burly opponents for several minutes of fast, desperate play and Krutzsch found an opening on the left end, his inside sweep the Manual line through their feet, and he fell twice in the line for a touchdown. Curby kicked goal.

After the second kickoff the Smith boys fought hard, made a brilliant tackle, followed it up with another, finally startling Still Smith on down the field and with only a minute to play Arnhelter was unable to get the ball past the Manual line. The final kick was good and the score was 24 to 0.

Overweighted by an average of 14 pounds, and with its speed neutralized on a muddy field, the eleven of Coach Todd played the Osteopaths to a score of 2 to 17 in favor of the visitors.

But for Fullback Riordan of C. B. C. the score would have been 24 to 0, and for the writhed fumbling of the visitors might have been much greater than it was.

Riordan's performance was the most wonderful exhibition of goal kicking ever witnessed on a local gridiron. More than that, it was the record for consecutive place kicks in the great game of college football.

Four times during the 55 minutes of the game Riordan kicked goals from the field with the ball in his hands. Once the score was 17 to 0, the ball was passed to him, he held it, and the C. B. C. fullback would have officially tied it.

Then the Riordan's goals were beyond the 35-yard line, the only easy one being the first, which was made from 12 yards. A record.

The annals of football have four place goals from the field been made by the Osteopaths.

As the most commendable feature of the work of the local team was its pluck and determined stand in the face of heavy odds.

The Osteopaths' light backs were impetuous and their pugnacious backs were absolutely impetuous to the attacks of the C. B. C. backs and C. B. C. was almost always forced to punt three times to get the ball past the Manual line.

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YOUR
EYE

Should carefully scan to-day's want pages in search of any announcement intended perhaps for you and you only.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

YOUR
HAND

Should write an advertisement for the Post-Dispatch want columns if there's anything wanting about your home.

PART THREE

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1902.

PAGES 1-10 B.

SIMON LAKE'S NEW TERROR OF THE SEA

WHICH SIDE WILL WIN CONGRESS

Torpedo Boat That Travels on Ocean's Bottom.

CAN DESTROY BATTLESHIP

THE LITTLE FIGHTER IS ONLY 65 FEET IN LENGTH.

Naval Experts Agree That This Product of an Inventor May Again Revolutionize the Way of Fighting on the Water.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 1.—A new type of sea fighter was launched here today which, if it fulfills the expectations of its inventor, will, it is claimed by naval experts, revolutionize naval warfare as now conducted.

The boat is known as the Lake Torpedo boat.

The inventor of the "Protector" is Simon Lake, who is also the president of the company which is manufacturing under the law of New Jersey at \$100,000.

The little fighter is 65 feet long. The principal features claimed for this boat, and named in the patent of its importance, as held by the inventor, are these: Means for traveling on the bottom; it was invented for that purpose.

Means to enable divers to readily leave and enter the vessel while submerged without water entering the vessel.

Automatic device for preserving the trim of the vessel when submerged.

Capacity of being lowered accurately on long courses when submerged, due to the necessity of frequently coming to the surface to correct the same.

Automatic control of the depth of submersion.

Means whereby the vessel may be guided toward or away from an enemy while submerged without exposure of position.

Adaptability for the cutting and destroying of cables and mine defences.

A water-tight superstructure which gives ample deck room, large surface buoyancy, sufficient free board to make her seaworthy and also furnishes sufficient fuel storage capacity to enable the vessel to make long voyages.

The boat is to be built submerged and at the same time receive an abundance of pure air in its natural displacement.

From the time of the crew in case of total dismemberment.

Means for recharging the storage batteries while submerged.

Each boat can be built for between \$100,000 and \$150,000 and naval experts admit that if she is a success, and does what her inventor claims, she will be one of the greatest armored cruisers and battleships, costing five or six millions of dollars.

It is said that one of these sort could wipe out a fleet in short order, and there would be no way to locate and capture her.

The Protector will be given trial in Long Island Sound off this harbor. After that the boat will go to Washington to be inspected by the government authorities.

CELTIC CROSS UNVEILING

Interesting Ceremonies Will Mark the Event at Calvary Cemetery Today.

The Irish Nationalists will unveil their new monument, the Celtic cross, in Calvary cemetery this afternoon. The procession will start from Florissant avenue gate at 2:30 p.m. Rev. Timothy Denney will serve as master of ceremonies. The general program will be under the direction of Prof. Louis Dubuque. Addresses will be made by Wright, John H. Flynn, Judge O'Neill Ryan and P. W. Tally. John S. Leahy will recite "The Flag Beside the Cross," and R. A. Bacon will sing "The Hallelujah Chorus."

After the dedication one hundred children from St. Mary's orphan asylum will sing "Calvary."

UNIVERSITY TO HAVE A BAND

Students at Washington Have Organized and Will Soon Furnish Good Music.

Washington University is to have a band for the first time. The students of the university have organized one, which will play at all college functions when the members have become proficient enough.

The band was organized Thursday night with the following members: Horton, Hodges, Noland, George, and Edward; Moore, alto; Steiner, tenor; Lebold, bass; tone; Thomas and Rosina: Nutz, snare drum; Fuller, bass drum; Rawlings and Nelson, tuba; Thompson, trumpet; and Noland, cello; clarinets; Thompson, alto; Bolton, trombone.

Most of the members are students in the medical and dental departments. The movement was started by Noland, George and Horton. Horton is to be the director. Classes are to be held every week at the medical college for practice.

HOT TIME MINSTREL SHOW

The Popular Organization Is Getting Ready for Its Next Entertainment.

The Hot Time minstrels will give their annual musical entertainment for the benefit of the Mothers' and Babies' Home at the Odeon Monday evening, Dec. 1. According to the talented young gentlemen who are arranging this popular society function, the program will be better and brighter this year than at any previous performance.

Special efforts have been made to secure the prettiest new music of the season and a brilliant production in the comedy line are also being prepared.

Although the date of the production is not yet fixed, the热时间 minstrels on the musical portion of the program have been in progress for three weeks. H. N. Fooppeing is in charge of the music and the show is to be held every week at the medical college for practice.

GOING TO SOUTH AMERICA

Lotte Fuller to Emulate Rejane, Accompanied by Her Friend, Sada Yacco, the Japanese Tragedienne.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

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PARIS, Nov. 1.—Lotte Fuller, who is just closing an engagement at the Casino de Paris, is preparing to sail for South America on a tour similar to that just ended by Rejane. The clever American dancer will be accompanied by her friend, Sada Yacco, a celebrated Japanese tragedienne, and the latter's husband, Kawakami.

The Hot Time minstrels for this season are: Tom Phipps, Dawaye A. Hickey, Edgar C. Lockland, Jr., Wallace C. Niedringhaus, Stephen A. Martin, Williamson, W. H. Hines, John A. Dauer, W. V. Carlander, John A. Rohan, James E. Stanley, George C. Carris, George M. Davis, Fred G. Johnson, and Arthur Lieber. Lucian Jones, Joseph Deamer, William W. Prosser, George Taylor, Will Ross, Lewis C. Pitt, Fred Taylor, and W. E. Stander and H. Fred Peppings.

The sets of seats will be opened again for seating at Bellman Bros., 100 Olive Street.

THE MAN WHO WILL SUCCEED GEN. MILES AS HEAD OF THE AMERICAN ARMY, GEN. YOUNG IS A VETERAN OF FOUR WARS

Torpedo Boat That Travels on Ocean's Bottom.

CAN DESTROY BATTLESHIP

THE LITTLE FIGHTER IS ONLY 65 FEET IN LENGTH.

Naval Experts Agree That This Product of an Inventor May Again Revolutionize the Way of Fighting on the Water.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Gen. Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio, the statistician of the administration, has given his estimate of the results of the coming congressional elections. He says his figures are all right, but that he feels less confidence in them than he ever felt before in the accuracy of his estimates.

The general says that the next House will be:

Republicans, 212.

Democrats, 170.

With Colorado's three and Idaho's one doubtful.

The Democrats have not given out an official estimate, but it is known that their figures are:

Democrats, 187.

Republicans, 158.

Doubtful, 49.

Gen. Grosvenor's detailed statement follows:

"In the states that may be considered solidly Democratic, there will be sold

"Alabama, 9; Louisiana, 4; Florida, 3;

Georgia, 11; Arkansas, 7; Mississippi, 8;

Total, 78.

To Delaware, 1; Nevada, 1; Total, 2.

"There is a bare doubt on the subject of Colorado.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER. Published by
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO., 210-12 N. Broadway.

Sunday Post-Dispatch
NET
CIRCULATION

FOR THE MONTH OF
OCTOBER

October 5	-	180,546*
October 12	-	182,689
October 19	-	183,519
October 26	-	184,934

Largest NET Circulation West of the Mississippi by 80,000

There is not a criminal majority in St. Louis. Are we to be ruled by a criminal minority?

Secretary Shaw's conscience is not so hot as Senator Hoar's or as warm as that of Gov. Cummins.

Happy is the man who can live on potatoes and turnips and carrots. His food cannot be adulterated.

Some salt trust officers have been indicted in California and we may therefore look for a pinch of salt men.

What will happen if a time shall come when the Secretary of the Treasury cannot release \$100,000,000 to save Wall street?

FOOLERY IN SPAIN.

Anybody can build castles in Spain, but you can't set up house-keeping unless you have a doctor's certificate that you are in perfect health.

A law just passed enacts that couples who marry must be in good health, the fact to be ascertained and attested by a physician.

Here in America we are strictly up to date. In Spain they run before the cart to market. In the United States the microbes are here and now. In Spain they worship microbes yet unborn. Here we fight the microbes when he appears, but until he appears we live and try to live. There they will not permit persons to live, if they can prevent it; if there is any reason to fear that they will be liable to assault and battery by the little demons. If they can prevent it.

Doctors, busy in the ministry of death, forget that mother nature is busy in the ministry of life. And not all the doctors on earth, terrified by the invisible phantoms of fear, nor all the lawmakers of Christendom can set at naught the will of nature or make void her word.

Her will is the will to live and in spite of microbes and statutes it prevails.

The Spanish doctrinaires cannot stop the clock. It is too late to set up fear of a future evil against a plain affirmation of good. King Fear is sickly on his throne. He is getting sicker and sicker. His authority is flouted openly by the children of life, whose numbers increase day by day. In the near future he will be sent to the limbo of forgetfulness.

In that day men will live their lives in health and peace as mother nature wills, and the pearly gates will not be closed against babies who want to come down to earth, by doctors and lawyers who imagine they can upset the creator's law that man shall not live alone.

Honesty is the best policy. Two suicides have come of the tax frauds in Chicago and the story is not yet complete.

PAPA RULED OUT.

Mrs. Henry Hastings, president of the New York City Mothers' Club, has been telling the public how children should be governed. She says:

"In the strenuous American existence the father has little time to devote to the study of his offspring's mind and the responsibility falls upon the mother."

"Next to the child's mother stands his teacher, and for this reason we have a number of unmarried women interested in the Mothers' Club."

This ruler papa out. Hereafter he may go home and smoke his pipe or cigar in peace, without any anxiety for what is going on in the nursery or other part of the house where the children happen to be. If mamma finds the job of keeping order too much for her, and calls upon him for aid, he is authorized to refer her to Mrs. Hastings, and request her to send for the teacher, who is next in authority.

We are bound to stand by the organization. The mother, as head, must make the youngsters behave. Failing to do so, she must call in the school teacher. This new authority in family affairs cannot be ignored, any more than the governor of a state can ignore the sheriff.

In case the teacher happens to be down at the theater, or in bed, papa may perhaps be allowed to do a little spanking. But the children will very properly resent it. They will object to be turned over to the government of a mere underling.

How much will the farmer get for his cattle when the stockyards and the packing interests are combined, and what may not happen to the meat eaters?

WHALE PARTIES FOR THE FOUR HUNDRED.

Copper King Lawson has killed a whale. As a mammoth finner, nearly 70 feet long—in all respects worthy of the steel of an American king of finance and leader of society.

Although this whale was killed from the deck of a palatial yacht, equipped with almost every conceivable device, an improvement can be suggested to make the sport of whale hunting "pan out" better for the diversion of the financial princes and the Four Hundred.

Instead of slaughtering the whales why not bring them to land, in tow of the palatial yachts? A captive whale would afford a bigger and more enduring sensation than Harry Lehr has yet invented. With a specially constructed tank, dining tables could be set around so as to have Mr. Whale in the midst of the distinguished company, who could view his antics while dining and wining, with the chance of an occasional wetting when the fins back happened to slip his tail. This would beat monkey parties hollow. Why not try it?

It is well for the Boers to buy Missouri mules and resume their farming operations in South Africa, but how much better it would be for them if they were to come to the native health of the mule and get advantage of mule and soil at the same time.

IS HONESTY NATURAL?

Is honesty born in us, and do we practice it because it is right, or do we acquire it later and use it only because it is "the best policy?"

The other day a little girl—she could not have been more than seven years old—walked from the elevator into the circulation department of the Post-Dispatch. She was downcast, in her childish way, and seemed to be in real trouble. Under one arm she carried a book. She looked in an appealing way at one of the men.

"What is it, little girl?" he inquired. "I have brought you back your book," she answered. "What book?" he said, not understanding. "Your sticker book," she replied.

He was explained. She had come to the circulation department of the Post-Dispatch. Sticker Books are the

received her book. The order was satisfactory on her part, but as she explained, "The lady found she couldn't take the paper, after she had promised me, so, after keeping the book for two days I brought it back and everybody else in our neighborhood takes it."

And her eyes filled with tears. "Keep the book, little girl," said the big man. "You have earned it. It is yours."

Yes, she brought it back, this dear, little, unsophisticated soul, because she felt that to keep it would be wrong, dearly as she prized it, hard as she had worked for it. She felt that the contract had not been carried out, and that therefore she was not entitled to the prize.

Will honesty ever be with her a policy?

"Confidence in the outlook for next year's business is a notable feature in the trade situation," says the Post-Dispatch. The railroads continue to earn big money and have so much freight that miles of cars cannot be moved. Dun reports that the improvement in the coal supply has restored activity in manufacturing.

CONTINUE THE IMPROVEMENT.

The progress made in St. Louis during the past two years can be continued and accelerated if citizens will vote on election day with strict reference to the city's needs, without partisan bias or personal prejudice.

The wonderful expansion of the business of St. Louis is visible on all sides to even the most superficial observer; municipal conditions, which went from bad to worse for years, have been substantially improved by the introduction of sane and honest business methods in public office; and the vigorous prosecution of bribe-takers has had a tonic effect upon the whole public service.

Now, how shall we carry the work of improvement forward and realize the dream of a new St. Louis?

It can be only through a plain, emphatic expression of public sentiment which must be pledged to back up every responsible public officer doing his duty and by the election of men whose careers and characters guarantee their co-operation in the good work.

The base of public administration is in this public sentiment. It is careless, selfish and unmindful of duty, the administration of public business will be loose and dishonest.

If it is vital, active, intelligent and vigilant, the public service will respond to and reflect these qualities in a sturdy and progressive administration.

It all goes back to the voters. Ziegelnheim and Butlerism are but the consequences of the voters' indifference or faults. A city gets the government it deserves. It is not by chance that this town has been robbed and disgraced by unworthy public servants. They would not have had the chance to do their unclean work had it not been allowed to fall to them through the neglect of the people.

The improvements of the past few months are symptoms of an awakened public conscience. Keep it up. Officials who know that they are watched will not go far astray. And a determination to watch will be signified by an intelligent vote for honest candidates, without reference to party affiliations.

With a London university professor declaring that the British flag is out of place on the American continent, the Canadians ought to perceive that it is time to give more consideration to the question of a union with the great republic. Annexation would give free trade and consequent prosperity to both Canada and the United States.

The busy Ethel Dickens, a granddaughter of Charles Dickens, has written as great a volume of literature as did her distinguished grandfather. She uses a typewriter exclusively.—News Notes.

The busy Ethel Dickens, a granddaughter of Charles Dickens, has written as great a volume of literature as did her distinguished grandfather. She uses a typewriter exclusively.—News Notes.

On account of our policy in the Philippines a Kansas minister is to fast three days and pray for the defeat of the Republican candidate for Congress, yet must have perceived that the prayers of the Boers, who also prayed hard and long, failed to change the British policy in South Africa.

The suicide of a man who had only \$4.57 and some pawn tickets was not because of his poverty, but because another man's wife would not sleep with him. But perhaps the other man's wife would not sleep with him because he had only \$4.57 and some pawn tickets.

It is gratifying to read that \$15,000,000 will be available for irrigation purposes next year. If the water in trust stocks could be made available for maintaining our arid lands, our area of fertile soil would be largely increased.

South Carolinians are building churches within three miles of distilleries and dispensaries, there being a state law providing that there shall be no distillery or dispensary within three miles of a church.

Should we entirely fail to obtain the Danish islands we may console ourselves with the fact that we have enough islands already to give us trouble for at least 50 years to come.

Twenty tons of sugar cane to the acre are reported in the vicinity of Moberly, Mo. There is hardly anything that cannot be done on Missouri soil.

The noise on the stump is not frightening the trusts. They feel safe in the hands of either party. A soft-coal combination with a capital of \$10,000,000 is forming in Pennsylvania.

It will be some time before we catch up with the civilization of New Zealand if Congress continues to fail to get a move on itself.

Increased resources for increased municipal needs and responsibilities is the slogan of the constitutional amendment campaign.

The generally weak Boston wool market is now reported to be strong. This is surely a sign of prosperity.

It looks as if a great deal of Alaska's gold is to come out of her tin mines.

POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

The little Indian born on a train coming into St. Louis seems not to have remained here to take part in the election.

The declaration of the London Lancet that women are anabolics and matabolic may drive both to drink—or the dictionary.

The Sultan of Turkey is reducing his harem expenses, but not the Sultan of Sulu, whose harem is maintained by our Uncle Samuel.

A liquor trade organ is denouncing the "average saloon" and an organ of the tobacco trade favors the prohibition of cigarette smoking. Whither are we drifting?

The business of painting our dogs in Paris and selling them to rich American women at \$50 each is flourishing. American women should stick to American pups and American husbands.

Not only has J. P. Morgan been defeated by Yerkes in London, but he really has depend largely upon the brains of other men in his great work of seizing the entire earth. The man is not born who can be wholly IT.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—Population of Ohio, 1900, 4,157,545.

MRS. C. J.—A letter addressed to the lady, New York, will reach her.

OLD READER.—Mr. Kruger was born at Rostenburg, Cape Colony, Oct. 10, 1852.

GOOD SUBSCRIBER.—No. Julius Lehman is not a member of the present House of Delegates.

READER.—There are no published rules about the employment of children. See manager.

MR. HEDDERMAN.—Born in this country are citizens, and otherwise qualified may vote.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—It depends upon the term of the Christian's papers made out in Havana. Better see the United States district attorney and state the exact facts to him.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—See editor for statement which you can probably get from book, however, from any book seller.

L. SCHLERNINGER.—Chinamen who die in this country are taken back to China. Sometimes years elapse, but their bones return to the home land. The only exceptions are of those who expire there.

WALTER ALDRIDGE.—We have no statistics of all the schools in the two states. In both the public school system prevails. Of course New York has a greater number than Kansas. According to the latest figures, Education, the schools and colleges of liberal arts in Kansas there are 30. The number of professors and teachers in these schools is 1,162. In New York is 1,622; pupils, 14,671; and Kansas professors and teachers, 442; pupils, 13,392.

The pupils enrolled in the New York public schools number 1,309,574, or 16.64 per cent of the population; in Kansas, 339,583, or 28.45 per cent of the population.

A Logical Sequel.

From the Los Angeles Herald.

One of the St. Louis councilmanic boddies, who is now serving a term in prison, announces his purpose to write a book, while in confinement, narrating his reminiscences of a city father. The book, if the book proves to be a success he will probably write a sequel entitled "Twenty Years in State Prison." If he gets his full deserts.

Interesting Freaks.

From the Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

With the Prince of Wales and the crown prince of Germany

and the St. Louis World's Fair, we "not open a department of novelties or novelties."

—WILLIS LEONARD CLARK.

What is honesty born in us, and do we practice it because it is right, or do we acquire it later and use it only because it is "the best policy?"

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Sunday Morning—ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH—NOVEMBER 2, 1902.

FAIRY TALE SERIES.

NO. 21.

THE POWER OF FAITH.

By Henry Van Dyke.

Faith is not a strange and far-away thing, which can only be explained to us by a revolution. It is a principle of common life. We exercise it every day. It is simply the confidence in something which is invisible: as the Apostle says, "It is the substance of our faith—of the faith of our explorers and discoverers—Columbus, who found the new world; the Pilgrim Fathers, who opened a new continent to civilization. Think of the faith of our men of science, Galileo, Kepler, Newton, Faraday, Henry. Think of the faith of our reformers—Wyatt, Luther, Knox. Think of the faith of the martyrs—Polycarp, Hus, Savonarola, the Covenanters of Scotland, the Huguenots of France. Faith is force, and those who grasp it lay hold of something which is able to make them mightier than themselves.

Let a man fasten himself to some great idea, some large truth, some noble cause, and he will stand by it, even in the affairs of this world, and it will send him forward with energy, with steadfastness, with confidence. This is what Emerson meant when he said, "Hitch your wagon to a star."

These are the qualities of their character, which are beyond the reach of your vision, every time you rely upon a law of nature in your action, upon a law of morality in your conduct, upon your exercise of faith. It is the condition of reason, of activity, of human society. "All politics and societies," says a wise observer, "have come into existence through the trust of men in each other," we may add, through their trust in unseen principles of equity, and in future results of prudence, and in One higher than themselves whom they could neither see nor name. Take away confidence in the invisible, and the whole fabric falls, crumbles and falls apart.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

The Fame of the Kellerstrass
Whisky Extends All Over
the United States.

That "a prophet is not without honor, save in his own country," has so often been verified in relation to persons and things in Kansas City, that it seems almost superfluous to call attention to it again, but the fact is, it has been so strikingly impressed upon a man from Kansas City his experience seems worth the telling. This man has just returned from the East, and while there he noticed that in every paper which he picked up there appeared the name of the Kellerstrass Distilling Company of this city. It always occupied a conspicuous place and was always telling about whisky. The man had heard the name often, here, and had used Kellerstrass whisky himself, but beyond the fact that the article was exceedingly good he knew practically nothing and had never taken the trouble to investigate. But the regularity with which the name greeted him every time he read a paper caused him to do a little investigating on his return to Kansas City, the result of which caused him to exclaim: "Who would have thought it?" Who would indeed when it is made known that here in Kansas City is a whisky house which has 320,000 regular customers scattered all over the United States, from Maine to California and from Florida to the northern limits of Minnesota. The mammoth scale upon which this company transacts business is truly in keeping with the progressive age in which we now live, and wins the admiration of everyone who appreciates the ability and perseverance necessary to develop such a business. The advertising of the company covers the entire country and the amount of money spent for this publicity is very large, amounting to an average daily expenditure of \$700. All the shipments of the company are prepaid and the express companies alone receive \$75,000 a year. The postage bill is enormous, the company using last year \$16,000 worth of postage stamps. These figures convey but vaguely an idea of the gigantic business done by this company. A year ago the company went into quarters of its own, but these proved too small and additional room has been secured at two different times and the company is again cramped for want of floor space. These are things to make even the enterprising Kansas City man think and it is only a wonder that more do not know of these facts and realize the immensity of the dealings of this house. The Kellerstrass Distilling Company owns and operates its own distillery and bottles its own whisky. There is no other such bottling plant in the United States. The building is located at Fourteenth street and Baltimore avenue, and the grade being very steep there it is enabled to take its whisky directly from the barrels in which it comes directly from the distillery and place the liquid in huge tanks on the top floor, although the teams may drive directly up to them. As soon as the whisky is poured into the tanks, a United States Government Agent seals and stamps them so that there is no possible chance for adulteration. From this time until it is poured into a glass by the consumer the whisky is never touched by human hands. The tanks being upon the top floor, the whisky runs down through troughs and tubes to the bottling machines, where it is placed in new bottles—for Kellerstrass never uses a bottle more than once—and is corked, sealed, stamped and turned out complete, without a hand touching it, the machines doing all the work automatically. There are three of these machines, each having a capacity of 18,000 bottles per day of 10 hours. That makes 54,000 quarts of whisky that this house turns out every twenty-four hours. The express companies are taxed to transport this great load every evening. Kellerstrass was the originator of the idea of selling whisky direct from the distillery to the consumer. He believed that the consumer would appreciate this plan as it would insure the purity of the whisky, there being no chance for adulteration by unscrupulous dealers. Not only this, but selling direct eliminates the middleman's profit, which in the whiskey business amounts to nearly as much as the original cost of the whisky. A whisky that can be sold by mail for \$3.15 per gallon would cost if purchased from the retailer at least \$5.00 per gallon. Kellerstrass is a mail order business that is something wonderful. Although this department of his business is only five years old, he moved it last year into his present fine building, 80x152, three stories high. This building was built according to the needs of the business at that time and the increase it was thought the business would make in the course of half a dozen years, when it was calculated, additional stories could be added. So rapidly did the business grow, however, the entire building was literally packed. The building just east the first one was leased for a warehouse. The relief afforded by this added floor space was only temporary, however, and before long the need for more room was urgent as ever. Arrangements were made for still another building adjoining the two already occupied, the dimensions this building being 70x140 and two stories high. From the present outlook it is but a question of a short time until the present buildings will be too small and it is the intention of the company to build additional stories to the first of the three buildings now in use. Any person of experience will at once realize that the phenomenal growth of the Kellerstrass Distilling Company is the result of practically a thing—the merit of their whisky. A temporary increase of any business may be attained by advertising, but unless the odds advertised are all that the consumer expects them to be this increase produces profitable business and will not last. The Kellerstrass company by selling whisky the highest grade, noted for its absolute purity and delicious flavor, hold all their old customers while securing new ones. With 320,000 satisfied customers to recommend and endorse them it is no wonder that business increases by leaps and bounds. The Kellerstrass Distilling Company was incorporated last month, the charter being received September 29. The company has \$100,000 capital and its net increase in business is 21 per cent a year. That shows that Kansas City business men can do when they get started. The firm of George & Sons, certified accountants, has just finished an examination of the company's books from the beginning, and has found that it is in excellent condition with an account for purchases on its books. Everything is bought for cash and paid at noon every day, the company figuring that every discount obtained by paying cash is so much profit. The report the accountants was so good the National Bank and the American National Bank gave the company permission use their names as references, and endorsed it in highest terms. It is interesting to look at the firm's list of orders for one year. They range from Florida to Oregon from California to New Hampshire and all the states in between. The whisky is sent out in plain packages, free of stampings or advertisements, and a man might be getting shoes for all his neighbors can tell, when he receives his four quarts of 20-year-old liquor. The fact the company has its own distillery is strong card with buyers, because they know that no distillery would send out cheap, adulterated goods under their own name. The Kellerstrass company could tamper with the whisky if they desired, for once it is in the great vats on the floor of the bottling works it is invisible. It shows through the bottles. Ernest Kellerstrass, the president of the company, believes in Kansas City and its industries. He buys all his bottles here, every one of which bears his own name. He also Kansas City made boxes and all other articles which he can procure here. In his office he has a fine case of his own distilled products, and one of the bottles is "full of sunbeams." The cleanliness, the dispatch and the cleverness with which all his goods are handled is one of great pride to Mr. Kellerstrass. He never fails to find delight in showing visitors through his immense plant. A force of employees necessary to run a business is a little army in itself. One of Mr. Kellerstrass' best friends is Kansas City's postmaster, because of the great quantity of stamps used, he money order business this house does is said to be the greatest in the state.

**Absolutely
..Pure..**

**NO MARKS OR
PACKAGE
TO INDICATE
CONTENTS.**

**"If
Kellerstrasse
Rye Whisk
Is Not
the Best
Why Do
Others Try
to Imitate
It?"**



\$20,000 GIVEN AWAY

Millions and Millions of Bottles Sold

Not One Dissatisfied Customer!

Kellerstrass' Rye Whisky

Read Our Special Offer:

Most Famous Whisky in America.

**Direct From a United States Registered Distiller
to Consumer**

Send Us Your Order for

4 FULL QUARTS OF 10-YEAR-OLD RYE \$3.15

And we will send you, ***free of charge***, two sample bottles—one twelve, one fifteen-year-old—Rye, a corkscrew and a gold-tipped whisky glass. We make this offer simply to get you to try the goods. We also have this same brand eight years old, which we will dispose of at \$2.50 per gallon, in lots of two or more gallons at one shipment. We also give sample bottles, glass and corkscrew with these goods. All our goods are put up in full quart bottles, and sent express prepaid. If goods are not satisfactory, return them at our expense and we will ***refund your money***. It is almost impossible to get pure whisky from dealers. These goods are shipped direct from the Distilling Company, which guarantees their purity and saves middleman's profit. We are the only Registered Distillers in America selling to consumers direct the entire product of "Our Registered Distillery;" others who claim to are only dealers buying and selling.

\$1000.00 OFFER.

R. W. JONES, JR., President,
J. MARTIN JONES, Vice-President

**UNITED STATES
DEPOSITORY**

G. B. GRAY, Cashier.
LAMAR ROSS, Ass't. Cashier.

The American National Bank OF KANSAS CITY, MO.

Nov. 4, 1901.

To Whom it may concern
This is to certify
COMPANY have this day de-
posited (\$1000.00) in Gold with
any one who will prove
drop of whisky taken ou-
right at their United S-
tates 6th District of Missouri
according to United States

We also authorize the above bank to return your money to you and charge the same to our account, if you find that we do not do just as we advertise. We have over three hundred and twenty thousand (320,000) customers in the United States, which ought to speak for itself. You can buy our whisky only through us, as we never sell to the wholesaler or jobber, shipping our entire product to consumer direct.

Special—We want 20,000 people to try our Whisky in the next 20 days, and we are going to spend \$20,000.00 to get this number of people to try it. Here is our proposition to readers of this paper: One gallon of our Ten-Year-Old Rye and one gallon of our Eight-Year-Old Rye would cost you \$5.65. Send us \$4.65 and this advertisement, showing that you read it in this paper, and we will send you the above two gallons of Whisky and four sample bottles, two glasses and two corkscrews.

REMEMBER, you must mail us the whole page advertisement and your letter not later than November 21st, 1902. Remember, this is the biggest Whisky ad that ever appeared in a newspaper in America; also, remember it is from the biggest Whisky House in America. You know us. We have advertised in this paper for years, but this offer will never appear again.

Kellerstrass Distilling Co.

REFERRANCES—ANY BANK OR EXPRESS COMPANY IN KANSAS CITY.

NOTE—Orders from Arizona, Colorado, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Florida, must call for twenty quarts ~~per quart~~.



applique of pale blue grapes and Malise lace. Mrs. Leahy's coat is an imported affair of sky blue doe skin with deep revers of Irish lace and ornaments with heavy cords of white satin, the toilette will be completed by a stunning hat of blue beaver with white plumes.

Mrs. Steer will wear an all black toilette of richly jetted net over louraine foundation, the long black duchess satin carriage coat is lined with white and richly embroidered in grapes. The hat is a rath-
er small flat with dahlia feathers and panne velvet.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Brown will entertain a party every night of the show, with the guests of Wednesday, when they will be the guests of the Bramhall-Robinson wedding in Mexico. Mrs. Brown will wear an exquisite gown of white broad-cloth, effectively trimmed with rich Irish lace and guipure ornaments, drops and cords. The hat worn with the gown will be a large flaring flat of ermoline with soft white plumes. The carriage coat is of black panne velvet with heavy cords and cut steel buttons.

Mr. and Mrs. Morton Jourdan and their pretty young daughter, Miss Byrd Jourdan, will have a party of friends from Kansas City with them in their box. Mrs. Jourdan will wear a creation of blue filmy material with applications of American lace panels. Her hat is a large, rounded pale blue felt decorated with white satin and velvet ribbon and a sweeping pale blue feather arched in the under brim.

Mrs. Jourdan's gown is a rich deep cream sateen, with touches of shell pink panne and Spanish jacket of Renaissance lace. Her coat is a handsome importation of pretty white satin, with deep cake color, richly ornamented with grapes and trailing vines in white, with a suggestion of black. With this Mrs. Jourdan will wear a picture hat of black beaver with plumes.

Mrs. Ralph Orthwein, who is always much admired, has had a number of beau-
tiful gowns made for this event.

Miss Agnes F. Stifel, one of the most stunning gowns of Monday evening, is of black silver spangled net over burnt orange silk and chiffon, with picture hat of Irish lace and ostrich feathers. Mrs. Wade will wear a beautiful crimson cape with stole ends and large mellow muff.

Mrs. Oliver Langen's coat will be a hand-
some affair of oyster gray cloth, with deep circular cap of duchesse lace.

Miss Besse Wheelen of Ann Arbor will be gowned in dove gray crepe de chine and Malise lace applique coat of white broad-
cloth, Irish lace and gun metal trimmings. Picture hat of gray, with long sweeping ostrich plumes.

Miss Lillian Rearden's gown is an im-
portation of cream pineapple tissue, with inset panels of malise lace over blouse silk. A Spanish jacket of blue net over an accordian pleated blouse, waist of cream chiffon, with crimp girdle of pompa-
dour silk ornamented with buttons of em-
broidery, with rose gold rims set in jewels.
A hat of white panne and drooping plumes
will top this charming toilette.

Mrs. Fred Nolker will be in a black can-
ton crepe with panels of cluny lace.

Mrs. Russell Gardner will appear in white Irish lace, over chiffon, an ermine hat with ruff and muff to match.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Luyties and a
party of Quincy friends will occupy a box
Monday and Friday evenings. Mrs. Luyties' gown is white lace with motifs of flowers. Her hat is of rich cream lace and
chinchilla, and a cap and mignon muff of
the same fur will be worn.

John J. Barada Widen will wear a stun-
ning gown of hunters' green, with Louis
XIV coat and large picture hat of white
feathers, with its only ornament a long, grace-
ful ostrich plume.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crouch and their
daughter, Miss Crouch, will entertain friends in their box Monday evening.

Mr. John Townsend Williams of New
York, Miss Crouch's fiance, will be their
guest during the week. Mrs. Crouch will
be gowned in blue meteore crepe with Irish
lace, hat of black and white panne velvet
with its only ornament a long, graceful
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with its only ornament a long, graceful
ostrich plume.

Miss Daisy Walker will be in green voile
of Russian lace and large picture hat of
cream lace and plumes.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Baues will have Mr. and
Mrs. Krayniak and Miss Koehler, their guest,
Miss Poerster of Washington, D. C., and
Mrs. Rudolph Limberg. Miss Koehler will
be charmingly gowned in white muslin
adorned attractively with quantities of
lace insertions. The costume will be topped
by a picture hat of black panne velvet
and ostrich plumes.

Miss Poerster, who is one of the most
admired girls in Washington, will be in an
Irish lace crocheted lace in floral design
over a foundation of pale primrose silk
over Gainsborough hat of corresponding
color and Du Barry coat of white broad-
cloth with deep cream lining and topas and
cut steel buttons.

Mrs. Krayniak will wear an etamine
gown of her favorite color, palest blue
with picture hat to match.

Mrs. Limberg's gown is a robe of cluny
lace over pure white taffeta, her hat of
the same lace with sweeping feathers of
black.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Steer, who will occupy
box 50, will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs.
Jack Leahy.

Mrs. Leahy is a strikingly handsome
woman and will be much admired in her
tulle of white etamine with elaborate
appliques.

The Horse Show, always an event of the
greatest social importance in St. Louis,
which will open at the Coliseum tomorrow
evening, has long been looked forward to
by the fashionable folk of St. Louis as the
annual dress parade of the city's most ex-
clusive matrons and maidens. Everybody who
is anybody attends the Horse Show, and
those who are not so fortunate in posses-
sion of worldly goods, also go to look on
and behold the others.

During the past week women have spent
most of their time hurrying back and forth
from modiste to milliner, and if all the coats,
Paris hats and gowns are worn that have been ordered for this occa-
sion, what a clothes show it will be.

Every one hopes some one else will have
the courage to promenade. For surely to
go to all this expense and to have all this
finery quietly reposed in the seats and boxes
does seem a pity. Won't some one wake
up this year, please?

The boxes were all spoken for early in the
season, but quite the smart thing to do
is to have seats for the week, and many
fashionable names are enrolled among the
seat-holders.

The audiences during this show bid fair
to outshine any affair St. Louis has seen
for many years.

The list of box-holders has undergone
some changes during the week.

The list of holders as revised now stands:

1. Bryan Nugent.	45. Max R. Orthwein.
2. Das C. Nugent.	46. Armin Orthwein.
3. G. H. Crawford.	47. Jas. H. Bright.
4. H. F. Ferguson.	48. Goodman King.
5. Thos. Crooch.	49. David R. Calhoun.
6. F. F. Ferguson.	50. E. C. Hart.
7. F. F. Ferguson & Wade.	51. Ralph H. Orthwein.
8. G. H. Ferguson.	52. Paul Hart.
9. T. A. Bell.	53. F. E. Wilson.
10. G. H. Ferguson.	54. S. A. Thompson.
11. G. H. Ferguson.	55. Jas. H. Bauer.
12. Wm. Woodward.	56. A. H. Bauer.
13. Newsgate.	57. Aug. Coerts.
14. C. D. Jordan.	58. Wm. Woodward.
15. D. C. Nolker.	59. F. F. Ferguson.
16. C. F. Blanke.	60. Russell Gardner.
17. H. H. Koehler.	61. L. V. Hottell.
18. G. H. Walker.	62. John C. Roberts.
19. B. B. Brattin & Cady.	63. Geo. E. W. Luehr-
20. Clarence H. Howard.	21. Clarence H. Howard.
21. G. H. Ferguson.	22. G. H. Ferguson.
22. G. H. Ferguson.	23. G. H. Ferguson.
23. G. H. Ferguson.	24. G. H. Ferguson.
24. C. J. Gale.	25. E. F. Rosenblum.
25. Wm. Goldie, Jr.	26. R. F. Rosenblum.
26. Newsgate.	27. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
27. Lessing.	28. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
28. Newsome.	29. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
29. Chas. Elshier.	30. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
30. Newsgate.	31. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
31. Lucy Crawford.	32. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
32. E. H. Simmons.	33. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
33. H. G. Heath.	34. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
34. John S. Brattin.	35. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
35. Press.	36. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
36. Judges.	37. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
37. Judges.	38. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
38. D. R. Francis.	39. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
39. Bert Grissick.	40. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
40. Bert Grissick.	41. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
41. Bert Grissick.	42. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
42. Bert Grissick.	43. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
43. Bert Grissick.	44. Wm. Goldie, Jr.
44. Mai H. C. Dennis.	45. Wm. Goldie, Jr.

One of the most beautiful and hand-
somely gowned women of the show
will be Mrs. Calhoun, the beautiful
young wife of David Randolph Cal-
houn. She is an unusually striking
looking woman who is always gowned
in a most individual fashion.

Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun will have in their box
opening night Mr. and Mrs. Liblun G.
McNair and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lucas. Mrs.
Calhoun will wear a white smooth cloth
with elaborate applique of cluny lace in
deep cream. With this gown she will wear
a cameo pink felt hat with wide-spread
bow of a deeper shade of pink and directly
across the front perfectly flat are but-
terfly wings done in East Indian embroidery. The
coat is of largest white satin with wide
Russian sleeves and panels of
Irish crocheted lace down the front.

On another night Mrs. Calhoun will appear
in a champagne tinted transparent silk
waist with pure white embroidery Anglaise
and scalloped net and fagoting. The crea-
flock will complete the toilette. The box
is a long flat one and encircles the throat
stock fashion with the ends forming a
muff, the muff is the new shawl shape.

Mrs. Koehler's box will be Mr. and Mrs.
Casper Koehler with their daughters, Mrs.
Krayniak and Miss Koehler, their guest,
Miss Poerster of Washington, D. C., and
Mrs. Rudolph Limberg. Miss Koehler will
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OUR 1902 ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
is just off the press. It contains nearly 200
up-to-the-hour designs, with prices of Perforated

SOCIETY

SONNENFELD'S

Bailey and Miss Phoebe Bayle, Mr. Carver
Forder and Mr. Oliver Moosehead as
bridesmaids and groomsmen. There will
be no reception. The bride and bridegroom
will be at home after the first of Decem-
ber at 320 Lindell boulevard.

Now that the first rush of fall weddings
is over there will be some chance for the
debutante. Invitations for several presen-
tations teas were issued last week. Mrs.
Joel Wood will give a reception for her
daughter, Miss Mabel Wood, who is one
of the prettiest debutantes Nov. 13 from 3
to 5 o'clock. Mrs. George W. Niedringhaus
will entertain Tuesday afternoon for
Miss Lulu Niedringhaus. The hostess
will be a gathering of a party of young girls
at breakfast at the home of the bride's pa-
rents, on Saxe Avenue.

Mr. Maurice Heron and Miss Rose Ol-
ters were married on Monday morning at
the Church of St. Bernard. The high church
mass was celebrated by Father Burn-
ham. After the ceremony the families
of the bridal pair were entertained at
breakfast at the home of the bride's pa-
rents, on Saxe Avenue.

The marriage of Arthur Wellington
and Miss Carrie Conaway took place Wednes-
day afternoon, Oct. 28, at 4 o'clock. The bride
was wearing a traveling gown of
gray. After the service the families
of the bride and groom were entertained at
the Century Club, 200 St. Vincent avenue, to
immediate relatives and a few friends. The
house was decorated with green and
white. After the supper the bride and
bridegroom departed for a trip East.

Mr. and Mrs. William Murdoch of 5349
Ridge avenue have announced the engage-
ment of their daughter, Anna Thompson,
to Mr. Edgar Benedict Moore. The wed-
ding is set for early in December.

Mr. and Mrs. Soitz entertained last Sun-
day evening at their home. Bill Carr
was in honor of the engagement of their da-
ughter, Anna, to Mr. Edgar Benedict Moore.

Chart Club drawing rooms will be
Mondays, Nov. 3, 5 p. m., by Mrs. C. F.
Pim, 411 St. Louis Avenue. Tuesdays
and Saturday, Nov. 8, 11 a. m., by
J. G. Nugent, corner of Maple and
Main streets. Thursdays, 7 p. m., by
Mrs. H. A. Williams, 512 Castlemar-

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A ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE

MANGUM, Okla., Nov. 1.—Thursday evening Mr. Z. T. Pryce was quietly married to Miss Cora Truscott, who had just arrived from Tahiti, where she had become his wife. She is a pretty, well-educated English woman, and the marriage was the culminating point of a pretty romance which had been very secret. Mr. Mangum left his home in Kentucky and went to London, where he entered a large dry goods house, where he remained a year and many fell in love. Later he returned to America, finally locating in Oklahoma, while the lady remained in Tahiti. They corresponded regularly, and when Adela finally left her home for Oklahoma, the marriage occurred immediately on her arrival there.

Mr. Pryce is a prominent representative from the Twenty-sixth district, which is composed of Greer County.

Weak Men Cured Free

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous for Life.

INSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HOME

How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge



Health, Strength and Vigor for Men

small weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 941 Hillside, Des Moines, Iowa, and they will send you the free receipt with directions so any man may easily cure himself at home. This certainly is a generous offer, and the following statement taken from their catalog shows what men think of their generosity:

"Dear Sirs—Yours was received and I had no difficulty in getting out of my bed as directed, and can truthfully say it is soon to be used. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain, sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the mailing and they want every man to have it.

Curse of DRINK**WHITE RIBBON REMEDY**

No taste. No odor. Can be given in glass of water, tea or coffee without the patient's knowing.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diabolical appetite for alcoholic stimulants, which is the curse of drink. And the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and endorse White Ribbon Remedy. In fact, no one who is delighted to find an economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work.

Informed by Members of W. C. T. U., Mrs. Moore, press representative of Women's Christian Temperance Union, Vicksburg, writes: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very strong drinkers, and the results were most gratifying. In fact, the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and endorse White Ribbon Remedy. In fact, no one who is delighted to find an economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

**THE BLACK ABBOT FORMULA**

Applied locally and directly to the affected part. No drug to weaken the body to the all-fired parts. No drug to weaken the liver and kidneys, but a milie, yet powerful, purgative, and unifying specie, locally applied, for the treatment of gonorrhoea, and other venereal diseases, and sexual maladies.

The Black Abbot Company has now control of the Black Abbot Formula, and in order to introduce it, will, for a short time only, distribute these free trial treatments in order that those who are afflicted may have an opportunity to know its virtues before testing its merits. All who are suffering from Stricture, Varicocele,

Nervous Exhaustion, Weakening Drugs, and all Distress, Melancholy, Weakness, Anemia, and Mental Decay. Memory is urged to take advantage of this free offer.

There is no other medical firm manufacturing a formula in this line, which is similar to the Black Abbot Formula, nor has any other firm the right to use the formula or the name.

Showing the size of the Black Abbot Suppository. Send us the name and address of the patient, slip into the room without pain or inconvenience, and dissolve in about two hours.

Cut out the coupon below, write your name and

Trial Treatment Coupon.

BLACK ABBOT CO., 17 Paddock Blvd., BOND HILL, O.
Send me a free Trial Treatment of the Black Abbot Formula. **FREIGHT PREPAID.** **FREIGHT PREPAID.** **FREIGHT PREPAID.**

Address

ASPHALT ENOUGH FOR THE WORLD

Incalculable Amount in Pike County, Ark.

MORE THAN IS IN TRINIDAD

BROUGHT TO NOTICE BY THE "COLD TAR SPRING."

Only Within a Short Time Has the Great Value of the Deposit Been Known and Its Value Recognized.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 1.—By means of a branch of the Illinois Central and an independent road of the Goulds that will penetrate the great coal and salt fields running along the Ohio River, Mr. McKinley may be made wealthy. Mr. McKinley inherited a vast tract of land from Goupons north to Shawneetown, in Illinois, a territory worthless for the purposes of settlement, and possessed only of rich mineral deposits that were apparently useless for there were no means of transportation.

The branch line of the Illinois Central

and Southwestern Railroad will have to be built to the south of the railroad track.

Until the year ago the only outcrop of the asphalt was a small lump of rich bituminous rock. The action of the sun on this exposed lump caused the bitumen to melt, and a few drops of oil a few feet down a short crevice a cool black syrupy mass, that had been a wonder and mystery to the people of the surrounding country, was born. It has melted since, and more ago. All this time the slight excretions continued. With the small appearance of the oil, some daring young farmers soon came to call the place the tar spring. With the known medical properties of tar itself curiosity led to experiments with the oil and its various mixtures. The results in the treatment of bruises, sores, etc., on cattle as well as man led to the conclusion that the unknown material for these ailments.

Years passed and the fame of the tar spring spread. People from neighboring countries visited the spot out of curiosity. Some came with the single intention of securing some of the mysterious black stuff for the cure of their own diseases. Others, however, knew it was merely a natural curiosity, but no one seemed to think that the stuff could be of value.

The first official recognition of the deposit was in the report of the state geologist in 1884. But no investigation was made to determine the bedrock in which the deposit lay. Some subsequent official mention has been made of the deposit, but none ever seemed to recognize its importance.

When Col. J. A. Woodson became the owner of the property he did not himself fully recognize the possibilities. His investigations began two or three years ago.

Experts who saw specimens of the asphalt taken from drills and test pits determined that it was bitumen, free from lime, sandstone and bitumen, which, in fact, forms the cap rock of the entire area as far as has been investigated.

Below this is found a layer of gray sand, asphalt, intermixed with bituminous rock as hard as granite, which, however, when subjected to heat makes the best quality of paving. There are a dozen different grades of the rock, not always running in conformity with the scheduled strata, for the rock has undergone a sort of slow upheaval, which may account for the cause of the breaks and slides so common in gold mining. This mixture of the different dimensions and strength in bitumen, however, are one of the great advantages. No artificial mixtures must be mixed before the material is ready for the market.

The excavations up to the present time have a plot of about a quarter of an acre. It is entirely open to the air, being one great hole, 25 or 30 feet in diameter. The walls of the rock in the cap rock is found only three or four feet from the surface of the ground. This is nearest the point of the old tar spring, and the distance to the cap rock ranges from eight to 13 feet, and the larger the excavation, no doubt, the deeper will the bottom be. The consistency is a kind of yellow clay, peculiar in look and touch, intermixed with round gravel and flint, apparently water-washed.

The actual deposit of asphalt is still not yet determined, of course, as the success and sometimes mixed strata of various percentages of bitumen, sand and lime.

The extent of the deposit is unknown. On 40 acres of the limestone deposit there is absolutely no certainty, test pits over the entire ground having been dug and found satisfactory in its extent. The deposit may cover the entire 160 acres owned by the Arkansas Asphalt Co. or half the contents of the latter theory for miles around the central excavation.

In opening up the present excavation, it has been discovered another, most rare and valuable mineral product, fuller's earth. Beneath the first deposit of asphalt, 15 feet in thickness, is a layer of Fuller's earth ranging from 10 to 20 odd feet in thickness. Should this earth prove to be general beneath the bed of asphalt, it would be almost impossible to find it in any case in the amount the world over. In fact, in no case has it been discovered beneath that below the Pike County asphalt mines. The uses of fuller's earth are many, the principal one now being the removal of the impurities of oil. There are few deposits of size outside of England, though it is to be found in small pockets and layers all over the world, but however, it is rarely enough for commercial purposes.

FOUND THE REAL ELIXIR OF LIFE

COLORADO SPRINGS, Nov. 1.—Edgar Wallace claims to have discovered that the entire world has been living for centuries in ignorance of the true secret of life, and he is now endeavoring to convert the people of this planet to his peculiar theory. He asserts that man only punishes the body by using food, and that the real alimentary diet is a dose of pure air, taken constantly. To insure good returns from this diaphanous diet, he says the lungs and breathing apparatus have to be specially developed so that the inflation and capacity is almost double the present normal.

For the benefit of the incredulous he has just completed a 15 day fast during which he spent the entire time at hard physical labor that would tax the energies of the most muscular, and yet today wound up the exertion by walking 20 miles through the foothills. He is an enthusiastic optimist, the results that he has persuaded a number of students to take up his views and try them out are quite amazing. He has rented a small cottage where he takes his patients and feeds them on the rarest cold

"During my fast," said Mr. Wallace, "I did not see a moment when I was incapable in the slightest degree. On the contrary, I was in better health physically, my breath was clearer and was a better man in every respect. But I breathed and I took exercise in the morning, accompanied by moderate physical exercise, in addition to working out my muscles."

Trial Treatment Coupon.

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Send me a free Trial Treatment of the Black Abbot Formula. **FREIGHT PREPAID.** **FREIGHT PREPAID.** **FREIGHT PREPAID.**

Address

MRS. WM. M'KINLEY MAY BECOME RICH

RAILROAD TO OPEN UP RICH KALIN LANDS.

road. The branch will connect Shawneetown with the Louisville and Nashville, and as far west as determined there will be a junction with the Gould roads and an eastern route can be effected.

The branch line will be operated with any degree of success because there were no means of transporting the coal.

Local residents and individuals

have been trying to pay dividends on an adjacent tract near Rose Clark, Ill., owing to the high value of coal in the nearest railroad profitably.

Their partial success aroused the interest of the Illinois Central

road officials.

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Their partial success aroused the interest of the Illinois Central

road officials.

road. The branch will connect Shawneetown with the Louisville and Nashville, and as far west as determined there will be a junction with the Gould roads and an eastern route can be effected.

The branch line will be operated with any degree of success because there were no means of transporting the coal.

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GEOLOGISTS ARE BEARS IN OIL

Beaumont Alarmed by Government Report.

OFFICIALS ARE SEVERELY CRITICISED

PRACTICAL MEN SAY THE SCIENTISTS "DON'T KNOW IT ALL."

Yet Some Practical Men Are Preparing to Test the Scientists' Theory of Oil Streams.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
BEAUMONT, Tex., Nov. 1.—The advance proofs of the forthcoming report by Dr. C. W. Hartman and Mr. William Kennedy, to be made in the next United States geological survey bulletin, and treating exhaustively of the southern oil fields, is occupying the attention of thoughtful oil men. The report cannot be called "bullish," and there are many people—chiefly, of course, those with stocks to sell—who are inclined to severely criticize the scientific gentlemen, declaring that much of their report is undependable and calculated to unduly excite stockholders and unnecessarily affect the value of oil properties.

The criticism contained in these dissenters from the report is against the statement that the great porosity of the oil-bearing stratum renders it an exceptionally prolific one. It is argued that the best experts here—the practical men who have watched and studied the field with the greatest care and knowledge—have been unable to offer any logical predictions as to the life of the field; and it is argued from these premises that it is impossible to say whether or not Dr. Hartman could form any more reliably definite ideas on the same subject. Therefore, it is considered that their declaration of early exhaustion of the field is gratuitous, to say the least.

Practical oil men do not give up easily with regard to the deduction of the geological experts pointing out with considerable showing of disgust the fact that it many of the scientific gentlemen who have visited the field have been won over to the belief that would have ceased to be a prolific field at least a year ago. They have no objection to the deductions and conclusions made by experts that the field would be dry within 12 months from the day when Capt. Lucas brought in the first gusher; and that the oil in the Spindletop reservoirs would become exhausted before last Christmas; and then that there would be no more oil under the hill to grease a team of horses within eight months. One gentleman says:

"In spite of the experts who predicted and proved, Spindletop has not given up business at the old stand and forced the admiration of geologists and all other men of science. True it is not a gusher field, and it is not a gusher, but almost everything else is set at naught by the occasional nuttiness of a well that was supposed to be dead, but which all at once wakes up like a dragon and acts like a well that would cause panics anywhere else in the world. But it was expected that the gusher would last but many months before they did give out."

"Likewise it is true that there is probably a limit to the oil in Spindletop, but we must turn to any other oil field no matter how great a phenomenon it may be. But it appears to me that the scientific gentlemen who have written so extensively and whose predictions have been unanswerable as those of a country weather prophet might stop talking and writing a little and devote some of their time to observation."

"It may be, though, that the scientific gentlemen are right. Dr. Bill Green, who helped to help the natives fight with chills and fever over in eastern Arkansas—where malaria and things are if anything a little worse than in Texas—has said that the doctor knew more about chills and fever than he did about anatomy, and considerably more yet about the value of being in a position to say 'I told you so' when a thing happened."

"It was the doctor's habit whenever he was called to a patient with chills and fever to call the family out behind the house immediately after he had looked at the sick one, to sue and felt the pulse, and in unbroken tones advised the family to run for the world. He never failed, whether the case was one of typhoid fever or plain shingles. One day a particular friend who followed the doctor in his consulting room asked him why it was that he always made such direful predictions. The doctor bent his head thoughtfully for a moment and whittled silently. Then he began to smile behind his whiskers, and said confidentially:

"Well, you see, there ain't many things more valuable to a man of science than to be able to predict. If my patients get well, they don't thank you, and if they die, they don't forget you, and the funeral that was promised; and if the patient dies, why, there ain't no doubt in their minds that Dr. Green knows about all there is to know concerning the disease indigenous to this climate."

"The theory advanced by Dr. Hartman and Mr. Kennedy is that the heavy and viscous oil streams from southwest to northeast is interesting to oil men of an experienced mind, but it is stated that some of the boldest of them are thinking of small beginning operations that are designed to place them in earnest, say for any probable oil find, marketed out by the government geologists. The report of the gentlemen declares that a large part of the oil in the country is overlaid with oil streams held in anticlinal cavities of comparatively narrow breadth and lying almost uniformly northeast to southwest. It is stated that some of the really explorations will be made with a view of proving or disproving this theory, and that the new oil, now apparently growing in favor,

"It is conceded that the oil streams are mere pools, but are long lakes. If not streams, then what? This question has been spent in fruitless quest of the stream that has found its most generous outlet through the hole in Spindletop. There are some people, however, that the water well on the property of the Penn Company, in the northeastern part of the city, is actually tapped, the stream that flows under Spindletop—and which streams according to the geologists who support this theory, first approaches the earth surface in Galveston County and spreads almost directly northeast until it comes out at Spindletop. The Pennman's well is not even a good "test hole" as yet. The oil that has been found there is just sufficient quantity to make its identity positive, and when further investigations in that same territory may bring forth may be the greatest importance to this section of the south.

"The activity of certain Texas capitalists in the development of oil streams in the state, between Houston, Beaumont and Port Arthur, is gratifying to those who have an interest in the development of the oil streams of the South. It is proposed to tap all the contiguous fields with the electric line—Sour Lake, Saratoga and Spindletop, and possibly parts of Rusk and Marion. Houston is in close touch with each other, give them a trolley outlet to the gulf. There are perhaps fewer engineering difficulties in overrunning the building of such a line than would be the case anywhere else in the South. There is not a "native" rock or stone to cross, there are no hills north of the name, and there are few creeks or rivers to cross. There would be little trees to be felled, the ground would be to throw up a roadbed, dig a drainage ditch on each side of it, drop stones and rails into the ditch, and start the line. The work, I think, would not be more severe; for the first man or company

that gets a trolley line in operation between the towns of this huge section will reap his millions.

HARRISON CLARK.

A TRAVELING ISLAND.

Pelican Spit in Galveston Harbor Has Moved West One Mile.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 1.—Pelican Spit in Galveston Harbor has moved west one mile. The original spit was purchased by the government from the S. S. of Texas in 1854 as a military reservation, and has occupied the site for a number of years. At that time the Spit as designated by metes and bounds in the original survey embraced an area about 100 feet wide and 1,000 feet long. In 1898, forty-four years after its purchase, another survey was made and it was found that the Spit had moved westward from the original site about one mile. Now, four years later, it is found south of its original position and had a mile or so east of where it was in 1898.

MONEY MADE IN CRIPPLE CREEK

A CLEAN-UP STATEMENT SHOWING JUST WHAT EACH PROPERTY HAS PAID IN DIVIDENDS.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Nov. 1.—Here is a clean-up statement showing the money that has been made in this district. The following table shows the dividend-paying mines of the district with the last dividends and the totals to date:

Acacia—Last dividend, 1 cent, \$15,000, paid Sept. 26, 1902. Pays monthly 1/4 cent, or

Dec. 5, 1902. Total to date, \$45,000. Butterfield-Terrific—Dividend of 1/4 cent, total paid Oct. 28, 1901. Total paid to date, \$21,250.

United Gold Mine—One cent monthly. Total paid to date, including Consolidated Mines and New Zealand, \$955,303.45.

Doctor-Jack Pot—One cent monthly. Total to date, \$22,000.

Eikitone—Four cents monthly. Dividend of 1 cent, \$24,000, paid Aug. 29, 1901. Total to date, \$14,400.

El Paso—One cent quarterly. Last dividend 1 cent, \$24,250, paid Dec. 20, 1901. Total to date, \$12,500.

Fox Coinage—Dividend of 12 cents per share, amounting to \$120,000, paid in September.

Gold Coin—Decreased to 1 cent monthly.

Last dividend 1 cent, \$10,000, paid Oct. 15, 1902. Total paid to date, \$10,000.

Gold King—One cent quarterly. Last dividend 2 cents, \$28,105.50, paid July 20, 1902. Total to date, \$272,421.50.

Golden Cycles—Paid dividends to Sept. 26, 1902. Pays monthly 1/4 cent, or

Aug. 28, 1902. Total to date, \$20,700. Igarnie—Dividend of 1 cent, \$2425, paid Aug. 28, 1901. Total to date, \$20,700.

Izabella—Pays quarterly, various rates.

Last dividend 1 cent, \$22.50, paid March 22, 1902. Total to date, \$22.50.

Jack Pot—Paid 1 cent, \$272,421.50.

Last dividend 6 cents, \$75,000, paid Dec. 23, 1902. Total to date, \$282,000.

Katinika—Paid first dividend of \$10,000 in October.

Last Dollar—Two cents quarterly. Last dividend 2 cents, \$30,000, paid Oct. 21, 1901.

Mary McKinley—Three cents quarterly. Last dividend 3 cents, \$20,000, paid Oct. 10, 1902. Total to date, \$30,000.

Modena—Two cents quarterly. Last dividend 2 cents, \$30,000, paid April 15, 1902.

Mountain—Paid 1 cent, \$290,000, paid July 19, 1902. Total to date, \$290,000.

Pharmacist Cons.—The old Pharmacist company has a total of \$84,000 dividends in the early days.

Pionter—Dividend of 1 cent, \$12,500, paid June 1, 1902. Total to date, \$25,000.

Portland—Six cents quarterly. Last divi-

dends to date, \$20,000, paid Oct. 15, 1902. Total to date, \$4,257,660.

Stratton's Independence—Dividend of 20 per cent, \$214,000, paid in October, 1901. Total to date, \$214,000.

To-Vindicator—Three cents quarterly. Last dividend 5 cents, \$35,000, paid July 25, 1902. Total to date, \$382,000.

Zoe—Dividend of 1/4 cent, \$700, paid Dec. 25, 1902.

HUNTING OIL IN ALABAMA.

Development of Property—Expected to Begin in Few Days.

SCOTTSBORO, Ala., Nov. 1.—Parties from Findlay, O., who have purchased extensive options on oil lands in and around this section, have shipped machinery for developing their properties, and it is expected operations will begin within the next ten days.

FINANCIAL.

FINANCIAL.

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE!

All options and pending orders for M. K. & T. stock must be closed with remittance in full to cover not later than November 15th.

Such items will participate in November dividend of 3 per cent.

Respectfully,

M. K. & T. OIL COMPANY,
TRUST BUILDING, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

D. D. LANCASTER, Suite 14, Laclede Building,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE COLONIAL

COLONIAL TRUST CO.

COLONIAL TRUST BUILDING,
BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

CO.

Pays 2 per cent on Deposits subject to check.

Pays 3 per cent on Savings Accounts of \$1 or more.

Executed All Manner of Trusts.

DIRECTORS:

CLARK H. SAMFORD,
President Colonial Trust Co.

THOS. W. CROUCH, First Vice-Pres.

Capitalist.

PAUL A. FURZ, Second Vice-Pres.

Over Gresham & Co., Com. Min.

EDWARD S. LEWIS, Third Vice-Pres.

V. P. V. Hargrave-McKittredge D. G. Co.

EDGAR D. TILTON, Fourth Vice-Pres.

Edgar D. Tilton & Co.

SIDNEY M. PHILAN,
Pres. American Credit Indemnity Co.

ALL-XANDER DOUGLAS,
Pres. Douglas & Co., San Francisco, Cal.

WILLIAM A. STICKNEY,
President W. A. Stickney Cigar Co.

R. H. DALE, CHAMBERLAIN,
Chamberlain Bros.

WILLIAM B. THOMPSON,
Attorney-at-Law.

G. V. BRECKIT,
Pres. G. V. Breckit Butcher Supply Co.

L. S. MITCHELL, Secretary.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$3,000,000 FULL PAID.

Incorporated April, 1898.

MERCANTILE TOWN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

Every Policy is Guaranteed by the Deposit With the State of Missouri.

—DIRECTOR.—

L. F. KLOSTERMANN, DAVID A. GLENN, J. W. DAUGHERTY, AUG. SCHIVELDINE, HENRY L. BOZIER, J. E. LUCAS, WM. NORRIS, AUGUST BIRDBORTH, H. L. HAYDEL.

Reasonable Rates—Get Them Before Insuring Your Property—it Will Pay You. Liberal Contracts to Agents.

J. W. DAUGHERTY, Secretary, Rialto Building, St. Louis, Mo.

For a free copy of our Circular Bulletin, send us your name and address.

COMMONWEALTH TRUST COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Investors Fleece BY FAKERS AND FISCAL BROKERS.

Millions of Dollars of Worthless Stock.

President's Dividend Scheme.

All This Exposed in the November Issue of the FINANCIAL WORLD. Just Out.

The only financial paper that does not publish advertisements, but keeps readers up-to-date with the latest news of the world.

Sample Copy Sent Free. Send for it at once.

FINANCIAL WORLD, 110 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PASTEURY, FRENCH PRENTOITAL—LAWN, GOLF AND SWIMMING.

Believe it or not, in 12 hours, New York and Paris are connected by wireless.

W. F. D. CO., 110 Dearborn St., Chicago.

CELEBRATION OF THE REFORMATION

Will Be Held by St. Louis
Evangelical Churches.

MUSIC HALL WILL BE FILLED

THE 385TH ANNIVERSARY OF
LUTHER'S HISTORICAL ACT.

Twenty-Three Congregations in St.
Louis Will This Afternoon Commemorate the Event With
Appropriate Services by
Pastors and Singers.

All of the 23 congregations of the Evangelical Church in St. Louis will unite this afternoon in a festival to be held at Exposition Music Hall to celebrate the anniversary of the beginning of the reformation.

There are probably 20,000 communicants in this church in St. Louis, and enough of them are expected to be present to fill the large auditorium. The exercises will commence at 2:30 o'clock.

This "reformation festival," as it is called, is held annually, and is the principal event of the year in which all the Evangelical churches of St. Louis unite. Similar celebrations are held in all parts of the world where there are churches of his denomination.

Today is the 385th anniversary of the day that Martin Luther nailed his 95 theses to the door of a Catholic church at Wittenberg, denouncing certain abuses alleged to be permitted by the church.

Order of Exercises

The exercises will be conducted in German. Rev. Jacob Irion, pastor of St. Paul's Church, Ninth and Lafayette avenue, will preside. The program will consist of prayers, the singing of hymns and appropriate addresses. Rev. Mr. Irion will deliver the address of welcome. Then a chorus of 400 Sunday school children will sing the hymn, "Die Sach Ist Dein," with Prof. Adolf Halser at the organ.

The entire congregation will then recite the "confession of faith," and the old hymn, "Jesus Christ, Our Cornerstone, Our God," will be sung by the congregation.

After prayer by Rev. Mr. Irion, the choir of the Immanuel Church, which is located on the St. Charles road west of the city limits, will sing "Herr Gott, Diess Lobet Dich," by Gersbach. Next will be a scripture reading by Rev. Dr. E. A. pastor of Immanuel Church, following which the Sunday school children will sing "Dir Hirbt der Himmel und die Erde," with Prof. Adolph Halser at the organ.

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The program will conclude with another hymn by the choir of Immanuel Church, under Rev. Dr. E. A. pastor of Immanuel Church, singing of another hymn by the Sunday school children, the singing of the hymn, "Jesus Christ, Our Cornerstone, Our God," by Rev. Dr. E. A. pastor of Immanuel Church, and the oldest minister of the church in St. Louis.

The following congregations will participate in the services:

Churches That Participate.

St. Stephanus, Gimbel and Halls Ferry road, K. C. Struckmeyer, pastor.

St. Jakobi, College and Blair avenues, C. G. Lohr, pastor.

Salem—Marcus and Margaret avenues, Hermann Weis, pastor.

Friedens, Nineteenth and Newhouse avenues, J. Baetz, pastor.

Zions, Twenty-fifth and Benton streets, J. Baetz, pastor.

St. John's, Fourteenth and Madison streets, F. Kleman, pastor.

St. Petri, Fourteenth and Carr streets, J. F. Klick, pastor.

Bethel, Thirty-third and Wash streets, Paul Brueckner, pastor.

St. Lukas, Scott and Jefferson avenues, H. W. Esser, pastor.

St. Markus, Third and Soulard streets, E. H. Elitz, pastor.

St. Paul's, Ninth street near Lafayette Avenue, Irvin, pastor.

Jesus, Twelfth and Victor streets, J. J. Link, pastor.

Elmwood, 292 McNair avenue, A. Fischer, pastor.

St. Matthias, Jefferson avenue and Potomac street, H. Dittmer, pastor.

Dreiecks, Nesho and Michigan avenues, F. W. Esser, pastor.

Evangelische, Michigan and Roen avenues, E. H. Elitz, pastor.

Bethel, First and Arch in the South St. Louis called St. Andrews. It is not a member of the association that holds the reformation festival, its congregation probably having joined the association.

Rev. G. Kremer is pastor of the church.

In all of these twenty-three churches the services are in German, except the Bethlehem church of which Rev. Theodore Mueller is pastor. This church was established about a year ago as the first English church of the denomination. Rev. Mr. Mueller is an energetic young man and under his direction the congregation has grown and prospered in a gratifying manner.

The first Evangelical church was established in St. Louis 62 years ago. Eden College is the principal seminary of the church in the United States. All its ministers are educated there.

MR. SPRAGUE SAYS

The new Colonial Restaurant at Broadway and Locust street, is just the place for ladies and gentlemen.

ART IN POSTAGE STAMPS.

The Color to Be Changed to Satisfy the Artistic Parisian Eye.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1902, by the Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Postage stamps of 15 centimes each have been recently issued in Paris. Their brick red color, as well as their design were found objectionable.

To satisfy the artistic eye of the French capital a new stamp will shortly replace the old. It will still be bright red, but of a more reddish shade, and the design will be wholly changed.

BRIEF FOR MGR. FALCONIO.

The New Apostolic Delegate to the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1.—Official notification has been received here that Mgr. Falconio, at present apostolic delegate, is to be appointed his apostolic delegate to the United States to succeed Cardinal Marcelli. The date of this post is to return to Rome May 10. Mgr. Falconio will arrive about Nov. 20.

For Capt. Harry W. Brown for
service with district, words \$2, \$4, \$6,



To Create A Demand=

This week must be a top-notcher. We are compelled to gain ground lost during the unseasonable weather of October. Your dollar never before had one-half the buying power it now commands. Note these tremendous reductions, these marvelous values, and act according to the dictates of your purse. We've never before demonstrated so forcibly that this is

"The Store That Saves You Money."

We Create These Prices.

The opportune sun is now shining its brightest. Tomorrow begins a record-breaker. It remains but for you to take advantage of prices that will go down in commercial history as the lowest ever recorded on seasonable, lasting and reliable household necessities, just at the time you need them most. Come, and you'll be convinced beyond all shadow of doubt that this is

"The Store That Saves You Money."



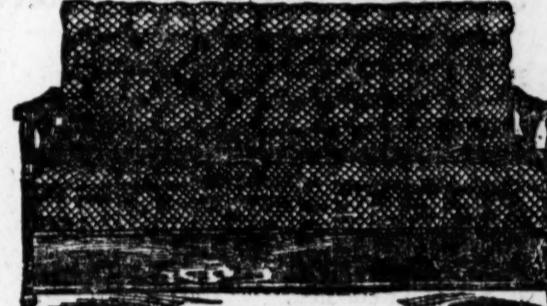
"New Imperial" RANGE,

Made by the Charter Oak
Stove & Range Co., constructed on modern principles and built entirely of

POLISHED BLUE STEEL

Has a six-hole top, elaborate nickel front, large warming closet, heavy asbestos linings, improved duplex grate and extra large oven (18½ inches wide). We stand back of this range with a valid guarantee, noting to you in every possible way—a guarantee that carries with it an assurance that in buying the "New Imperial" you are buying a range that will stand the test of time. Our

\$35.00
\$2.50 CASH AND \$2.50 EACH MONTH.



SPECIAL BED DAVENPORT

\$2.00 Cash, \$2.00 Monthly.

We've 180 Bed Davenports (just like illustration). They're to be sold at an extremely low price. If you're interested come in and examine this one; we feel assured that such an excellent low price, backed by such

excellent quality, will prove magnetic.

They're worth \$50—while they last.....

\$35.00

CHILDS
CARPET
SWEEPERS.

As useful as they are novel—constructed on the identical lines of a high-priced Bissell Sweeper—for Monday and Tuesday only.....

7C

SPECIAL RUG INDUCEMENTS.

Buyers of Floor Coverings will find in our carpet department a collection of floor rugs unequalled in point of money-saving. An Eastern manufacturer, anxious to close out a stock of immense proportion, made us an irresistible price. We are offering them at an actual discount on cost to manufacturer.

150 Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, in rich shades of red and green, reliable in both color and quality—well worth \$13.50—for this week only.....

\$8.50

75 Velvet Rugs, size 9x12, in the richest Oriental colorings—actual \$25 values—for this week.....

\$17.50

100 very fine Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, beautiful blendings of the newest color productions—actual \$20 values—for this week.....

\$13.50



\$1.00



\$15.75
For a bureau, just like illustration, made of select and quarter-sawn oak, top mounted by a beautifully shaped French-style marble pedestal, and writing compartments, and a more graceful will stand up to any height. This is an exact duplicate of the \$25 ones shown elsewhere.



For This Complete Outfit.



Out-of-town buyers
write for our 128
page catalogue.

BED, SPRINGS, MATTRESS AND PILLOWS.

For one dollar cash and one dollar weekly you can secure this complete outfit, consisting of substantial iron bed, perfect springs, comfortable, cotton-top mattress and pair of feather pillows—an outfit worth \$18 at the least. Enumerate the items and see if economical figuring based on a quality of goods such as are represented here will not bring your total up to \$18.

Our Matchless Price

\$11.98



An easy and comfortable Couch, constructed in the most modern manner of thoroughly reliable materials, being non-sagging. The top is beautifully upholstered, and it is covered with fine velvet in choice colors. Not in a spirit of brashado, but fully prepared to back our statement, we defy competition to equal this value within 30 per cent.

\$12.50



STOVES.

Four-hole Cook Stoves (just like illustration), constructed so as to give perfect satisfaction in both baking and cooking. A stove that you could not duplicate if any exclusive stove store in St. Louis for less than \$10.00—for this week only.....

\$6.90

MAYSTERN & CO.

S. E. Cor. Eleventh and Olive Sts.

\$1.50 Week!

For a Piano, we have 27 distinct styles of well-made Pianos that we will sell at the terms mentioned above. Would you like to know the price? Please pay the payments monthly. Come and examine the special styles, and you'll be interested in the extra low prices.

No interest charged for credit convenience.

FOR EXCHANGE.

NOTE—Real estate, investments, etc., not wanted for this classification.

DRYGOODS WANTED—Will exchange a fine hand-woven high-grade shawl in good condition \$350 for a similar one.

WORLD GLASS WANTED—Will exchange fine dental dentistry for field glass; or what have you? Ad. K 87, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—Small white diamond for good mandola. F. Wyatt, 4411 Chiesman.

FOR EXCHANGE—Plates, organ pipes, for dental profession. C. H. Smith, N 478, P.D.

FOR EXCHANGE—Cigars, pipes, gum machines, etc.; gold dollars. Buy and sell old coins. Ad. G 85, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—First-class dental work for 5 years' experience. Ad. K 138, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—Medical books, 1900 editions, and instruments only used 8 months. 3420 Franklin av.

FOR EXCHANGE—Ornamental work for desk, etc., etc. Ad. K 170, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—Typewriter, phonograph, outfit and bedroom suit; what have you? Ad. M 169, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—House painting for storm bugs or sunbeams. Ad. K 147, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—Oval portrait, large photograph, larger size, 25x30, recent. What have you? Ad. M 188, Post-Dispatch.

MUSIC STOVE—Will exchange a sewing machine, almost new, for gas stove. 4541A Delmar.

GUN WANTED—Will exchange a Syracuse bicycle for shotgun, Winchester rifle or cowboy saddle. 5871 Melrose, Ad. K 164, Post-Dispatch.

FOR EXCHANGE—For exchange, good milk cow for good work horse. 382 Virginias av., St. Louis County.

I HAVE lots of good things to exchange; what have you? Anything considered. L. 147, P.D.

SWINGING TRAP—In exchange for storm bug or sunbeam.

PAPEAD HANGING WANTED—For exchange, job printing for service of paper hanger, wallpaper, kalsomine, tailor, etc. N 59, Post-Disp.

PUP WANTED—For exchange, Eastern Kodak camera, good condition, for earlier model. C. M. G. 724 New, Post-Disp.

HIFLE WANTED—For exchange, high-grade wheel for eat ride shotgun. Ad. L 78, Post-Disp.

BROWNING MACHINE WANTED—Exchange, bed lounge for sewing machine. 1332A N. King's.

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BOYS AND GIRLS WANTED—For exchange, good milk cow for good work horse. 382 Virginias av., St. Louis County.

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

14 Words or Less, 20c
A THOUSAND fine business cards for \$1.00, power, 1000 cards, 10¢ each. E. C. Smith, Electric Card Printer, 9 & Broadway, St. Louis.

BED COUCH—For sale, brandnew bed couch at less than half cost, \$225. Eason.

BEST family coal, 80 delivered; on car, T. O'Leary Coal Co., 2082 Randolph st.

BEST for you because best made. Satis-Skin Cream Powder and Soap, 1 lb. price, 50c.

BEST for your health—best made. Satis-Skin Cream Powder and Soap, 1 lb. price, 50c.

BEST—Good hard brick; less thousand for less, 1113 N. 6th st.

BIG—For sale, 8000 to 10,000 old brick, with 30 joints, lumber, on corner 2d and Washington av., about 3:15 p. m. Thursday send telegram to Mrs. N. L. West, 2011 Locust st.

BUY YOUR paints, glass, etc., from National Importers, 1113 N. 6th st. We will give you a customer, 1911 Park av.; Sidney 428 M. D. 1294.

CANIS BEGHTH—National; total adder; cheap.

CHANDLER—2 3-light coal oil and 1. beautifull hall lantern; red globe; cheap. 4242 Devoe st.

CHINA CASE and lighter, glass jars and tray, etc. 2500 Carle st.

COACH—For sale, automobile coach, tan leather, steel cheap; also rubber plant. 3107 Pine.

CLOTHING—New full-dress suit, cost \$50, size 46, well sewn or trade for storm bugs. 5427 Old Manchester rd.

COAT—Felt black diagonal cutaway coat and vest; also light-weight overcoat; very cheap. 2505a St.

CONTRACTS—2 Mutual Home Contracts, Nos. 86, 87; cheap; best cash offer gets them. L. H. G. P. D.

CONTRACTS—4 matured home contracts at \$100 each; will sell a snyg. Ad. L. 24, Post-Dispatch.

CONTRACTS—For sale, 4 home contracts, cheap. New numbers. Ad. L. 47, Post-Dispatch.

DRUGS or snyg, one roller top desk. 1217 N. 7th st.

DRUGSTORE—From storage, Tyler desks, roller tops, standing desks, music carpets. 710 N. 7th.

DRUGS and combination bookcase; almost new; price \$35. 1228 Clark av.

DIAMOND—Fine diamond stud; a bargain. Ad. 100, Franklin st.

DRAPEY—Brownish wool and billiard tables, soft, rent; reasonable. J. F. Fowler, 1821 Market.

ENCYCLOPEDIA—For sale, Encyclopedia Britanica; full sheet binding. 2506 Indiana.

FURNACE—Front Bank, 54; new; complete; also 50 feet of pipe; \$100; some tools cheap. 3205 North 10th st.

GAS PIPE—60 feet, and fixtures, hall fixtures and brackets. 4121 Prairie av.

GAS FIXTURES—Cheap and handsome hall lamp, 2-light chandeliers and 2 others; call any time. 4507 Page bl.

GOLD FISH and aquaria; fish globes and fish tanks. A. E. Schmidt, 1001 Franklin st.

GOD WATCH—In perfect order; will sell at a sacrifice. Ad. L. 156, Post-Dispatch.

GRAPHOPHONE—With 2 dozen records and large horn. 22 S. LeMoyne st.

GUITAR—3 new all have never worn; must. Ad. K. 178, Post-Dispatch.

HUNTING OUTFIT—For sale, cheap, one Morel gun and gun case; also a good shotgun. 2nd floor, 10th and Locust. 24th and Franklin st. Call evenings.

ICE BOXES, ETC.—24-hand ice boxes, scales and trucks; all repaired and warranted. 404 N. 30th st.

LOT—In Calvary Cemetery; section 31, lot 801. Apply to 2007 Walnut st.

MANTLES for gas or gasoline lamps; send us your order. 1000 lamps for the home market. Model, express freight. Incandescent Light Co., 1400 Pine st., St. Louis Mo.

MILLINERY—a real ornate set, for the Horse Show; at the exclusive Millinery Parlor, 3rd fl., 10th and Locust.

NO BOX—Gloves music box, with 30 duet sets; a 4216 Connecticut st.

NO 2-hand billiard and pool tables, cloth, balls, A. E. Schmidt, 1001 Franklin st.

SOFA—For sale, good, heavy overcoat. Call between 10 and 8. 2006 Franklin st.

SOHO—For sale, 100 ft. remodeled parlor, 2nd fl., 10th and Locust. Ad. L. 81, P. D.

PAID-UP courses in electrical engineering and mechanical drawing for sale or trade. International Correspondence School, Pennsylvania. 3047A Franklin st.

PAWN TICKET—For gold watch and 1-karat diamond stud; ticket cheap. Ad. L. 132, P. D.

PHOTOGRAPH—For sale, concert photograph, large record size; small photograph; 57; records 15 cents. 402 Easton.

PICTURE FRAME—Moveable picture machine. W. R. Rogers, 410 Clay st., Louisvile Ky.

PLANTS—Tucana plants, peony roots, day lillies, at 10th and Loc. Miss Elizabeth, 1001 Franklin st.

QUALITY—For sale, silk crazy quilt; large hand embroidery; 100% silk; \$10. Ad. K. 182, Post-Dispatch.

MRS. RUTHENFELD will teach wists and two step, 3:30, 7 to 10 p. m. 1210 Olive st.

NEW MILITARY HALL, 12th and North Market st.; continuous dancing every Sunday afternoon and evening; large audiences; ball; best orchestra; dancing begins at 3 p. m. 12th and Locust.

MATRIMONY—Lively young man from East would like to meet a young lady; no strings attached. Ad. L. 36, Post-Dispach.

MATRIMONY—Young widow, refined, independent, with her son; good position; would like to correspond; references exchanged; object, matrimony. Ad. L. 45, Post-Dispach.

MATRIMONY—Woman, 25, with a case of obstinate appendicitis; wants to get married. Ad. L. 100, Franklin st.

MATRIMONY—Young man, medical student; desires acquaintance of young lady or widow, not over 25; object, matrimony. N. 2, Whitaker, general delivery.

MATRIMONY—Young man, 21, desires acquaintance of young lady or widow; good position; would like to correspond; references exchanged; object, matrimony. Ad. L. 45, Post-Dispach.

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

16 Words or Less. 20c.
A THOUSAND has business cards for \$1.00; round
card printer, 9 S. Broadway, St. Louis.

BED COUCH—For sale, brandnew bed couch at
less than half cost, 4226 Easton.

BEST family coal, for delivered; on car, Tc.
O'Leary Coal Co., 2038 Randolph st.

BEST for you because best made. Satin-Skin
Cream Powder and Soap; is proof. Barr's.

25 thousand lb. lot, 1113 N. 6th st. brick;

BIG BLOCK—For sale, 8000 to 10,000 old brick with
2000000 ft. lumber, on corner 2d and Chestnut st.;
see Builder Ogden, 810 Chestnut st.

BEST your plates, glass, etc., from Neuman Bros.;
best traps, etc., from Neuman Bros.; best
make you take, 1911 Park av.; Sidney 628

CANISTER—National; total adder; cheap.

CHANDELEUR—2 8-light candle oil and 1 heating
oil hall lantern; red globe; cheap. 32c.

CEASAR CASE and lighter, glass jar and tray, etc.

CEASAR PTC.—New case, automobile cigar, tan
cell shell cheap; also rubber plant, 3107 Pine.

COATING—New full-dress suit, cost \$50, size

60, sell cheap or trade for storm bugs; 5427

Old Manchester rd.

COAT—Dor's high grade, 10c per lb. delivered.

EDWARD St. 2018 Market St. Phone Kim C 32.

COAT—Fine black diagonal cutaway coat and vest;
west light-weight overcoat; very cheap. 2500A

CONTRACTS—2 Mutual Home Contracts, Nos. 86,
90, cheap; best cash offer gets them. L 69, P.D.

CONTRACTS—4 mortised home contracts at \$100
each; will sell single. Ad. L 24, Post-Dispatch.

CONTRACTS—For sale, 4 home contracts, cheap.

CONTRACTS—Ad. L 47, Post-Dispatch.

DESK—For sale, fine roller top desk. 1217 N.
7th st.

DESKS—From storage, tier desks, roller top,

flat, standing desks, midsize carpeted. 710 N. 7th.

DESK and combination bookcase; almost new;
price \$12. 1218 Clara av.

DIAMOND—Diamond stud; a bargain. Ad.

ELIZABETH—Brickpool pool and billiard tables;
best, rent reasonable. J. L. Fowler, 1921 Market.

ENCYCLOPEDIA—For sale, Encyclopedia Britannica.

FURNACE—Front back, 64; new; complete; also
full sheet binding. 2656 Indiana.

GAS PIPE—Front back, 64; new; complete; also
full sheet of pipe; \$100; some tools cheap. 320A

GAS PIPE—40 feet, and fixtures, hall fixtures and
brackets. 4121A Prairie av.

GAS FIXTURES—Cheap and handsome hall lamp,
light chandeliers and 2 others; call any time;
4307 Pine st.

GOLD FISH—For sale, ice boxes, scales and
trucks; all repaired and warranted. 400 N. 3d st.

GOLF—In perfect order; will sell at a
sacrifice. Ad. L 160, Post-Dispatch.

GRAPHOPHONE—With 2 dozen records and large
horn. 22 S. Leinwand ave.

GUM—3 swell new hats; never worn; must
have. Ad. K 178, Post-Dispatch.

HUNTING OUTFIT—For sale, chaps, one More;
one less; gun, 1000; 1000 Division; 200; 200; 200;
200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200; 200;

IRON BOXES—20-hand ice boxes, scales and
trucks; all repaired and warranted. 400 N. 3d st.

LOT—In Calvary Cemetery; section 11, lot 801.

MAILERS for gas or gasoline lamps; send us
name of house and the best materials ever
made; express prepaid. Incandescent Light Co.,
1105 Pine st., St. Louis Mo.

MILLINERY—A real artistic set, for the Horse
Show, \$100. 1911 Franklin.

PAID COURSE in electrical engineering and me-
chanical drawing for sale or trade. International
Engineering School, Pennsylvania, 3807A
Chestnut av.

PAWN TICKET—For gold watch and 1-karat
diamond stud; ticket cheap. Ad. L 152, P.D.

PHOTOGRAPH—For sale, concert photograph,
large record size, \$1. small photograph, \$1;
\$1. 10c. 1911 Franklin.

PICTURE MACHINE—Movie pictures machine;
cheap. W. S. Rogers, 510 Clay st., Louisville, Ky.

PLANTS—Yucca plants, peacock plants, day lilies,
etc., 10c and 15c each. Miss S. Elliott, Alabama, Ill.

PLATES—Sale, silk cravat quilts; large bed
sheet, silk quilt; sacrifice this week. Ad. K 182, Post-Dispach.

RENOVATING MACHINE—Feather renovating ma-
chine and attachments; ready for use; price;
\$100. 1911 Franklin.

SHOOTING TOON—Gas outfit and sides; profes-
sional shot; cheap. Frank Kiefer, 1112 Buck-
eye, Terra Haute, Ind.

SUIT—For sale, handwoven cashmere suit; size
46. 1911 Franklin. Call 2007 Pine st.

TELEGRAM—24-hand \$16 10x16 prints, 9 wire
cards, 50 cents each. 12 quills. M. S. Post-D.

SECOND-HAND Tyler roller flat and standing
desk; library and directors' tables; board.

WHEELS—2 leather wheels, cheap. 610 N. 7th.

WATCHES ON CREDIT.

\$15.00

We purchase full-sized movement. Eight
Walton, Springfield, or Hampden make in
year guaranteed. Boss or Deuerfie, \$2 first
payment and \$1 per week thereafter; higher price
for larger movements. We pay cash for
jewelry on terms to suit your convenience, and
guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

Remainder of bill, room 80 Holland bldg.

FOR SALE.

THIS IS WHAT YOU NEED.

20 ft. 6 in. solid oak roller top desk, \$11.75

20 ft. 6 in. solid oak roller top desk, \$15 each.

20 ft. 6 in. solid oak roller top desk, \$25 each.

20 ft. 6 in. 4 ft. 6 in. 5 ft. 5 ft. top desks.

100 assorted revolving and tilting office chairs
and revolving stools, \$50 up.

WHEELS—2 leather wheels, cheap. (Dept. 91, 610-621 N. 4th st.)

WOOD!

From World's Fair site; 1000 cords (4 ft.) in lot;
also 1000 cords (4 ft.) in lot. B. E. Miller, 1911 Franklin,
will show wood and give prices.

MEDICAL.

Dr. H. KELLOG's specific remedy, sure cure
for colds, grippe, neuralgia and asthma. Write
or call, 102 Kansas av., Topeka, Kan.

DRUG—Chlorose's English Penneyroy Pill is
the best; safe; reliable; take no other; send 4c
postage and return my bill. Dr. George D. Draper,
Dept. 100, 1911 Franklin. Call 2007 Pine st.

PRIVATE and blood and skin diseases a specialty;
Catalist Dispensary, 1812 Franklin.

PERSONS afflicted with skin diseases or run-
ning sores will learn something of interest by
writing to Dr. George D. Draper, Dept. 100, 1911
Franklin.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM removes away wrinkles
wrinkles; gives lovely saten skin; 20c. Barr's.

THE AROMAPHONE, the only remedy for hard-
of-hearing. Dr. White, 6007 Easton.

THE valuable hair booklet, "A Perfect Woman,"
will be sold by mail or 1911 Franklin av.

WANTAD—Revised; facial mask; face mask
cream; 10c. Moore, room 421 Century bldg.

FINANCIAL.

Business whose clients offer exceptional
losses, we offer compensation for damages. We
offer having money to invest at 5 per cent.

Interest, 4 per cent. 1000 Washington av., 500
private rooms for storage; nothing charged for
storage; nothing charged for damage; nothing
charged for handling. 1911 Franklin.

WOMEN'S MEDICAL and dental clinics; a
specialty. Catalist Dispensary, 1812 Franklin.

STORAGE.

14 Words or Less. 20c.

BICYCLES—Lady's wheel; cheap; party leaving
car. 1911 Franklin. Bring or phone C 406.

BICYCLES—WANTED—cash, Bring or phone
C 406.

BICYCLE—1902 model, diamond frame, coaster
brake, cyclometer, foot pump; cost \$45 new
in September; sell for \$20. 3041 Locust.

MARRIAGE paper; best published; best service;
best rates; well sealed. R. L. Lowe, Denver, Colo.

MARRIAGE PAPER.

Best Published—FREE.

BACHELOR—Good woman, who has a
good position, wants to get married; good
education; good health; good character; good
manners; good references; good prospects.
Ad. L 6, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Rich western woman, 24, good
manners; desire to form acquaintance with
young man; good position; good character;
good education; good prospects; good
manners; good references; good prospects.
Ad. L 10, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 14, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 16, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 18, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 20, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 22, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 24, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 26, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 28, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 30, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 32, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 34, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 36, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 38, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 40, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 42, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
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manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 44, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 46, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 48, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 50, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 52, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 54, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health; good character; good
manners; good education; good prospects;
good references; good prospects. Ad. L 56, P.D.

MARRIAGE—Young widow, refined, independent,
with stout maiden lady or widow; good
manners; good health

NOVEMBER SALES LIST

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT

MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY,

Eighth and Locust Streets.

COMPTON HEIGHTS HOME.

SOUTHWEST CORNER RUSSELL AND COMPTON AVS.
ELLEGANT 12-ROOM RESIDENCE; WITH ALL MODERN CONVENiences; LARGE GROUNDS. LOT 301x854. PRICE \$40,000. ADMISSION WITH CARD ONLY.

4388 WESTMINSTER PLACE.

ELLEGANT 12-ROOM RESIDENCE; HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEM; 2 BATHROOMS AND EVERY KNOWN MODERN CONVENIENCE. LOT 60x150. PRICE \$90,000. ADMISSION ONLY WITH CARD FROM OUR OFFICE.

CABANNE AND HAMILTON.

SOUTHEAST CORNER.

ELLEGANT COLONIAL RESIDENCE OF 10 ROOMS AND 2 LARGE HALLS. LARGE FRONT AND SIDE RECEPTION HALLS. FINE LIBRARY, OVAL DINING ROOM, FINISHED IN SOLID OAK, WITH SOLID OAK FLOORS. PARLOR GLOWS WHITE, WITH GOLD CHERRY MANTLE. BED CHAMBERS FINISHED IN SOLID OAK, WITH BIRD-EYE MAPLE.

THE INSIDE OF THIS HOUSE IS FINISHED AS FINE AS ANY HOUSE IN ST. LOUIS. HOUSE HAS FINE CELLAR, LAUNDRY, WINEROOM, FURNACE, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND GAS FIXTURES. LOT 60x200.

THIS HOUSE WAS BUILT BY PRESENT OWNER FOR A PERMANENT HOME. OWNER IS GOING TO EUROPE AND WILL SELL FURNISHED IF DESIRED.

HOUSE AND LOT COST \$88,000. NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.

5431 BARTMER AV.

ELLEGANT 13-ROOM RESIDENCE, STONE ALL AROUND, CHOICE HARDWOOD FINISH; HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEM, 2 BATHROOMS, FILTER FOR TIRE HOUSE. THIS HOUSE HAS EVERY KNOWN MODERN CONVENIENCE AND MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. LOT 65x248.

BUILT FOR OWNER FOR A HOME. FAMILY NOW TOO SMALL FOR A LARGE HOUSE. COST \$40,000. IF SOLD THIS WEEK WILL ACCEPT ANY REASONABLE OFFER.

A NORTH END INVESTMENT.

SOUTHEAST CORNER EAST GRAND AV. AND 204 ST. FOUR 5-ROOM BUILDINGS, MOSTLY UNDER LEASE TO RESPONSIBLE TENANTS; STORES ON FIRST FLOOR AND 4-ROOM FLATS ABOVE. RENT PER ANNUM, \$8700. PRICE \$88,000. OWNER MIGHT CONSIDER OFFER.

1219 to 1233 DeHODIAMONT AV.

DETACHED SINGLE FLATS, 2 FAMILIES EACH; 4 ROOMS AND BATH DOWN AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH UP; CLOSETS IN EACH FLOOR. LOT 168x170. RENT PER ANNUM, \$4100. PRICE \$21,000. ONLY \$7000 CASH REQUIRED TO BUY THIS CHOICE INVESTMENT.

5025 MCPHERSON AV.

A 11-ROOM RED-BRICK RESIDENCE; CUT-STONE TRIMMING, HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEM, HARDWOOD FINISH, 10-IN. FURRED WALLS, ELEGANT KITCHEN AND PANTRY, PLenty OF CLOSETS, ALL MODERN AND UP-TO-DATE CONVENiences. AN EXCEPTIONALLY WELL-BUILT HOME. LOT 60x185. PRICE \$30,000.

4245 LINDELL BOULEVARD.

10-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE, ALL CONVENiences; BUILT FOR A HOME AND NOW OCCUPIED BY OWNER. LOT 60x180. PRICE \$40,000. ADMISSION ONLY WITH CARD FROM OUR OFFICE.

5291 WESTMINSTER PLACE.

A SPACIOUS 10-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE OF 11 ROOMS; HOT-WATER SYSTEM, PLenty OF CLOSETS, AND EVERY KNOWN MODERN CONVENIENCE. LOT 60x150. PRICE \$18,000. THIS HOUSE IS ON THE SUNNY SIDE OF SWEET, SECOND HOUSE LAST OF UNION AV.

5467 MAPLE AV.

12-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE AND RECEPTION HALL, STONE TRIMMING, 2 BATHS, 2 CLOSETS, HOT-WATER SYSTEM OF PLATING, THE BEST MAKE, CEMENTED BASEMENT AND LAUNDRY, ALL MODERN PLUMBING, A COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL HOME. LOT 60x180. PRICE \$15,000.

KOSSETH AV.

N. E. COR. WARREN AV. 5-ROOM BUSINESS BUILDINGS, 3 STORES AND 3-ROOM FLATS ON SECOND FLOOR; LARGEST BLDG. ON SECOND FLOOR, LOT 58x150. PRICE \$12,000.

THIS PROPERTY HAS JUST BEEN REBUILT AND PRICED. IT IS OPPOSITE THE NORTH GATE OF FAIR GROUNDS, AND IN THE HANDS OF A YOUNG MAN WHO WOULD PROVE A MONEY-MAKER.

4804 WASHINGTON AV.

MODERN 5-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE, 10 ROOMS AND RECEPTION HALL; ALL MODERN CONVENiences AND STRICTLY UP-TO-DATE. LOT 58x150. PRICE \$14,000. THIS IS ONE OF THE BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT HOUSES WE HAVE ON OUR LIST.

If you do not find just what you want, call at our office, we have hundreds of choice properties for sale; many of them can be bought on easy terms.

MERCANTILE TRUST CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

CORNET & ZEIBIG

General Real Estate Agents,
117 N. SEVENTH STREET.

GOOD VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

TWELFTH ST. BET. MARKET
AND WASHINGTON AV.

In this location several pieces of property that belong to the original owners that we can sell at the old price.

WEST BELLE,
SOUTHWEST CORNER SARAH.

We have a block of 4 houses that can be had at a bargain. Lot 50x120. Rent \$180 per year. Price, \$17,500.

4404 WASHINGTON AV.

A VERY PRETTY 5-ROOM 9-ROOM RESIDENCE, BATH, HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEM; ALL CONVENiences; ALL IMPROVEMENTS MADE. LOT 50x127. PRICE \$9000.

5658 VON VERSEN AV.

A MODERN 5-1/2-STORY MILWAUKEE BRICK RESIDENCE OF 11 ROOMS AND BATH, HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEM AND ALL MODERN CONVENiences. LOT 60x155. PRICE \$9000.

A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE IN A GOOD NEIGHBORHOOD.

3822 DELMAR AV.

A VERY HANDSOME 3-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, WITH STONE PORCH ABOUT, 14 ROOMS AND 2 BATHROOMS, FURNACE AND ALL CONVENiences. LOT 59x132. PRICE \$5000.

LOOK AT THIS HOUSE AND NAME YOUR PRICE.

2007 and 2009 VIRGINIA AV.

ELLEGANT 3-STORY BRICK BUILDING, ARRANGED AS 2 FLATS, 5 ROOMS DOWN AND 7 ROOMS UP; ALL MODERN CONVENiences. LOT 40x128. RENT PER ANNUM, \$700. PRICE ONLY \$7000.

NOTHING NICER IN COMPTON HEIGHTS THIS WEEK.

5435 PAGE AV.

A MODERN 2-STORY 9-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE IN THE BEST OF CONDITION. LOT \$1150. PRICE REDUCED TO \$9200. THIS HOUSE IS ON THE CORNER OF AUBERT AV. ONLY \$1250 REQUIRED TO BUY THIS HOME.

5148 WEST MORGAN.

A LARGE 8-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE, WITH RECEPTION HALL, FURNACE, BATH, GAS AND ALL CONVENiences. LOT 50x170. PRICE HAS ALWAYS BEEN \$5000. IF SOLD THIS WEEK WILL TAKE \$7000.

2224 DICKSON STREET.

2-STORY BRICK TENEMENT PROPERTY; LARGE LOT, 40x151. RENT PER ANNUM, \$700. ONLY \$7000 CASH REQUIRED TO BUY THIS CHOICE INVESTMENT.

1416 STEWART PLACE.

A 5-ROOM BRICK HOME, ARRANGED AS FLATS; 4 ROOMS DOWN AND 5 ROOMS UP; BATH, CLOSETS, FURNACE, SCREENS, GAS FIXTURES, AWNING, CEMENTED CELLAR AND FINISHED LAUNDRY. LOT 25x125. A GENUINE BARGAIN AT \$4000.

1363 BLACKSTONE AV.

A VERY NICE BUFF-BRICK RESIDENCE OF 8 ROOMS AND RECEPTION HALL; FURNACE, BATH, GAS, ETC. LOT 52x145. THIS PROPERTY IS WORTH \$4500, BUT MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK. GO LOOK AT IT AND MAKE US AN OFFER.

5941-5943 HORTON PLACE,

SMALL INVESTMENT. Two 7-room houses; well built; rent \$600 per year; can be had for \$6000; part pay.

NICELY LOCATED HOME.

4136 MORGAN ST.

Two 7-room houses; well built; rent \$600 per year; can be had for \$6000; part pay.

HANSDOME RESIDENCE CHEAP.

5666 CLEMENS AV.

Double brick residence, 12 large rooms, spacious hall, beautiful bath, antique oak furniture; large lot; \$2500.

ELEGANT NEW HOUSES.

25-27 NORTH NEWSTEAD AV.

NICE LOCATION.

GRAND AV. N. E. COR. CASS.

16 FLATS, \$22,500.

INVESTMENT.

KENSINGTON AV. FLATS.

Two-story modern brick dwelling; finished in oak; reception hall, closets, toilet, bath, laundry, gas electric light, furnace, etc.; good fixtures; all modern conveniences. \$2500; easy terms.

GOAT RANCH—240 feet river front, facing Price Ranch, in center of Memphis between Hixson and Texas. \$1000 down, \$1000 cash, no limited bargain. Ad. C. N. Wm. Memphis.

PROPERTY.

St. Louis County, from 1 to 200 acres. B. C. Stevens Clayton, Mo.

FOR LEASE.

406 N. BROADWAY

Fivestory building for lease; heart of shopping district; steam heat; electric elevator, etc. JOHN S. BLAKE & BRO., 17 N. Seventh st.

FOR RENT.

Space on the roof of the Missouri Trust Building. This can be made an elegant cafe or photograph gallery. Highest observatory in the city. Will improve for good tenant.

MCNALLY, HARRIS & JONES REALTY CO., S. E. Cor. Eighth and Locust Sts.

FOR RENT.

Commonwealth Trust Co., 312 North Broadway.

FOR RENT.

Space on the roof of the Missouri Trust Building. This can be made an elegant cafe or photograph gallery. Highest observatory in the city. Will improve for good tenant.

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FOR RENT.

Commonwealth Trust Co., 312 North Broadway.

FOR RENT.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Most women-walkers are door-walkers in department stores. There are few faces that can afford not to appear occasionally.

Equality is a pipe dream. Flap-neck costumes make it difficult how far a few feminine tears will go with a man.

The tramp can't understand why the Sabbath is called the day of rest. He can't rest; he can't rest the next morning.

A man may gush over a woman, or vice versa, but the gushing is seldom mutual.

Some men spend half their lives in making a reputation and the other half in trying to live it down.

It sometimes happens that a married man dislikes to visit people who try to make him feel at home.

An average man could only sell the advice he gives away, would keep him looking after his income.

The tramp can't understand why the Sabbath is called the day of rest. He can't rest; he can't rest any more on Sunday than on weekdays.

PATRICIAN SHOES FOR WOMEN**AUTUMN DRIVES**

Find added pleasure where your feet enjoy perfect comfort.

Whether at mountains, country or lakeside a pair of PATRICIAN Shoes will be found to possess every requirement the fastidious woman demands. An infinite variety of styles—all one quality—the best.

\$3.50 pair

"Rock Oak" Soles on every pair.

T. J. REID SHOE CO.
411 to 415 N. Broadway,
St. Louis, Mo.
LEADING SHOE HOUSE IN THE WEST.

"A DRUG STORE FIRE"

Usually means an entire wreck of the place, but the damage done during the recent fire at

The Enderle Drug Co.'s New Drug Store

At Broadway and Market Street

Was from water only. The insurance companies stand this loss and you benefit by buying Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Rubber Goods, Combs and Brushes, Suspensories and Trusses—in fact everything—at

1/2—Half Price—1/2

Absorbent Cotton, pound.....	17c	Talcum Powder, box.....	3c
PATENT MEDICINES.			
Hosett's Extract, 100c	.67c	SUNDRIES	
Special Emulsion Cold Liver Oil, worth \$1. sale price, 50c; 2 for.....	.62c	Bicycle Cards.....	.15c pack
Liver Oil, 100c.....	.62c	Whisk Brooms.....	.5c
Perma.....	.75c	Rubber Combs.....	.1c
Envelopes.....	.10c	Tea Caddies.....	.10c
O. P. C. Suspensories.....	.50c	Letters.....	.50c for 50
Gum Mantles.....	.9c		
Harlem Oil.....	.3c	Waite's Fine 10c Soaps, 3 cakes for 14c	
CIGARS.			
Porto Rican Cigars.....	2 for .5c	EXTRA SPECIAL	
John Harper.....	10c	Chest Protectors.....	.95c
Owl.....	8 for 10c	1500 Tooth Brushes, your choice.....	.10c
Brown.....	4 for 25c	Bath Rum, pt. 20c, Beef, Iron and Wine 25c	
Swiss Capers, Cigarettes.....	4c pack	Blacking, box 1c	
Witch Hazel, pint.....	.8c	1/2 & 2 Licorice, 3 sticks for 6c	
ENDERLE DRUG CO., Broadway and Market Street.			

SAVING PRICES AT HILTS ON MEN'S, WOMEN'S and BOYS' SHOES MONDAY

You can increase your bank account with what you save here.

WOMEN'S SHOES.		MEN'S SHOES.	
At a saving of just.....	41c	Calf of patent leather box calf and vici; heavy or light leather.....	Regular \$3.00 values.
St. Louis made, of vici, kid, heavy or light soles; smart, well made—a regular \$2.00 shoe, regular \$1.59		Box calf and vici, regular \$1.75 values—only	\$2.19
WOMEN'S Shoes, for those who desire a \$1.50 St. Louis made Douglas kid, latest toes, patent or stock tips, medium and heavy soles; dressy and durable, only.....	98c	BOYS' SHOES—Size 2 1/2, box calf and vici, regular \$1.75 values—only	\$1.19
WHY NOT SAVE 52c?		YOUTH'S—Sizes 12 to 2, fine looking shoes—in vici kid and calf, regular \$1.50 values—only.....	98c

C. E. HILTS SHOE CO.

CUTTERS OF SHOE PRICES,
SIXTH AND FRANKLIN AV.

WHEN YOU BUYA

MERCANTILE

You are NOT paying for CHROMOS, SCHEMES, ETC., but for FINE QUALITY HAVANA TOBACCO. EQUAL TO IMPORTED CHAPS.

BRANDS THAT ARE KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD.

MORGAN MAY GET 'FRISCO SYSTEM

VOAKUM AND CAMPBELL CONTROL STOCK OF ROAD.

J. P. M. IS TRUSTEE FOR THEM

TIS SAID TRUST MAGNATE WANTS WESTERN AND SOUTHWESTERN OUTLETS FOR HIS SOUTHERN RAILROADS.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—President B. F. Morgan of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway, and James Campbell, the millionaire broker of St. Louis, who have purchased the San Francisco holdings of the Columbia of Boston, have thereby won the control of the system.

To insure retaining it they have joined with B. P. Cheney, a trustee who retains his interest in the stock, and have selected J. Pierpont Morgan to represent them as trustee for their united holdings.

The St. Louis Franchise secured an entrance into Birmingham, and it has been said that it was Mr. Morgan's intention to finally acquire it for an outlet to the West and South, which he desired to extend his system or southern railroads beyond the Mississippi river.

MISSOURI TIGERS SHUT OUT KANSAS

Washburn Was Clearly Outclassed and Played a Loose Open Game.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 1.—Missouri Tigers had an easy thing in the game with Washburn on the Columbian grounds this afternoon, and shut out the Kansas team out by a score of 28 to 0.

Washburn was clearly outclassed. Never at any time was there the Missouri goal in danger, and rarely was the ball on Missouri territory.

The individual work of Missouri was not particularly good, but the defense was excellent and the team showed a remarkable improvement in defense work. The Kansas team playing a loose open game and the ball was little used, easily passing through the line for large gains. Washburn held the ball for only a few downs during the game.

The game was called a few minutes after 2 o'clock with 25-minute halves. Clark, of the Washburns, kicked off and the ball went to Perry. Perry ran 10 yards and ended 20 yards. Blerney made a 20-yard run and the ball was steadily advanced by line gain. At the 15-yard line, Washburn made a touchdown in the first eight minutes.

Before the second touchdown was made, Washburn got the ball on a fumble, but Washburn had the ball again when the first touchdown was made Arlinger made the second and kicked goal.

Neither side scored during the remaining 25 minutes and at the first half ended 20 yards. Blerney made a 20-yard run and the ball was steadily advanced by line gain. At the 15-yard line, the Washburns gained the center of the field, where they punted it to Blerney, who carried it 20 yards and passed it to Perry. Perry then made a 20-yard dash and carried the ball to the 20-yard line, where Arlinger brokethrough the right side and scored another touchdown.

Arlinger kicked goal. Clark kicked off and Blerney caught the ball, making a dash of 15 yards and ending 20 yards. He was downed by Mehl. Arlinger carried the ball through to Perry, who rumbled and went to Perry. No goal.

After a resting five minutes of the half the Tigers scored another touchdown, the two Smiths, Arlinger and Wulf, doing good work.

The line-up is as follows:

Position	Washburn.	Klene.
Center	High guard.	High guard.
Childers.	Right guard.	Childers.
Haynes.	Right tackle.	Childers.
Hays.	Left guard.	Anderson.
L. W. Smith.	Right end.	Clark.
Hoff.	Left end.	McKee.
E. B. Smith.	Left end.	Stahl.
Blerney.	Right end.	Stahl.
Arlinger.	Right half back.	Stahl.
Perry.	Left half back.	Stahl.
Anamore.	Fullback.	Dahl.
Hogan.	Substitute.	Washburn.
Livingston.	Substitute.	Henshaw.
Substitutes.	Substitute.	Substitutes.
Linenamen-Woodson and Forster.	Linenamen-Woodson and Forster.	Linenamen-Woodson and Forster.
Timekeepers—Allen of Macon, Ga., and Linch of Washburn.		

This Oak Heating Stove, city make—worth \$6.50—Sale Price.

\$3.75

LARGE ARM RATTAN ROCKERS, like cut, worth \$5—Sale Price.

\$2.75

THIS POLISHED GOLDEN OAK CHIFFONIER, like cut, worth \$4.50—Sale Price.

\$3.98

CREDIT FREELY GIVEN

3 Rooms furnished complete, Kitchen, Bedroom and Sitting Room \$72.00

2 Rooms furnished complete for light housekeeping \$48.00

Each outfit includes Bedding, Curtains, Carpets and Everything needed for the room—on credit, with very small payments to suit your convenience—come tomorrow.

Handsome polished Golden Oak Bedroom Suite, like cut, was \$25—Sale Price.

\$16.50

OUR "CHALLENGE" STEEL FOLDING COUCH

When open forms three-quarter and full-size bed—the latest and most sanitary bed made—price was \$12—Monday and Tuesday.....

\$6.48

FULL PAID

Send for booklet.

W. H. BALDWIN & CO., Brokers and Financial Agents, 49-50-51 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

REFERENCE—Bradstreet's and Dun's Agencies; State Bank & Trust Co., Los Angeles, Cal.; any mining journal of the state or prominent mining men.

60 PER CENT PER ANNUM GUARANTEED

THE CALIFORNIA-NEVADA MINING COMPANY

Strikes It Rich.

\$16,000 per month is now being paid out of the mines.

President McElroy states the mines much more valuable than claimed in their prospectus, and feels quite sure they will be able to pay much larger dividends than promised, which is 60 per cent per annum on the par value of stock when mill is completed, and that will be inside of four months.

PRESENT PRICE 50 CENTS PER SHARE, FAIR VALUE \$1.00.

Dividends 2 per cent per month on the par value guaranteed regular until mill is completed.

Reader, you should look this up. It is the greatest mining proposition that has been upon the American market in 20 years, if ever before.

Write for prospectus.

W. H. BALDWIN & CO., BROKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS, 49-50-51 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

REFERENCE—Bradstreet's and Dun's Agencies; State Bank & Trust Co., Los Angeles, Cal.; any mining journal of the state or prominent mining men.

WALL STREET SYNDICATES AND THEIR PROFITS

GEO. FELLMAN & CO., Bankers, 90-94 Wall St., New York.

RUPTURE

Frequently and permanently cured. No operation, no drugs, no leeches, no baths, no poultices.

Mr. W. D. KEELER, 100 Wall St., New York.

THIS COLD WATCH FREE!

Send for booklet.

W. H. BALDWIN & CO., 49-50-51 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE GOLDEN GATE MINING COMPANY.

Stock of the Golden Gate Mining Company was a rapid seller this week. President Drury has gone to the mines to take personal charge. R. M. Fry of the R. M. Fry Lumber Company conducts the affairs of the company in St. Louis. This is absolutely and positively a safe investment. We cheerfully recommend it to the best friends we have on earth. All of the ore now coming out of the main shaft shows gold. Work is going forward night and day. You may expect an advance in the price of stock most any time. Better buy it today at 50c a share. Par value \$1.00. Do not carry that dollar around in your pocket. Send it to us. Let us double it for you three or four times. You all know our reputation and that you make money when you buy stocks from us.

T. S. HENDERSON & CO., Sept. 11, 206 Continental Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.

FOOTBALL VICTIM DIES AT BAYONNE

play as the injury did not seem serious.

Blood poison set up three days later.

ILLINOIS SLAUGHTERED INDIANA.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Nov. 1.—Illinois defeated Indiana today, 10 to 0. Illinois was outclassed in every play. Indiana's scrub team in the last half. Stan's punting was the feature of the game. He punts 50 yards every time he is called.

NEBRASKA SCOOPED HASKELL.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 1.—Lincoln University defeated the Indians yesterday afternoon, 28 to 0. The Indians held their own well in the first half, but went to a game of football.

In a lively scrimmage young Devine was at

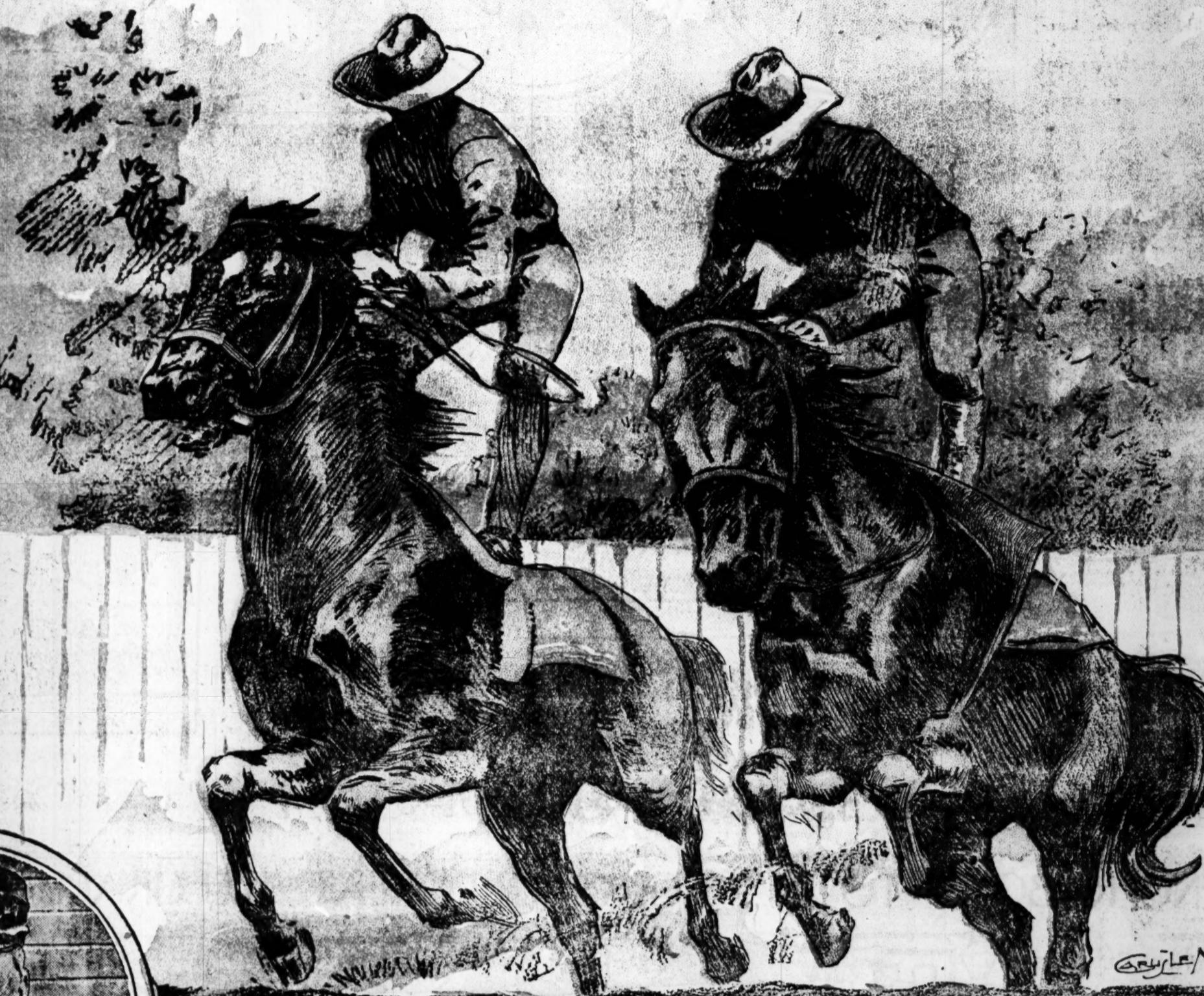
SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1902.

LET TO A CRACK CAVALRYMAN IN SIX MONTHS



THE RAW MATERIAL
A RECRUIT JUST ARRIVED
AT THE BARRACKS.



THIS RECRUIT HAS
BEEN IN THE SERVICE
THREE DAYS



COL. L. H. RUCKER, 8TH U.S. CAVALRY, COMMANDING AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS.



THESE ARE THE CRACK RIDERS OF THE 4TH AND 8TH CAVALRIES.

THE best cavalry on earth is being made every day down at Jefferson Barracks, on the south edge of St. Louis.

Jefferson Barracks is the army rendezvous for all the cavalrymen recruited in the United States east of the Rocky Mountains. If a young man enlists in the cavalry at Bangor, Me., today, he will turn up next week at Jefferson Barracks, there to be made one of the crack cavalrymen of the best cavalry on earth. The men recruited west of the Rocky Mountains are sent to the Presidio, in California.

Six months are required to make the finished product of the raw material at Jefferson Barracks. The raw material knows nothing of the service. It cannot even do foot drill. It cannot ride. It knows nothing of mounted maneuvers. It is ordinarily a little timid when it mounts into the saddle of a gentle horse.

The finished product is a machine. It knows the whole manual of



THE FINISHED PRODUCT - SERGEANT
MAJOR C. H. WHITEHURST THE
HIGHEST NON-COMMISSIONED
OFFICER IN THE REGIMENT



CRACK CAVALRYMAN STANDING ON A JUMPING HORSE.

arms. It knows the way of the cavalry. It can ride like the wind and shoot and saber and get the most out of a horse.

The United States Cavalry possesses Jefferson Barracks these days, and will possess it until after the Louisiana Purchase Fair. There are 768 cavalrymen at the post.

The Fourth and Eighth United States Cavalry are not long home from the Philippines, and, in addition to these, there are many raw recruits. They numbered 268 a few days ago. More were coming in every day. Crack troops are being recruited to escort European dignitaries who visit the World's Fair.

The commander of the post is Col. L. H. Rucker of the Eighth. He has eight troops of cavalry there (75 cavalrymen comprise a troop), and the Barracks is a much livelier place now than it has been since it was made a mobilizing station during the Spanish-American war.

MICROBES AWAITS YOU IN THE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PHONES

Mouthpiece and Receiver Are Carriers of Disease Germs That Include Those of Consumption, Smallpox and Diphtheria.

A CRUSADE AGAINST THE BACILLI

HELLO! Is your telephone clean? St. Louis telephones must be washed every day hereafter.

Dr. Max Starkloff, the health officer, is preparing an ordinance to make it compulsory upon everyone in St. Louis to have his or her telephone washed with soap and water or rubbed off with a warm, wet cloth every day.

To prevent the bacilli of disease from lodging and multiplying upon the mouthpiece or ear trumpet of the phone and infecting someone whose lip or ear comes in contact with these parts of the instrument.

The New York health officials have determined to keep the telephone of New York clean.

They are convinced that the telephone is a carrier of disease, especially the public phones.

The health officer at Louisville, Ky., is beginning a clean telephone crusade. He writes to St. Louis to get the suggestions of Dr. Starkloff, the health officer, and Dr. Charles A. Snodgrass, the city bacteriologist.

So the clean telephone movement is not confined to St. Louis.

YOU are a back number if you are not cleaning the mouthpiece and ear trumpet of your telephone once a day with a cloth dipped in warm water. All telephones are numbered, so the dirty telephone is a back number.

They are learning things. They are convinced that the tiny germs of disease are upon telephones.

The doctors say that 50 per cent of the people have consumption in some form at some period of their lives. Seventeen per cent of these are killed by it. The others get well and die of something else.

So that half the people who use your telephone are going to have or have had or have at the moment the bacilli of tuberculosis about them.

They put their lips close to the mouthpiece, and the trumpet up against the ear. If they cough, and have consumption, the germs are more than likely deposited upon the telephone. They dry there, and a healthy person comes along, puts his or her lips close to the phone, possibly touching it, and the trumpet to the ear.

The bacilli are there. They are alive.

They may seize upon the man or the woman at the phone. Consumption may do.

It would never have happened had the phone been rubbed clean with a wet cloth that day.

What a little thing to do! Yet what an effective precaution.

Do you know anything about the germ of St. Louis to be clean. He would like to have the money of St. Louis clean.

He would like to have such a regard for health in St. Louis that no man would spit upon the sidewalk. But the clean telephone is the only one of these reforms promising immediate response.

By DR. MAX STARKLOFF, Health Officer of St. Louis.

THE man gets serious when someone mentions consumption. They appear just a bit irritated. This is the reason:

Consumption could be stamped out in St. Louis. St. Louis takes no precautions against consumption.

Now, that is a pretty mess to set before the King of Islam, when he comes. It aggravates the doctors to think that, while consumption kills more people in St. Louis than any other disease, St. Louis takes the least precaution against it.

It is smallpox in a house and a sign goes up to notify the community of the quarantine. People walk around the block to avoid it. Little children skip by the house in terror. "Werewolves" in the neighborhood whisper "smallpox!"

But that is not the way consumption is treated. It excites sympathy, pity, but not alarm. There is no quarantine, yet the doctors all say consumption is infectious and contagious.

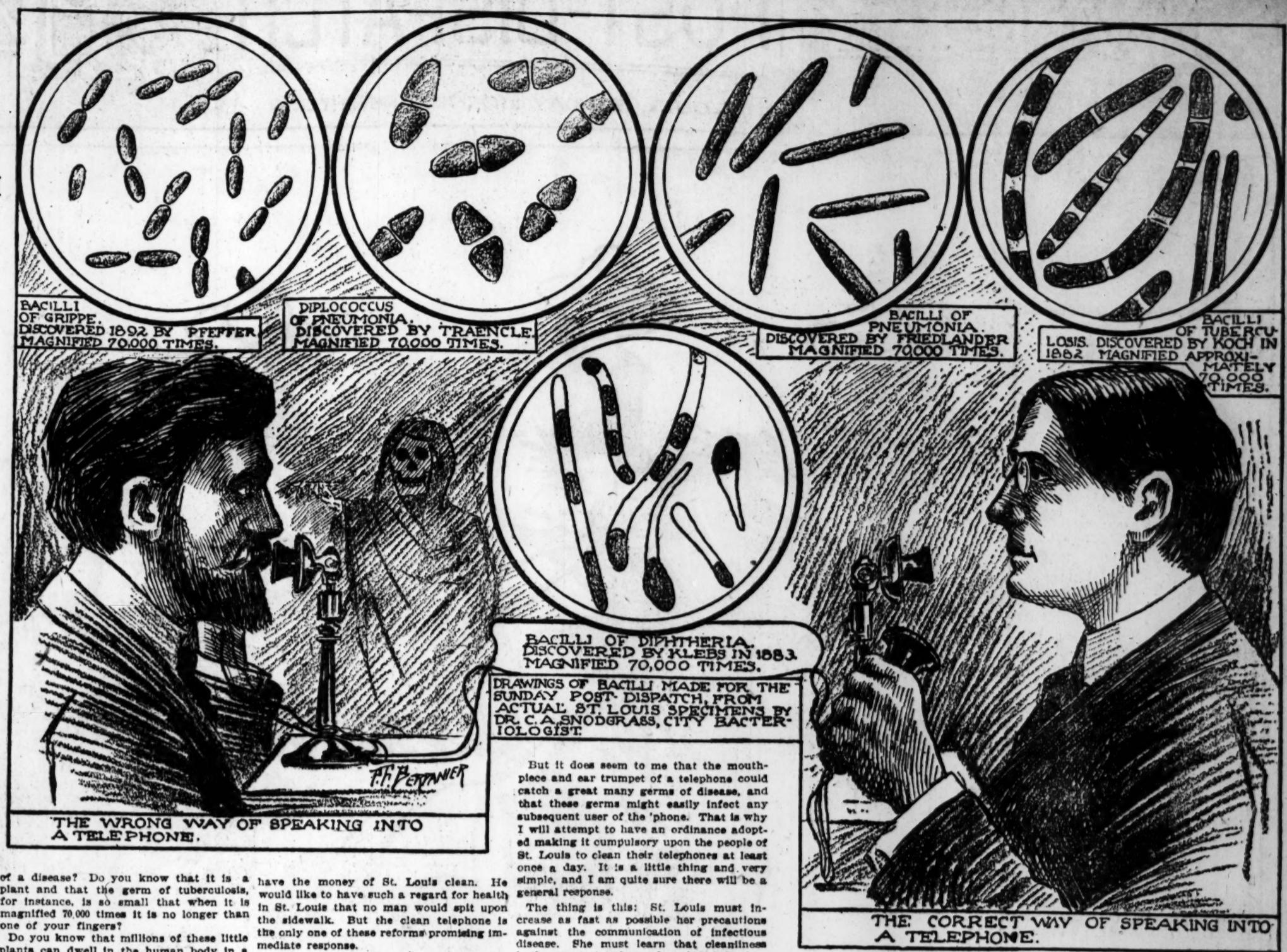
Do you know anything about the germ of St. Louis to be clean. He would like to suspect it is.

Do you know that it is a plant and that the germ of tuberculosis, for instance, is so small that when it is magnified 70,000 times, it is no longer than one of your fingers?

Do you know that millions of these little plants can dwell in the human body in a space not larger than a 25-cent piece?

Do you know they are constantly escaping from a consumptive and that they lodge somewhere and dry out, to go flying with the winds and lodge wherever they may?

Dr. Starkloff knows these things. That is the reason he wants the telephones of St. Louis to be clean. He would like to suspect it is.



THE WRONG WAY OF SPEAKING INTO A TELEPHONE.

BACILLI OF DIPHTHERIA, DISCOVERED BY KLEBS IN 1883. DRAWINGS OF BACILLI MADE FOR THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, FROM ACTUAL ST. LOUIS SPECIMENS BY DR. C. A. SNODGRASS, CITY BACTERIOLOGIST.

P. H. BENTON

THE CORRECT WAY OF SPEAKING INTO A TELEPHONE.

But it does seem to me that the mouth-piece and ear trumpet of a telephone could catch a great many germs of disease, and that these germs might easily infect any subsequent user of the phone. That is why I will attempt to have an ordinance adopted making it compulsory upon the people of St. Louis to clean their telephones at least once a day. It is a little thing and very simple, and I am quite sure there will be a general response.

The thing is this: St. Louis must increase as fast as possible her precautions against the communication of infectious disease. She must learn that cleanliness is the greatest safeguard against infection. She must learn that tuberculosis can be conquered.

She must learn that all such common diseases as grip, diphtheria and many other carriers of the germs of disease, she may be passed along by people coming in contact in ways which could easily be prevented.

Our chief fight, of course, is directed upon

consumption. It is our arch enemy. It is public comes in contact. They are alive. so general that half the people have it at some period in their lives. We treat it so alike. The results are frightful. If cleaning the telephones saved but one life in St. Louis in a year it would be a sufficient reward for the precaution. But I am sure that, persisted in, it would give 26, perhaps themselves to many things with which the 30.

FROM MESSENGER BOYS TO MANAGERS OF GREAT TELEGRAPH COMPANIES

The Phenomenal Rise of Prominent St. Louisans From Humble Positions and How They Succeeded in Life.

BE A little choice of language when you address the messenger boy who pulls the wire of your doorbell out by the roots, if you are old-fashioned; or puts a match under the depressed electric button and devotes his whole being to the business of kicking in your front door, if you are a user of modern enclosures.

This same messenger boy, in a year or two, or in four or five years at the farthest, is likely to be the head of some mercantile house, or some manufactory, or some bank, or some telegraph company.

The St. Louis messenger boy focused the public eye by going on strike for 24 hours.

His importance to the community itself showed only when he was not on hand to run the community's errands. Then the messenger boy became a theme of conversation.

A great many St. Louisans of high degree were once messenger boys themselves. There are 500 messenger boys in St. Louis, varying in age from 12 to 18 years.

By E. J. NALLY, General Superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Co., Formerly a St. Louis Messenger Boy.

THE office of a commercial telegraph boy is to take a sign and stand outside the office, holding a sign which says, "I believe the best training school for active business life open to the self-supporting boy or young man. It is the widest and most direct door to commercial opportunity that a bright lad can hope to enter."

The telegraph official's telephone is frequently rung by patrons who ask, "Can't you send us a bright boy right away?"

The man who makes this request knows by personal observation and experience that the telegraph official has just had the kind of a boy on his payroll. The boy who must make his own way and find his niche in the rough and tumble of business strife can do no better than begin as a messenger boy. The boy who has learned the kind that sharpens the wits, focuses the observation, broadens the view, fires the energies, fortifies the resourcefulness and inspires with a sense of exacting responsibility.

A large proportion of the lads in the service contribute to the support of widowed mothers. They early learn what it means to carry the burden of a family and this steadies their course and gives seriousness and direction to their characters and careers.

By G. E. PAINE, Superintendent Western Division, Postal Telegraph Co., Once a Messenger Boy.

CAN conceive no better training for a boy than that supplied by the messenger service. He is brought in contact with the world early in life and learns ways of doing things that he has learned. And he learns more than the other boy ever can know. The other boy may know something sometimes of the methods of one or two concerns. The messenger goes everywhere. In time he becomes a person of judgment. Self-reliance is one of the first things taught him.

He is now convinced that he is of importance in the affairs and so he begins reaching the



GEORGE MCGANN, MANAGER MISSOURI DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO.

E.P. POWERS, ASSISTANT MANAGER MISSOURI DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO.

RUDOLPH J.H. BOHLE, MANAGER WESTERN UNION ST. LOUIS.

G.E. PAINE, SUPERINTENDENT THIRD DISTRICT WESTERN POSTAL TELEGRAPH CABLE.

AT ONE TIME MESSENGER BOYS.

THESE FOUR MEN WERE.

ARTHUR BETZ, SERGEANT OF MISSOURI DISTRICT TELEGRAPH MESSANGER SERVICE, WHO HAS AMBITIONS.

THESE FOUR MEN WERE.

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ARTHUR BETZ, SERGEANT OF MISSOURI

72 HOURS AS A SALVATION ARMY LASS IN ST. LOUIS

Experiences of a Sunday Post-Dispatch Woman Representative Selling War Crys and Ministering to the Sick and Poor. 22

Gen. Wm. Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army, will visit St. Louis on January 10 and 11, 1903.



VISITING THE SICK AND POOR

A WOMAN representative of the Sunday Post-Dispatch put on a uniform of a captain in the Salvation Army and for 72 hours studied their methods and charities.

She sold War Crys, visited the slums, dives, Hop Alley and saloons. She assisted the "lassies" in nursing the babies in the day nursery, caring for the sick and destitute of the slums; attended their open air meetings, and marched the streets with the soldiers.

For 72 hours she lost her identity as a newspaper woman and became a Salvationist, living at the barracks and taking an active part in the workings of the army.

She went about the city unaccompanied to learn the attitude of the public toward the uniform and the amount of protection it was to the wearer.

The following is a brief account of her experience as a Salvation Army captain:

BY ANITA MOORE.

WOULD you know practical Christianity? Would you know the good such Christianity does, how far-reaching? How it is applied in daily life? If you would you must follow the Salvation Army lasses who have hearts of mercy and loves as I have done.

I had often wondered what the real life of the Salvation Army lasses was. I longed to know wherein it differed from mine and that of hundreds of thousands of other women. I was anxious to know how the public treated them; what their work was whether they shrank from unpleasant duties.

I determined to find all this out by personal experience. I asked Capt. Emma Kolb, the champion War Cry seller of the world, to take me with her, dressed in the uniform of the army. Here goes:

"I will be glad to, if I can find a uniform to fit me. Be at the barracks, 1411 Franklin avenue, Wednesday morning by 8 o'clock. I think I can fit you out."

On Wednesday morning promptly at 8 o'clock I appeared at the barracks of Corps No. 1. Capt. Kolb greeted me kindly. She had the promised uniform ready for me to put on.

It was a beautiful sunny October morning. We started out with our War Crys under our arms. Capt. Kolb full of assurance and knowledge, I filled with expectation and wonder as to what the day would bring forth.

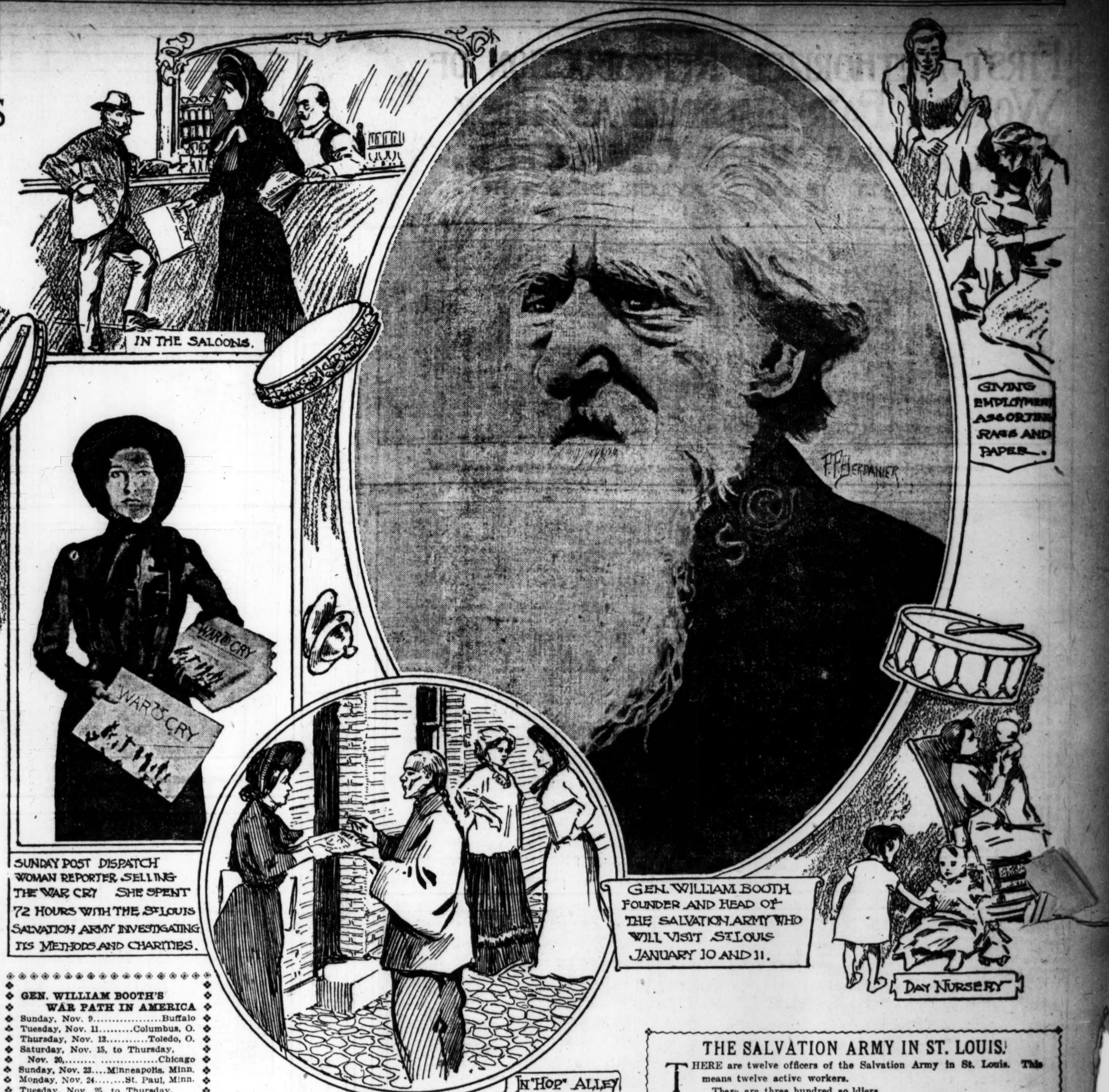
We commenced selling papers on Second and Olive streets. At first I could not sell for watching Capt. Kolb. She seldom asked anyone to buy. She would just hold out the paper. The name of the paper seemed out of harmony with this genteel news vendor.

In and out of the dingy Second and Third street buildings the Merchants' Exchange and the large office buildings on Fourth and Broadway we passed. The captain knew her route well. She knew her regular customers who were sometimes buyers, and she knew the "no-buyers."

When the men were busy she would not interrupt them. She would stand and quietly wait. I asked her why she spent so much time in waiting. She smiled and replied: "It is not wasted time. It would be very inconsiderate of me to interrupt people when they are busy. You must apply the Golden Rule even in selling War Crys. Their time is valuable. They are all so kind and good to me."

Her customers seemed to appreciate this consideration on her part, for they always rewarded her by buying a paper.

Everywhere the men were greeted with a pleasant "Good morning, captain. How are you this morning?" What does the mean, boasting in a new soldier? You are not going to leave us?" or "Good morn-



SUNDAY POST DISPATCH WOMAN REPORTER SELLING THE WAR CRY SHE SPENT 72 HOURS WITH THE ST. LOUIS SALVATION ARMY INVESTIGATING ITS METHODS AND CHARITIES.

GEN. WILLIAM BOOTH'S WAR PATH IN AMERICA

Sunday, Nov. 9.....Buffalo
Tuesday, Nov. 11.....Columbus, O.
Thursday, Nov. 13.....Toledo, O.
Saturday, Nov. 15, to Thursday,
Nov. 20.....Chicago
Sunday, Nov. 22.....Minneapolis, Minn.
Tuesday, Nov. 24.....St. Paul, Minn.
Tuesday, Nov. 25, to Thursday,
Nov. 27.....Minneapolis, Minn.

Sunday, Nov. 30, to Thursday,
Dec. 3.....Canada

Monday, Dec. 4, to Thursday,
Dec. 11.....Kansas City, Mo.

Wednesday, Dec. 14.....Denver, Colo.

Thursday, Dec. 15, Los Angeles, Cal.

Saturday, Dec. 27.....San Francisco

Sunday, Dec. 28.....Oakland, Cal.

Monday, Dec. 29, to Thursday,
Jan. 1.....San Francisco

Thursday, Jan. 8.....St. Joseph, Mo.

Saturday, Jan. 10, and Sunday,
Jan. 11.....St. Louis

Tuesday, Jan. 13.....Birmingham, Ala.

Wednesday, Jan. 15.....Cincinnati, O.

Saturday, Jan. 17, to Thursday,
Jan. 22.....Cleveland, O.

Sunday, Jan. 25.....Pittsburg

Tuesday, January 27.....Washington

Wednesday, Jan. 29.....Baltimore, Md.

Thursday, Jan. 31, Monday,

Feb. 2.....Philadelphia

Thursday, Feb. 5.....Worcester, Mass.

Saturday, Feb. 7, Tuesday,

Feb. 9.....Boston

Wednesday, Feb. 11, to Friday, Feb.

13.....New York City Staff Councils

Tuesday, Feb. 17, and Wednesday,

Feb. 18.....New York City Farewell

200 men can find shelter for the night for the sum of 10 and 5 cents if they have it and if not they get the shelter just the same. They can also get a substantial meal on the same terms.

We also went to the salvage station, Second and Walnut streets. Here men and women sort waste papers. Here is where people are sent who are able and willing to work. The Salvation Army believes that the best way to help people is to help them to help themselves.

In the evening I attended two open air meetings and the services in the barracks.

At the open air meeting held before the Lindell Hotel, a large crowd of well-dressed men and women gathered and contributed freely to the army. We marched down the street to Twelfth street and Franklin avenue where another open air meeting was conducted; then on to the barracks.

After Capt. Kolb and I had retired to her room we talked over the happenings of the day. And I found this noble sacrificing woman just as innocent and girlish in her manner as the most exclusive society people when they are busy. He bought a paper and we passed out.

When I asked Capt. Kolb if she was not frightened, she said, "No, there was no danger. We always have friends; some one is always ready to defend us. You never see anything yet, I shall have to take you along with me Saturday night."

During the noon hour Capt. Kolb took me to the "Shelter" on Ninth and Market streets. Here were rows of cots where

who have to work, can leave their babies at 5 cents per day. If they do not have the money they can leave them anyway and the babies will be well cared for.

I changed my field officers uniform to that of a slum officer and Capt. Mary Kopitschek and I visited the slums. We went from door to door in the miserable district of Second, Valentine, Poplar and other streets, asking after the physical ills and needs, as well as the spiritual welfare. Most doors were open to us. The inmates welcomed us. At one place the door was slammed in our faces and a volley of oaths was hurled at us.

In one wretched hovel we found a sick mother with a 2-day-old baby and 3-year-old child. The father had deserted them. There was not a crust in the house.

Capt. Kopitschek took charge. She sent me to the store to buy some bread, tea and sugar, while she made the sick mother and little babe comfortable. We washed and combed the little child and dressed the dishes, and tidied up the room as best I could. The lieutenant prepared the mother some toast and tea. We left, and the tenant promised to send help.

This is the work the slum lasses perform. It is no wonder they are frequently called "slum angels." The slum lasses does whatever is to be done, from scrubbing the floor to washing and dressing the baby and buying and preparing food. Her mission is a noble one.

I am sick with the horror of want and poverty and vice. Yet, the lieutenant tells me that the slums and dives are nothing in comparison with that of Chicago and New York.

I visited the Rescue Home, 2740 Marine avenue, in charge of Ensign Dorothy Mauver. What a beautiful home-like place it is. Here they take in unfortunate young women and care for them in their hour of need. They will keep them and teach them some useful occupation, according to the ability of the girls. They train them to become proficient housewives, cooks, seamstresses, etc. They secure these employments and do all they can to encourage the mothers to care for and keep their babies.

In the evening I attended two open air meetings and the services in the barracks. At the open air meeting held before the Lindell Hotel, a large crowd of well-dressed men and women gathered and contributed freely to the army. We marched down the street to Twelfth street and Franklin avenue where another open air meeting was conducted; then on to the barracks.

Only the officers live at the barracks. Each officer has his or her separate apartment. The officers at Corps No. 1 are Ensign S. C. Isaacs and wife and Capt. Kolb.

After Capt. Kolb and I had retired to her room we talked over the happenings of the day. And I found this noble sacrificing woman just as innocent and girlish in her manner as the most exclusive society people when they are busy. He bought a paper and we passed out.

When I asked Capt. Kolb if she was not frightened, she said, "No, there was no danger. We always have friends; some one is always ready to defend us. You never see anything yet, I shall have to take you along with me Saturday night."

During the noon hour Capt. Kolb took me to the "Shelter" on Ninth and Market streets. Here were rows of cots where

the mothers to care for and keep their babies.

Every Thursday afternoon there is a reception for the girls. Those who are out working can come home and take dinner working. Sunday afternoon there is a religious service at the home for the girls and those whose duties will permit them are welcome to remain for the service.

The "salooning" trip Saturday night showed the worst side of St. Louis and the hardest work of the Salvation Army lasses. We went through the dives on Sec-

GEN. WILLIAM BOOTH
FOUNDER AND HEAD OF
THE SALVATION ARMY WHO
WILL VISIT ST. LOUIS
JANUARY 10 AND 11.

THE SALVATION ARMY IN ST. LOUIS!

HERE are twelve officers of the Salvation Army in St. Louis. This means twelve active workers.

There are three hundred soldiers.

The average of "prisoners," or converts, per month is 41.

Fifteen hundred War Crys are sold every week.

Ten hundred and five War Crys are sold by Capt. Emma Kolb, the champion War Cry seller of the world.

There are five branches of the Salvation Army in St. Louis.

Corps No. 1, the field work, 1413 Franklin avenue, in charge of Ensign S. C. Isaacs.

Slum Corps, 1721 South Broadway, in charge of Adj't. E. Stewart, also day nursery.

Rescue Home for Women, 2740 Marine avenue, in charge of Ensign Dorothy Maurer.

Two shelters, for men only, Sixth and Market streets and Ninth and Market streets, under the supervision of Capt. A. Trudgeon.

Salve Corps, Second and Walnut streets, where people are employed.

The only support outside of the sale of the War Crys is what is contributed by charitable people.

The Army secures employment for hundreds of unemployed. The good they do is inestimable.

The Salvation Army is received kindly by the St. Louisans.

The Salvationist places God first, humanity second, self last.

As we were passing on Twenty-second street between Pine and Chestnut streets we heard the cries of a woman. Capt. Kolb turned and entered the stable where the cries came from. I clung to her skirts and begged her not to go in. But she did touch her head. She shuddered at the thought of it.

As we were passing on Twenty-second street between Pine and Chestnut streets we heard the cries of a woman. Capt. Kolb turned and entered the stable where the cries came from. I clung to her skirts and begged her not to go in. But she did touch her head. She shuddered at the thought of it.

We found the most wretched looking creature I ever saw and eight men standing around her. Capt. Kolb raised the woman to her feet, brushed off her filthy rags and pinched back her hair. I could not have touched her; I shuddered at the thought of it.

One man swore at us and told us to move on, that the police would come along and we would all get in trouble. The rest of the men all turned toward him. I realized the great good the Salvation Army accomplished and at what a sacrifice it was.

During the night Capt. Kolb sent a number of men to the shelter. She had comforted others, and perhaps had saved others from themselves.

The Rescue Home, 2740 Marine avenue, is in charge of Ensign Dorothy Maurer.

The Salvage, Second and Walnut streets, where people are given employment.

Two shelters, one at Sixth and Market streets and Ninth and Market streets. These shelters are for men only. The Army are contemplating opening a shelter for women. They find that such a shelter is badly needed, as the Rescue Home is filled.

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In July, 1865, the banner of the Salvation Army was first unfurled by its founder, Gen. Booth, in the East End of London. In 1873 the first shot in its behalf was fired on American soil. Fifteen years ago the first battle, which established the army in St. Louis was fought.

The agreed founder has come to the United States to make a mammoth salvation campaign. He will be in St. Louis Jan. 10 and 11, 1903.

During the 15 years the Salvation Army has been established in St. Louis they have averaged 15,000 "prisoners," or converts, per year, and buy their clothing, and meet all other personal expenses.

All the officers must take a course of training. They must learn to do all sorts of work, including the various other religious institutions and churches of the city. They must take a special course of study.

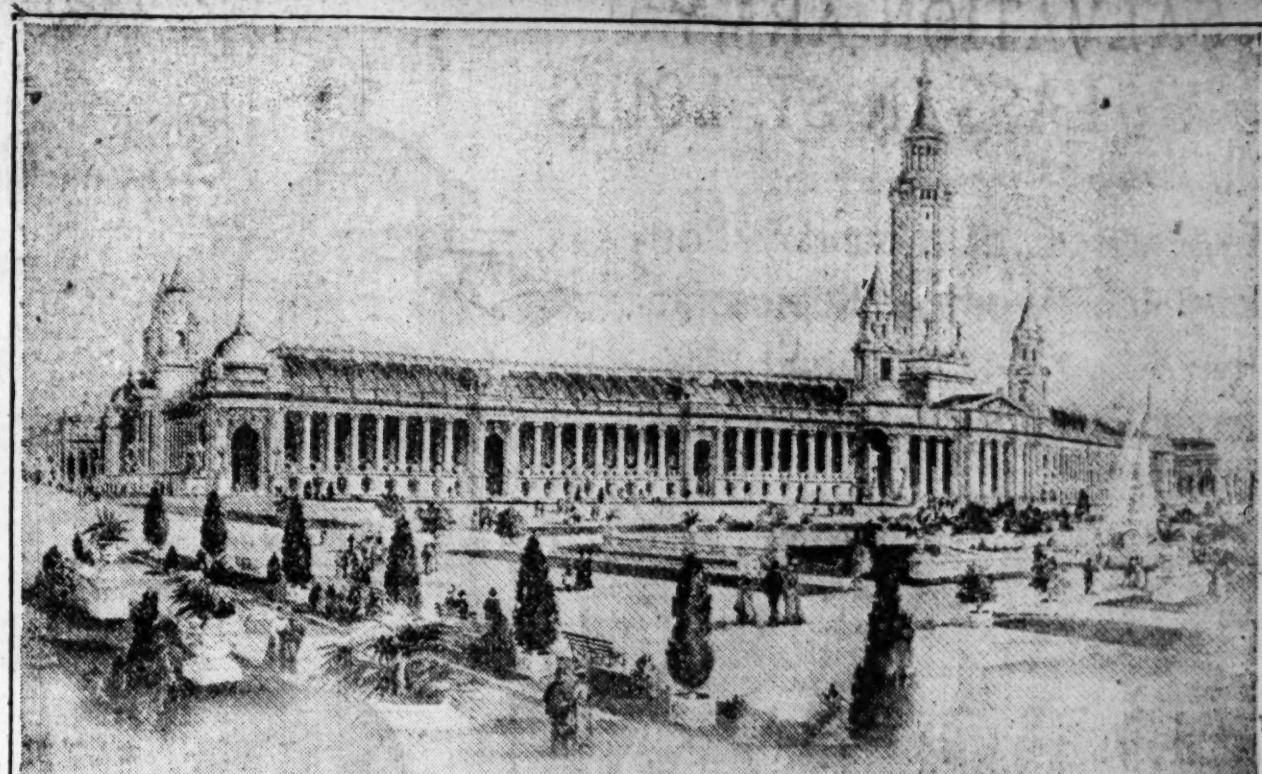
The number of poor they have assisted, the Bible course, a trained nurse course and a good they have accomplished is beyond course in book-keeping.

FIRST AUTHORIZED REPRODUCTION OF WORLD'S FAIR BUILDINGS AS THEY WILL APPEAR WHEN COMPLETED.

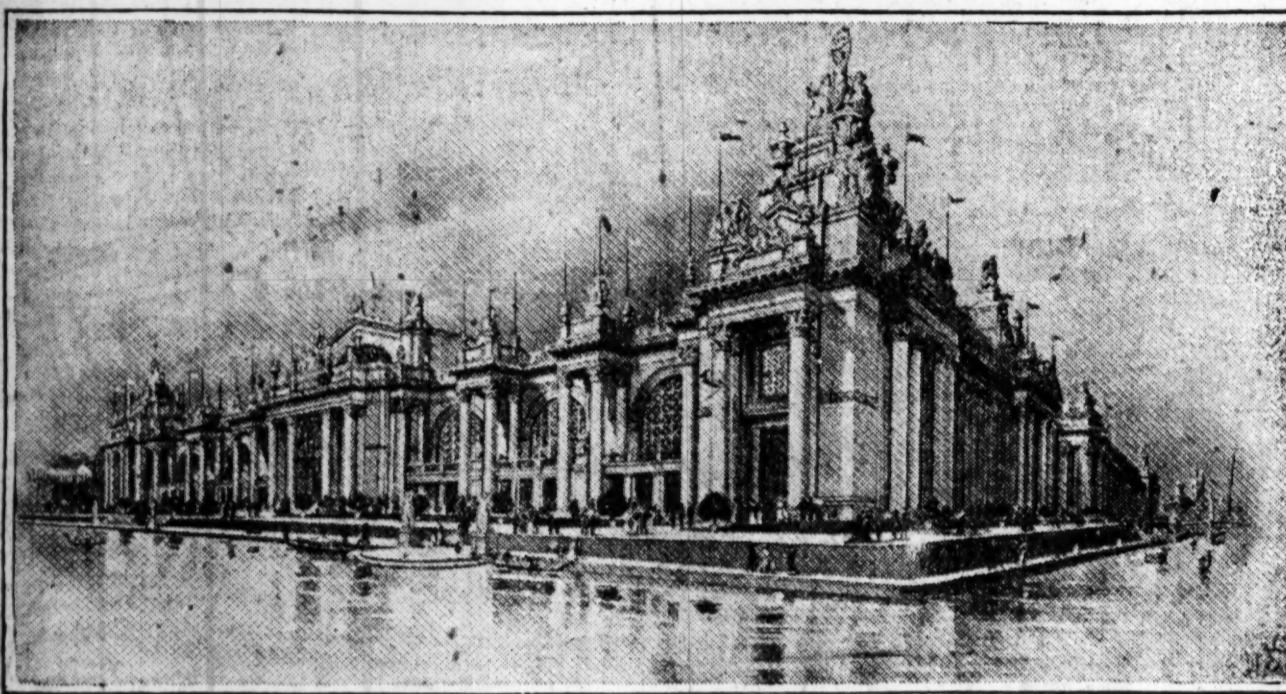
FURNISHED BY ISAAC S. TAYLOR, DIRECTOR
OF WORKS.



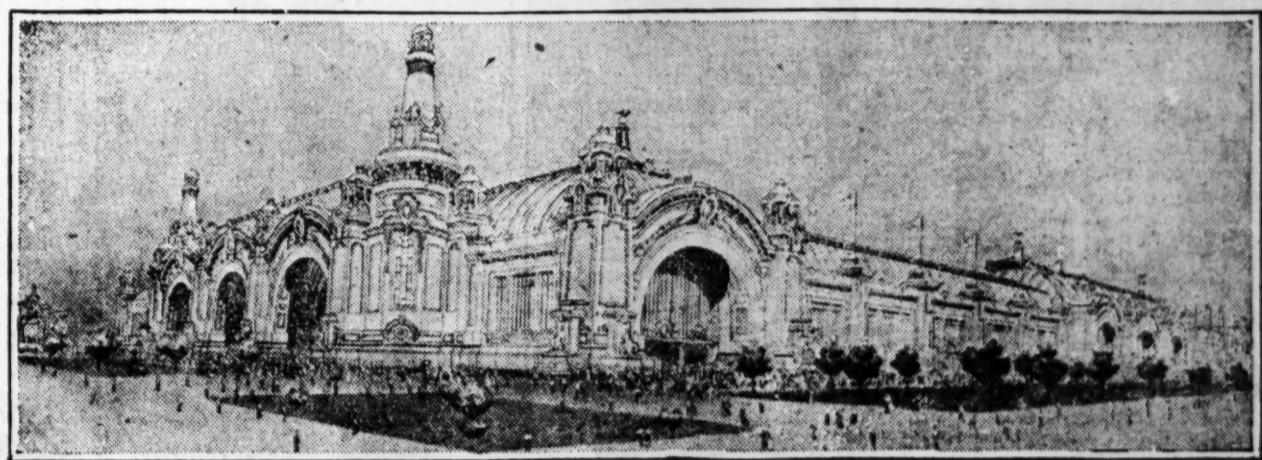
PALACE OF ARTS.
Consisting of Three Separate Structures. Having a Frontage of 836 Feet and Two of Them a Depth of 480 Feet. Cost, \$1,000,000.



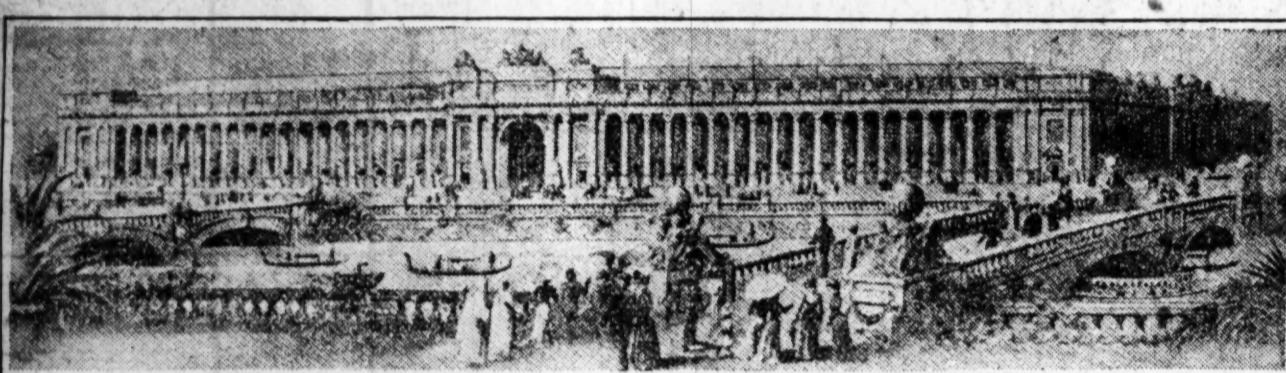
PALACE OF VARIED INDUSTRIES.
Dimensions, 525 by 1200 Feet. Approximate Area, 14 Acres. Cost, \$104,000.



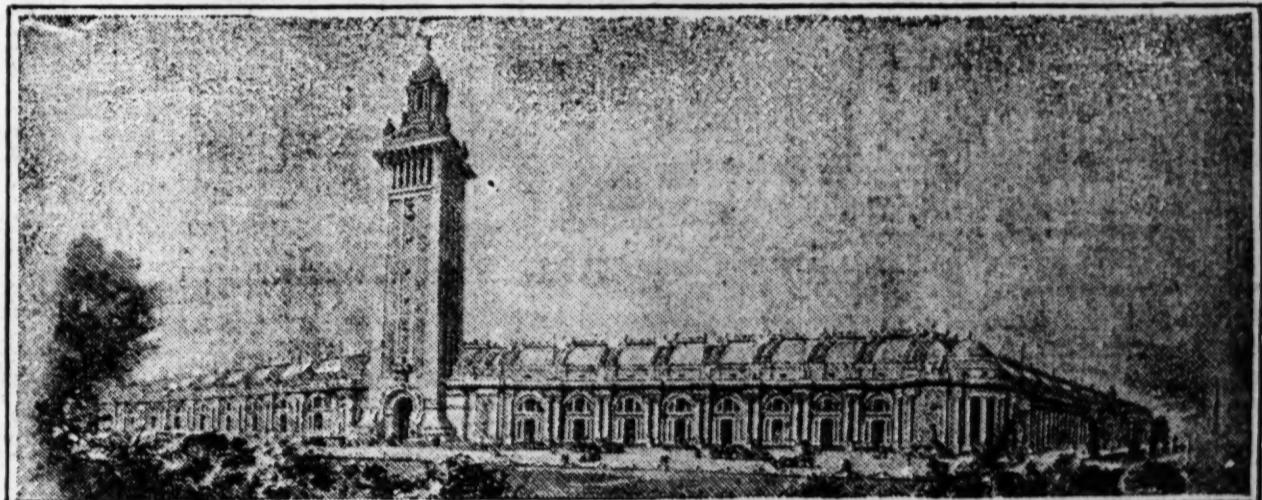
PALACE OF ELECTRICITY.
Dimensions, 525 Feet by an Average of 600 Feet. Approximate Area, Seven Acres. Cost, \$108,840.



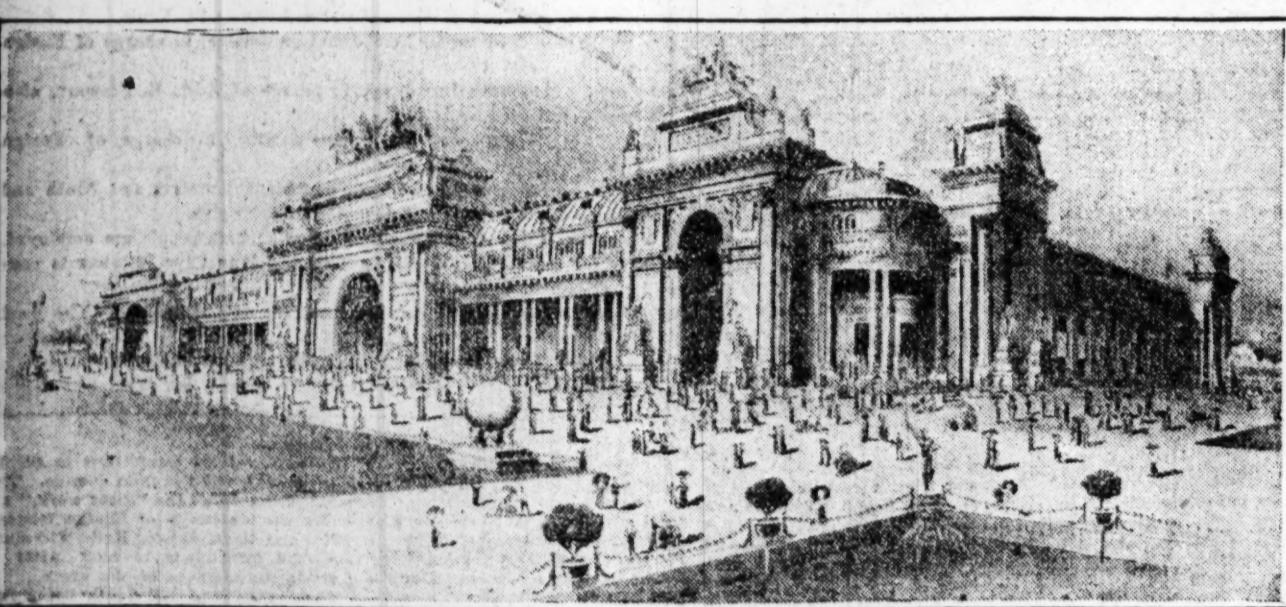
PALACE OF TRANSPORTATION.
Largest of the Exhibit Buildings in the "Main Picture." Dimensions, 525 by 1300 Feet. Area, 13 Acres. Will Contain Four Miles of Tracks for Railway Exhibits.



PALACE OF TEXTILES.
Dimensions 600 Feet by an Average of 600 Feet. Approximate Area, Seven Acres. One of the Three Great Buildings Devoted to the Department of Manufactures; the Others Being the Manufactures and Varied Industries Buildings. Cost \$118,390.



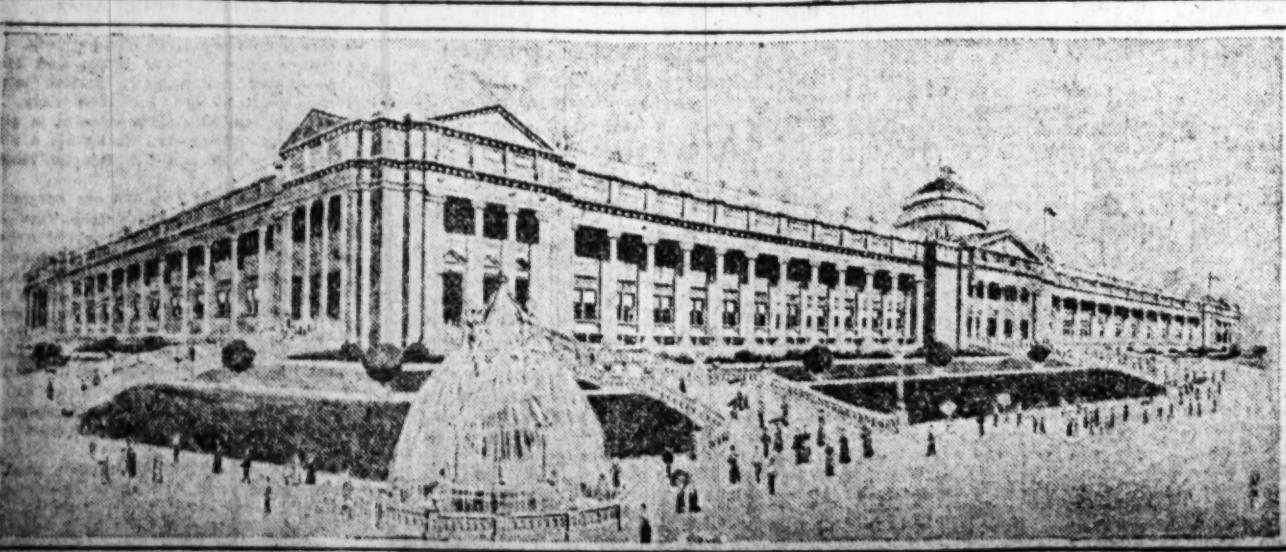
PALACE OF MANUFACTURES.
Dimensions, 525 by 1200 Feet. Area, 14 Acres. One of the Three Great Buildings Devoted to the Department of Manufactures, the Others Being the Varied Industries and Textiles Buildings.



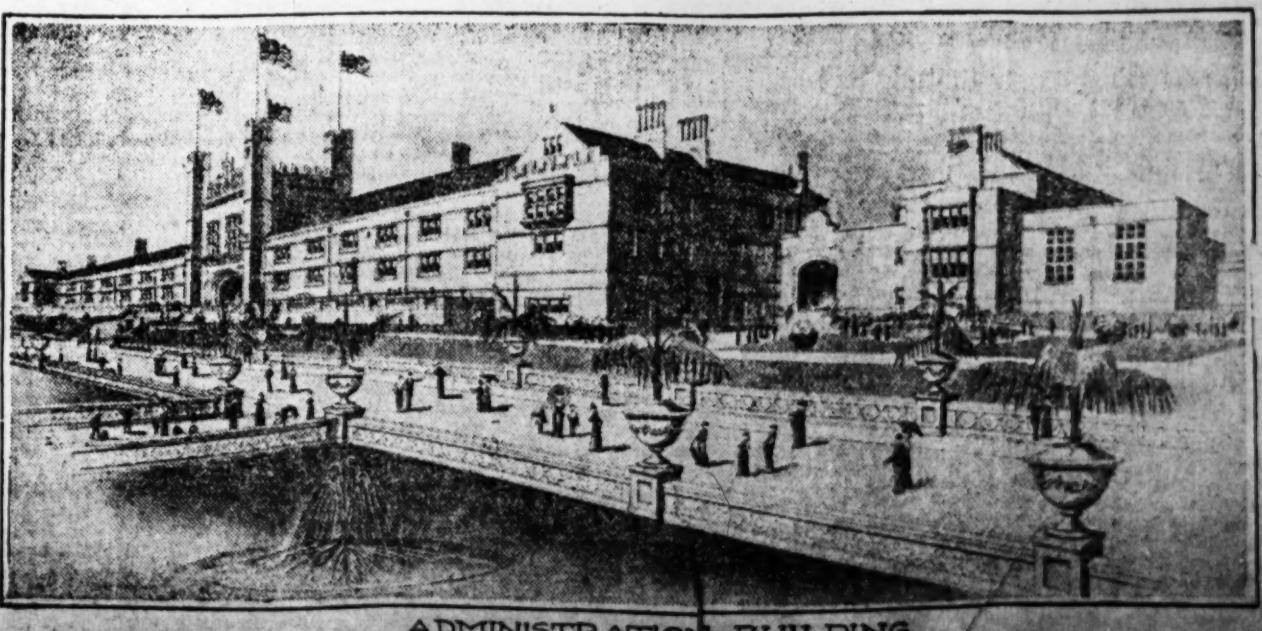
PALACE OF LIBERAL ARTS.
Dimensions, 525 by 750 Feet. Cost, \$160,000.



MACHINERY BUILDING.
Dimensions, 525 by 1000 Feet. Cost, \$196,597. Will Contain Power Plant of Exposition, Developing 10,000 Horse Power.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BUILDING.
Dimensions, 125 by 800 Feet. The Largest Exhibit Building Ever Erected by the United States Government. Cost, \$480,000.



ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.
Dimensions, 118 by 325 Feet. The Gift of Robert Brookings to Washington University. Height of Tower, 77 Feet. Height of Four Other Gables at Corners of Tower, 96 Feet.

"BOODLE CORNER" THE LATEST CREATION AT THE GRIM OLD FOUR COURTS PRISON WHERE 15,000 PRISONERS GO YEARLY

Place Where the Men Accused of Accepting Bribes for Their Votes Are Wont to Receive Their Friends and Where They Themselves Congregate During Their Long Leisure Hours.

15,000 PRISONERS EVERY YEAR.

Within a year 15,000 different persons will pass the portals of the prisons in the Four Courts as charges of the authorities. Within the existence of these prisons enough persons have been confined in them to more than equal the population of the entire city of St. Louis, the fourth largest city in the United States.

A LABYRINTH of prisons is concealed behind the smoke begrimed walls of the grim old Four Courts building whose freakish and antiquated architecture covers the entire city block between Eleventh and Twelfth streets and Clark avenue and Spruce street.

Seven different and distinct places are provided in this rambling old structure where may be securely kept those persons who have committed offenses against society and for whom the strong arm of the law has reached out and gathered from the highways and the byways.

These prisons have a combined capacity of nearly 1,000, and at no time during the nearly one-third of a century of their existence has there been a moment when the strong locks and bars have not stood between prisoners and freedom.

Within a year 15,000 persons will pass the portals of these prisons as charges of the authorities. And within the existence of the prisons enough persons have been confined in them to more than equal the population of the entire city of St. Louis, the fourth largest city in the United States.

The principal prison is the city jail.

The next in importance is the police holdover.

Then comes the detention room.

Then the "cages," adjuncts to each of the three court rooms.

The other prison is a small room with iron bars in the grandjury rooms where prisoners are held temporarily.

THE city jail forms the southern half of the Four Courts building. One floor is at the highest point 75 feet above a floor that is composed of limestone slabs two feet square, and worn smooth by the tread of almost countless feet. The immense roof is sustained by a great steel pillar that rises on the north side of the jail. It is called the jail tree.

This tree is something terrible in appearance. At the trunk, or base, it spreads out with its branches, having the appearance of great iron roots, reaching out and penetrating the solid rock floor, and anchoring it so firmly that no power would appear sufficient to uproot it.

This tree has branches. They spread out further than the limbs of the broadest elm or oak, and are immeasurably stronger. They are the powerful steel girders that reach out to the uttermost end of the jail and sustain the immense roof.

Of a night this tree is almost ghostly in its appearance. In the high dome-like roof are suspended several clusters of small incandescent lights. These do not nearly dispel the gloom that pervades the giant structure. The roof is largely of glass. On a fair night the sunbeams glint through the immense apertures, and the rays mingling with the artificial light falling upon the strange tree-like structure, produces shadows weird and fantastic.

If the night be stormy the lightning flashes illuminate the vast structure and the impression is all the more ghostly. The giant limbs appear to move with the gale that is blowing without, or they move, or appear to move, with the motion of a mighty octopus, whose long and powerful tentacles are stretching out in all directions to enmesh in their grasp any who may be within their reach.

Besides the work of sustaining this roof, the tree has another mission. Midway up the structure is built a large iron platform.

This "floor" is really the exercise yard of the jail, and at certain hours every day all of the cells are opened and the prisoners are given the liberty of the floor. The prisoners number all the way from 150 to 400. Half a dozen guards are in charge of them. Were a riot or insurrection to break out the small force of guards would be totally insufficient to handle the prisoners, as the guards are not permitted to carry weapons.

One guard climbs the narrow winding stairway leading to this platform. This "floor" is really the exercise yard of the jail, and at certain hours every day all of the cells are opened and the prisoners are given the liberty of the floor.

In the run of a year about 3,000 prisoners are inmates of the jail.

The prison next in importance is the "police holdover." This is an underground structure, and is as dismal and uncomfortable a place as could be imagined. It is located in the basement of the east wing of the Four Courts, and in parts of it the light of day never penetrates.

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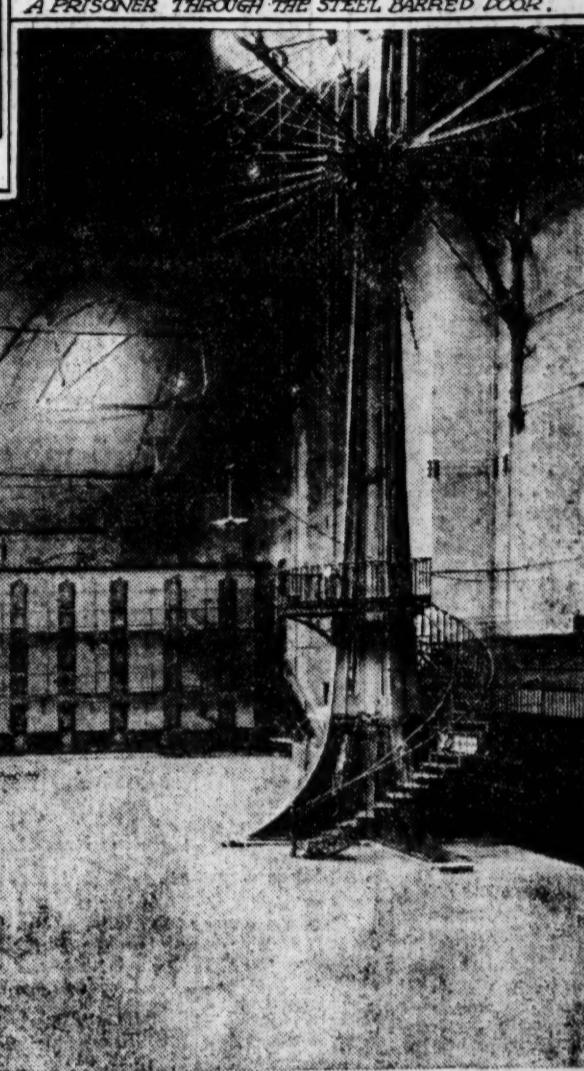
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THE EXERCISE YARD AND THE "JAIL TREE" ALMOST SURROUNDED BY CELLS.
REPRODUCED BY PERMISSION OF T.L. DALLOT POLICE COMPILER.



ONE OF THE BOODLE CELLS.

BOODLES CORNER, ONE OF THE JAIL'S LATEST ACQUISITIONS.

WHERE SUNDAY SERVICES ARE HELD.

BIG HOTELS NEEDED IN ST. LOUIS FOR WORLD'S FAIR TIME

Estimated That 10,000 More Rooms Will Be Required to Accommodate the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Crowds in 1904.

IN the establishment of St. Louis' skyscraper district within the past ten years, the construction of towering hotel buildings has been noticeably neglected.

Only two large downtown hotel structures have sprung up during that period. One is the Planters', on Fourth street, extending from Pine to Chestnut streets and running a half block west towards Broadway. The other is the St. Nicholas, at the northwest corner of Eighth and Locust streets.

Now, however, with the World's Fair in immediate prospect and the necessity of more hotels to lodge the thousands of visitors it will attract daily, apparent new hotel projects are becoming plentiful.

WHILE no leases on important downtown corners have yet been secured for new skyscraper hotels, plans are on foot for more than one important hotel in the West End and projects are also on foot to convert large structures in the business district, erected for other purposes, into big hotels.

The number of smaller hotels seems to be increasing every month, particularly in the vicinity of Union Station. There are more than a dozen of those now in operation within a few blocks of the great gateway to St. Louis.

The Usona has 60 rooms and the Monticello 100. The management of the Monticello, however, is now building an addition to contain 100 more rooms to accommodate the additional guests the fair will bring.

Two other family hotels in the West End, built a few years earlier, are the Westmoreland, at Taylor and Maryland avenues, with 100 rooms, and the Berlin, at Taylor and Berlin avenues, with about the same number of rooms.

Hotel men say that the reason more large hotels have not been built in the downtown district is that the existing hotels have been amply able to handle the transient population, except in times such as fair week when the city is jammed with stran-

ESTIMATED CAPACITY OF ST. LOUIS HOTELS.

	Rooms.
Planters	400
Southern	350
Lindell	250
Laclede	190
St. James	175
St. Nicholas	125
West End	110
Central	100
Rosier	100
Moser	100
Berlin	100
Westmoreland	100
Terminal	100
Monticello	100
Grand Avenue	80
Wellington	80
St. Charles	75
Benton	75
Garni	60
Usona	60
St. Louis	60
Barnum's	60
Hurst's Junior	58
Normandie	45
Franklin	40
Rilling's	40
Mona	40
Portland	40
Cook's	40
Edison	40

10,000 MORE ROOMS NEEDED FOR VISITORS IN 1904

The total number of rooms in all St. Louis hotels at present is not more than 5,000.

Only two large first-class downtown hotels have been erected in St. Louis in 10 years, although four first-class family hotels have been erected in the West End in the past four years.

St. Louis hotels cannot accommodate more than 10,000 persons at the most.

It is estimated that 75,000 persons may visit the World's Fair daily in 1904.

In Chicago 44,000 rooms were provided for World's Fair visitors in 1893. Hotel proprietors say the statement of a St. Louisian that 10,000 additional rooms will be needed here in 1904 is an exaggeration.

Each apartment, however, covers an entire floor and each contains 150 beds.

All these bring the total hotel accommodation up to, say 5000 rooms. In crowded times they could accommodate probably 10,000 persons daily.

In addition to these there are at least 25 small hotels with from twenty to forty rooms each scattered through the downtown district.

The capacity of the various St. Louis hotels, estimated by a gentleman who has studied the subject, aggregates 3,400 rooms in which to house temporary guests.

In addition to these there are at least 25 small hotels with from twenty to forty rooms each scattered through the downtown district.

Moreover, the capacity of some of these rooms vary greatly. In the larger hotels

100 rooms will accommodate usually about one hundred and fifty persons. In the smaller hotels the number accommodated is at a larger ratio.

In some of the lodging houses the proportion is immensely increased. For instance, there is a lodging house not far from the Laclede Hotel containing only three apartments.

Rooms that have never been taken before will do well during the World's Fair.

Rooms that have never been taken before will do well during the World's Fair.

SEGREGATION OF SEXES IS BEGUN AT COLUMBIA

An Academic Hall Is Now Building That Will Be Held Sacred to the Fair Students of the Missouri State University --New Buildings in Process of Construction.

THE first step toward the segregation of the sexes has been taken at the State University at Columbia. The first building in what is expected, one day, to be a woman's quadrangle, is going up. It is to cost \$35,000.

"One of the hardest things to battle against," said President Jesse recently to a party of St. Louisans, headed by Mayor Wells, that he was showing about the university grounds and buildings, "is popular prejudice.

"There is a popular prejudice, however unconfounded it may be, against education, and the time may come when it will be better for the greatest possible success of the university to bow to it rather than to battle with it as we are now doing.

"We have 238 young women in the regular session, and 257 in the summer school. We have nine women at the summer school at the Rolla School of Mines. The total attendance of young women is 504, as against a total of 1314 men."

THERE is a partial segregation of the high classes. Academic Hall and the dormitories have three stories.

Read's Hall is the name of the woman's dormitory. It is at the south end of the new quadrangle, the east of which are the horticultural building and the horticultural grounds. There is to be a main building, 89 by 28 feet, and a back wing, 59 by 26 feet.

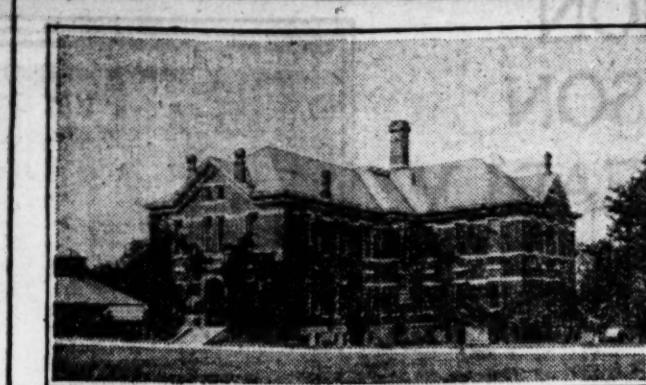
Both buildings are to be three stories high. The main building will contain on its first floor parlors, reception room and a wide hall. The rear wing will contain a dining room and kitchen. The second and third floors will be devoted to adjoining sleeping rooms in the main building. It has all the equipment of a man's gymnasium including needle and shower baths. Defects in physique are cured here and weakly young women, hollow-chested or spinal curved, come out strong, well rounded and straight of back.

"We spent a thousand dollars in furniture for the women's parlor," said President Jesse. "There isn't a finer woman's reception room in any school anywhere."

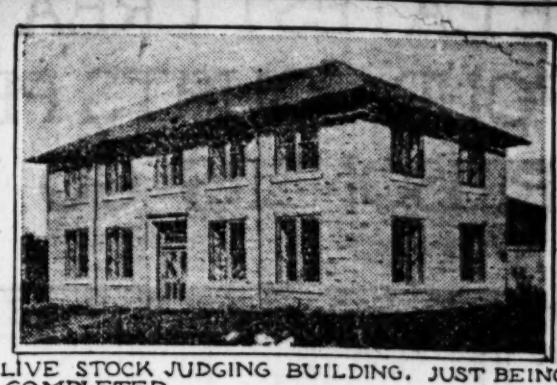
To reach this parlor one walks by one of the doors to the art museum in which the history and development are taught in plastic casts of the sculptors of the various epochs in Greek art, through a hall hung with photographic reproduction of the best examples of the best masters in the painter's art.

The woman's tennis courts are numerous but so great is the love of the Missouri University woman for athletic sport that it is necessary to engage the use of courts in advance, and a bulletin board on the first floor tells who is to occupy the various courts on given days. There are 121 tennis courts in all.

The architecture of the initial quadrangle of the university is colonial. Red native brick and Bedford stone trimmings are the materials used. The new quadrangle will have buildings of rough native granite, trimmed with smooth Bedford stone. English architecture, which provides for gables in pairs, will prevail. Old and new buildings have slate roofs. All the college buildings, except the Academic Hall and the dormitories have two stories and high basements. Some have dormer windows on



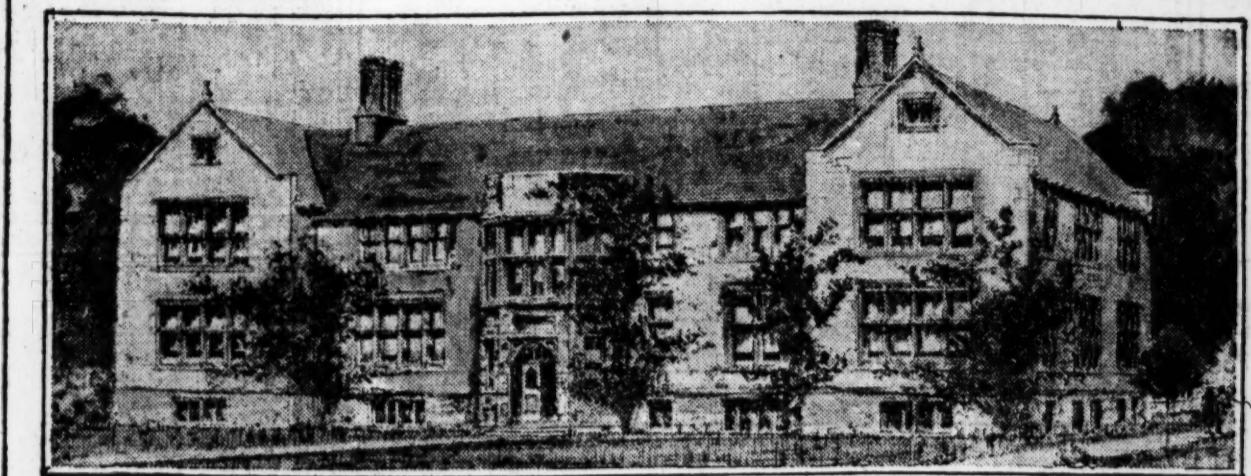
NEW MECHANIC ARTS BUILDING AND POWER HOUSE



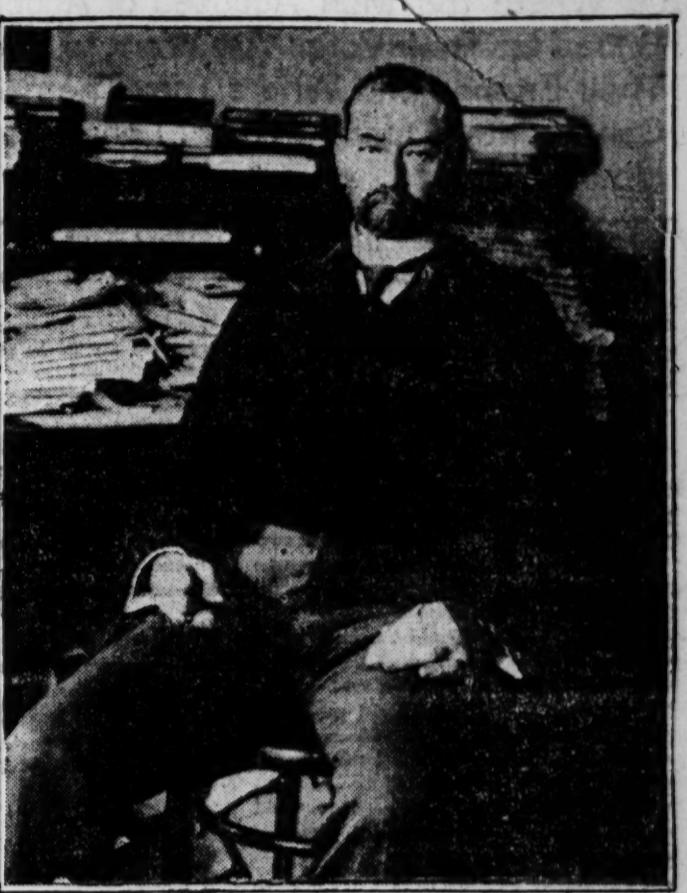
LIVE STOCK JUDGING BUILDING. JUST BEING COMPLETED



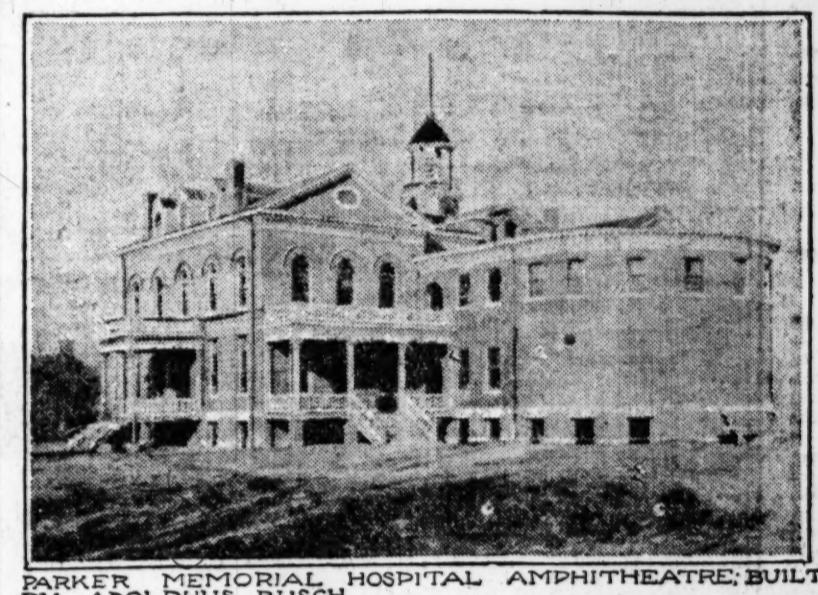
DAIRY BUILDING. JUST BEING COMPLETED



NEW HORTICULTURAL HALL



RICHARD HENRY JESSE, D.D., PRESIDENT OF THE FACULTY



PARKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL AMPHITHEATRE; BUILT BY ADOLPHUS BUSCH.



NEW MEDICAL BUILDING WITH COLD STORAGE SUBJECTS IN BASEMENT

for use in dissections. It will be the only cold storage plant for this purpose in any Missouri city. There will be an embalming room and lecture room.

The new horticultural building on the quadrangle, which the woman's dormitory fronts, has, as its back yard, 32 acres devoted to experimental work in tree, fruit and plant culture. The building is 84 by 120 feet. Connected so that students will not need to go into the air to step from lecture room to greenhouse will be a 16 by 30-foot general dissecting room on the third floor.

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HOW ST. LOUIS MILLIONAIRES' HOMES DIFFER FROM NEW YORKERS'

No 25-Foot Fronts and No Palaces Built on the American Basement Plan in This City—Beautiful Lawns Not Known in the Mansions of the Aristocratic Gothamites.

The home of Corwin H. Spencer, out in Washington terrace, which is the finest thing done by a St. Louis millionaire in the last two years, is not on a lot at all, but a five-acre field. It is built on anything but the American basement plan. It sits far back from the sidewalk, and its stoop of glistening marble is one of the pretty and elaborate features in its ensemble.

The Davis home, in Westmoreland place, the most costly house in St. Louis, is not on a 25-foot lot. It is not an inch less than 75 feet across the front. It sits in a yard with a frontage of some 200 feet. It is a great pile of granite.

There is plenty of room in St. Louis. There is a great prairie level out west of the river, and the city has rolled out upon this and will continue rolling for many years to come.

If a millionaire wants to build his home on a five-acre lot, Mr. Spencer did, as D. R. Francis did and as John W. Kauffman did, he can do it, and yet be right in town.

A \$100,000 house on a 25-foot lot in St. Louis would be something new and architecturally astonishing, not to speak of \$60,000 houses on 25-foot lots.

The American basement house in vogue in New York had its beginning on the New York West Side 12 years ago. It has gained in favor from that time to this. Builders had long been perplexed in an effort to utilize more satisfactorily the long, narrow strip of land which forms a New York city lot.

The possibilities of an area 25x100 feet, roughly speaking, were decidedly limited until the American basement architecture made its appearance.

The salient points of the style are that the dwelling is entered directly from the street level; a servants' staircase extends from the top to the bottom, and almost the entire width of the lot is given over to the rooms, because there are no large hallways to cut into the space.

More money is put into the American basement house than in the house with a stoop. The reason is that the basement house has more conveniences. A high-class house of this type contains eight bedrooms, 10 servants' rooms, six baths and seven toilets, besides the working and entertaining rooms, all fitted up with every appliance for comfort.

The first floor is generally used as the business part of the house, including the reception and billiard rooms.

Henry Phipps is building a house of

THERE is a very great difference between the homes which St. Louis and New York millionaires are building.

The New Yorker has abandoned the stoop—the long flight of stairs leading up from the street to the front door and spanning the considerable distance between the house and the sidewalk.

He is building his fine home on the American basement plan, with the house only twenty-five wide, the entrance right on the sidewalk, like the entrance to a store.

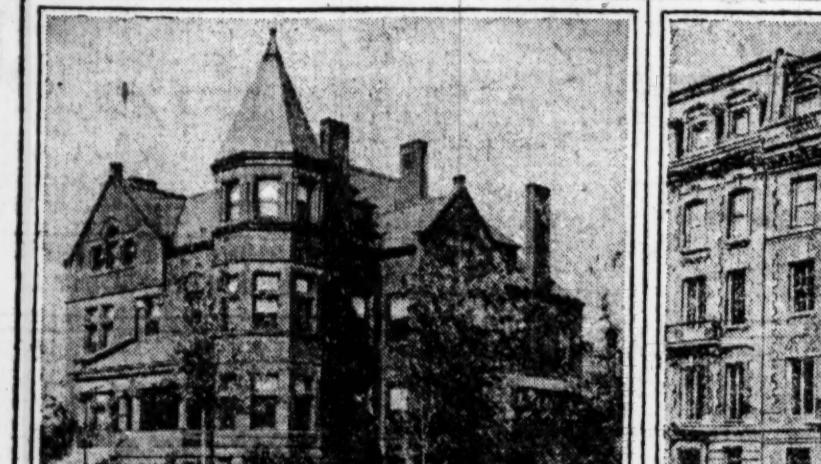
The house is about 100 feet deep. It contains a wealth of rooms. Some of them cost a half million dollars.

Frank J. Gould lives in a house of this sort on Fifth avenue. It is the style. Moreover it is a necessity, for in New York the building lots are very narrow.

There is no such thing as the home of a St. Louis millionaire on a 25-foot lot and without a stoop.

There is no millionaire's home on the American basement plan in St. Louis.

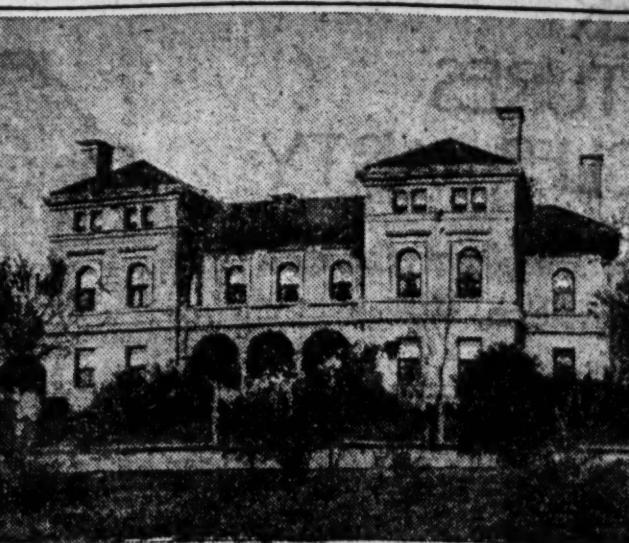
This sort at Fifth avenue and Eighty-fifth street in New York, which is costing \$60,000. The house is to contain, as do trees, servants' dining and sitting rooms all of those of this type, automatic electric and tiled bathrooms.



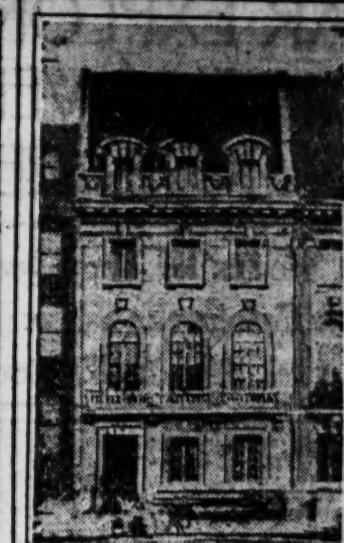
THE MOSES RUMSEY HOME IN PORTLAND PLACE.



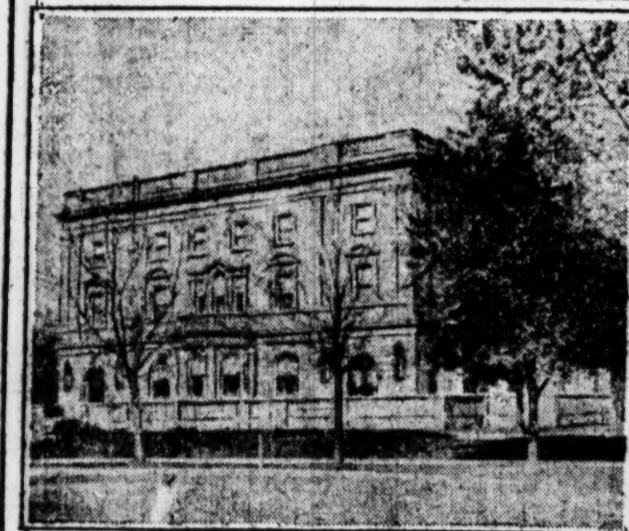
RESIDENCE OF ELSHA DYER, JR., NEW YORK CITY.



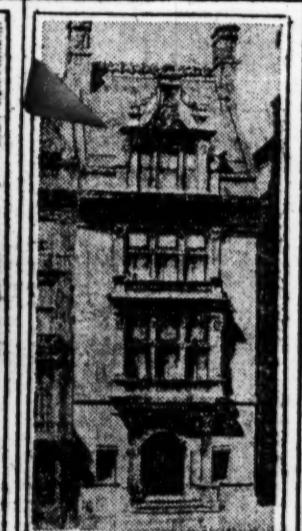
THE JOHN W. DAVIS HOME IN WESTMORELAND PLACE, THE FINEST PRIVATE RESIDENCE IN ST. LOUIS.



RESIDENCE OF FRANK J. GOULD, NEW YORK CITY.



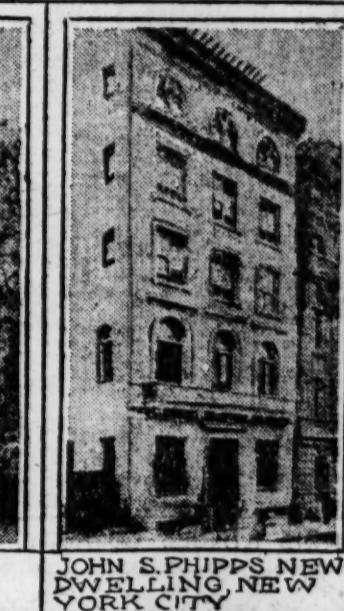
J. C. VAN BLARCOM'S HOME IN WESTMORELAND PLACE.



RESIDENCE OF MRS. RICHARD GAMBRILL, NEW YORK CITY.



HORACE K. BIXBY'S HOME IN PORTLAND PLACE.



JOHN S. PHIPPS' NEW DWELLING, NEW YORK CITY.



By DR. CHARLES S. ELLIS, Dog Hospital Superintendent.

WAS forced into the establishment of a dog hospital in St. Louis. There was a demand for such a place. People sent dogs to me and I had to have proper accommodations for them. They were in yard, stable and cellar. Not all veterinarians doctor dogs. In the United States there is not so much attention given to the dogs as to the horses and cattle. I spent four years in Germany, and there so many valuable dogs are owned that dogs are thought to be worth understanding. Each of the veterinary schools there has a dog hospital attached.

In Berlin, in the dog hospital, I had the honor of treating one of Prince Blarcom's boarhounds.

There is a considerable importation of dogs to St. Louis. Eugene Crunden just brought over four dogs from Europe. People who have fine dogs treat them as members of their families. They want them given the best of care and attention when they are ill or injured.

There is no trouble operating on dogs. They are light and easily handled. They take anesthetics well and when in surgical bandages lie down a great deal. They have almost human intelligence and appreciate what is done for them.

A dog belonging to a man named Goode was brought here to be operated on for a split foot. We found a thorn embedded, and removing it the dog got well. A dog owned by Harry L. Knight got in a fight and its neck was chewed up. It is being treated in the hospital now. Fred Nolker's dog was in a fight and had his ear torn. It was joined together and is well now.

A dog owned by a man named McDonald who is now in Chicago, came here crazy from fever. The fever was reduced by the same remedies and the same applications as would be given to a human being. The dog is here now, well but awaiting its owner's pleasure. We frequently keep dogs for a time for our old clients, when they are out of the city, though we do not make a specialty of dog boarding.

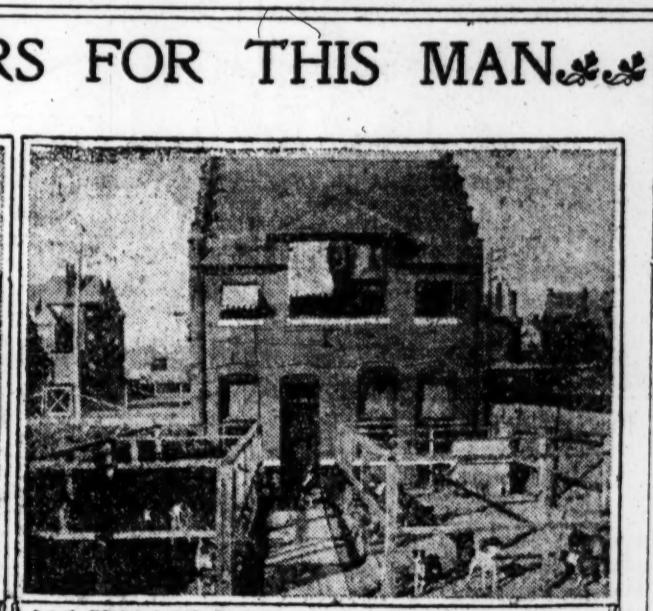
According to an examination made of the dog at a distillery it would appear that no more than an ounce of proof spirit or half ounce of absolute alcohol may be present in one cubic foot of air.

Fetus Wade's Great Dane is here now.

It was in for treatment, and was taken



THE ONLY DOG HOSPITAL WAGON IN ST. LOUIS.



DOG EXERCISE RUNS IN FRONT OF THE HOSPITAL.

HERE is a man in St. Louis has ridden in a carriage with a mad dog on the seat beside him. He has been bitten many a time by dogs and once a dog, that afterwards died of rabies, buried his fangs in this man's flesh.

The man treated the wound with antiseptics and let it go at that. He is a dog doctor.

The man has just gotten home the first dog ambulance ever used in St. Louis. There will be no need hereafter to let mad dogs ride on the seat beside him. He will put them in a cage in the inside of the ambulance. When he gets them out on LaSalle avenue he will put them in an isolated ward in his dog hospital. Not all dogs that appear to have the rabies are thus diseased. Sometimes they have distemper. When there is doubt about the exact nature of the disease the microscope is brought into play. This tells absolutely.

There are few dog hospitals in the West. There is only one in St. Louis. The man who keeps it is the city veterinarian.

Carl Fischer, who does most of my bacteriological work, is the only Pasteur expert in town.

A dog belonging to Park Commissioner Ridder, I had to lasso and take mad dogs by the back of the neck and hold them on the seat beside me while being driven home. About eight years ago I was bitten. I washed the wound with strong antiseptic. There was no one here then to administer the Pasteur treatment.

A woman had a mad dog that she thought was suffering only with sore mouth.

She tried to wash its mouth out. She had a sore hand and I had her take the Pasteur treatment. Lacey Crawford and Joe Scudder had dogs die of the rabbies.

We treat dogs in the hospital for Dr. Burnell, Dr. Starkloff, Dr. Bradford Lewis, Charles Craft of the Franklin Bank and lots of others whose names I do not know well. We are also doing something in the treatment of cats. We devote a room to them.

Dogs are kept in cages in the wards, with daily exercise in the open air in the wire-covered runs on gravel. There is a dog bathroom, in which a big nine-lined box complete immersion in water tinted with antiseptic fluid can be given.

Cats have what would be lumpjaw in cattle. It is called actinomycosis and gets into the lungs and ulcers and abscesses form. Death follows.

There is much tuberculosis among dogs and cats. Cats also have mange. This is a very serious disease in the case of the cat.

This disease can be cured in the case of the dog.

The cat is to be killed. It dies hard.

We buy dogs from the meat market and stale wholesale bread.

We make a strong soup and soak cubes of bread in it. Then we give the dogs the bread and

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The Fate of Four Sad-Eyed Beasts in San Diego, Cal.

By Mlle. LOUISE MORELL.

W HATEVER nerve and ability I possess in the training of wild animals I inherited from my mother. She could do almost anything with intractable beasts.

There was a manager's close by my home in Paris. One day I strolled into the cage and found there was my mother. Although the beasts did not try to harm me, she was very frightened.

I do not believe that anybody can train wild beasts unless he or she uses soft, low, caressing tones. The beasts learn to recognize the voice the very first thing.

My hands, arms and face are scarred, and I have a line of jagged discolorations from my left shoulder to wrist. My left eye was rather badly damaged by a leopard, the nerve being destroyed by its claws.

Probably the narrowest escape I ever had from death was in Philadelphia. I was putting my leopards and tigers through their paces one Sunday night in the big arena when suddenly when I was on the side opposite to the door the electric lights went out.

The darkness was intense. Here and there I could see the quick flash of green eyes and the soft "pad" of velvet feet.

In this crisis I noticed a pair of eyes fixed steadily upon me and I knew that a leopard was crouching for the spring. I jumped suddenly to one side just as he came through the air. He hit the bars with terrific force. In jumping I fell over a tiger, who sprang away with a savage growl.

Just then another leopard sprang at me and took my entire back hair in his mouth. My hairpins were short and spiky. I guess he must have thought he had tackled a porcupine for he dropped me quickly.

By this time I had begun to fire blank cartridges at the eyes I could see around me and so worked my way around to the door and out.

I didn't faint. I only sat down and slept and called the electric light man hard names.

By PROF. JOHN DUDAK.

I HAVE been with Hagenbeck for many years and have been more or less associated with wild beasts all my life. I

like the profession of animal trainer very much. I consider myself a good animal trainer and I must say that they are the hardest animals to train of any that I have ever attempted to subdue.

I am scratched and clawed all over but I bear no animosity to my pets because I know it is their nature to be wild.

I receive a scratch or two every night from "Muffie," my wrestling bear. This same bear almost killed my assistant, William Carroll, in Indianapolis.

Originally I had 16 bears, but seven of them died and I had to kill two to save the rest.

Two years ago during a rehearsal in New Orleans the bears made a combined attack on me. They rushed at me from all quarters and got me in a corner, where I had to fight for my life.

I grabbed a short pitchfork and began to stab them with it as hard as I could. They kept up the fight, and one of them ripped my shirt and trousers open as though they had been cut with a knife.

The next instant he would have had me down, but I drew my revolver and shot him dead. Then my assistants came and drove the bears away.

They are the most dangerous animals in the world.

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LOUIS POLAR EXPLORER TELLS OF HIS ADVENTURES WITH BALDWIN-ZIEGLER PARTY

Charles E. Rilliet Relates Stories of the Quaint People of the Real Kris Kringle Land—Will Join the Next Expedition, Which Will Sail for the Arctic Region in 1903.



LAPP REINDEERMAN IN THE KRIS KRINGLE COUNTRY NORTHERN NORWAY.



LAPP FAMILY AROUND ONE OF THEIR QUEER HOMES OF THE NORTHERNMOST INHABITED POINT OF THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE.



MR. RILLIET IN HIS ARCTIC SUIT, WITH HIS RIFLE IN A SEAL-SKIN CASE.



LAPP MOTHER AND CHILD.



LAPP FISHERMEN AT HAMMERFEST NORWAY THE WORLD'S NORTHERNMOST CITY.

The *Fritjof* sailed away from Tromso. But it all turned out very different. What actually happened?

The *America* worked north from July until October. The *Fritjof* left her supplies in a cache on Franz Joseph Land and returned to Norway. The long Arctic night set in. The men were all quartered upon the *America*. Not all of them were sailors. Not all of them were accustomed to the close quarters of a ship.

The Arctic night set in. The Arctic is depressing. It is not good for the moods of men. It is too long, dark and the far North is filled with a maddening sameness. Life was not pleasant upon the *America*. Mr. Baldwin, for just what attitude toward his men is not known, fell out with the men who were with him.

A Baldwin party and an anti-Baldwin party sprang up. The Baldwin party consisted of Mr. Baldwin and one Norwegian. The anti-Baldwin party consisted of the remaining 40 men. This at least, is what is understood, though no man of the party, least he break faith with Mr. Ziegler, may tell it.

In the fall of 1902 the expedition was to be in its winter camp on Prince Rupert Land. Imagine the astonishment of the world when the news came from Tromso that the *America* had returned, the 42 men and all, the expedition hopelessly torn by dissension, and everyone eager to get to the *Fritjof* and make an explanation.

The *America* had been deposited.

Mr. Baldwin sent the expedition out again next year under another leader. It all happened in a few days. The whole magnificent air castle of the ambitious Baldwin had come crashing down about his ears, and he was sick and sore with the wreck of it.

A good many expeditions have sought the North Pole. Many of these have been tragic. But none have been quite so pathetic, in a peculiar way, as that of Mr. Baldwin.

He had tried for the North Pole with Peary and Wellman. He had asked for a place in the balloon with Andre. He knew that, leading his own expedition,

he could find the pole. Mr. Ziegler came forward. Peary had said money would find the pole.

Mr. Ziegler had the money. He offered it, millions of it, to Baldwin. Baldwin set out with more rosy prospects than ever attended any other departure into the far North. He was to be gone three years.

He was back in 18 months, not defeated by ice or wind or waves, but by that most humiliating and unpardonable of human failings.

He brought home with him a great many clothes and curiosities peculiar to them.

It is likely his visit to them is the first ever made by a St. Louisan.

The Baldwin-Ziegler expedition to the North Pole promised more than any and Wellman. It had 42 chosen men, each

had behind it William Ziegler, a New to the strength and efficiency of the ex-

pedition, willing to devote as much time as \$2,000,000 to placing the American

flag at the pole before the flag of any nation had been carried to the great

expedition. It had two ships, 400 Eskimo dogs, pro-

visions in every known form of con-

servation, meteorological and photographic

instruments, balloons for the final dash,

etc. etc. etc. The world of science

and exploration was the way and every

one was to be interested in the

success of the expedition.

He could not get

Mr. Rilliet's lips are sealed as to the trouble with Baldwin. He simply says: "Mr. Baldwin is not the man to lead such an expedition."

The Baldwin-Ziegler expedition did not disturb the laurels of any of the other great Arctic explorers. It went out on the trail 300 miles north of the ship on Franz Joseph Land, and got within 45 miles of the pole. The Duke D'Abruzzi had gone up to within 241 miles of the pole. Nansen had gone within 246 miles.

The trip over the ice from the America covered 56 days. The men were dressed in the warmest and most suitable materials money could buy, reindeer skin coats and boots and gloves over heavy woolens, keeping within their clothing the never-cooling heat of their bodies.

They shot walruses, seals and polar bears. They killed two white foxes and one blue fox. They progressed over the ice slowly and laboriously, dogs pulling the sleds and the men walking over the ice.

They got within 25 miles of a cache (a

cave) supplies covered secure in timber and ice so the bears cannot get to it) established by the Duke D'Abruzzi, but did not go to it. In those 56 days they used concentrated foods, oil for fuel and light and were denied even such home comforts as a shave and a bed.

They permitted their whiskers and hair to grow long, bathed when they could in water heated by an oil burner, and hardy every day on the trail. At night each man pulled off the clothes he had worn during the day and replaced them with dry winter clothing, with seal and dog and reindeer stockings, boots, trousers and coat and pulled himself into a great reindeer skin bag which enveloped him from head to foot and tucked in under his head.

In so many inches of warm clothing they slept at night, and they kept warm.

When the expedition finally turned upon the back track it came home in a hurry.

Mr. Rilliet found himself in Norway again

in the early fall, less than a year and a half after he had started. It was then he visited that interesting people, the Lapps.

Then the creatures serve the Lapp as a beast of burden. It is the camel of the North. It can carry a burden 100 miles in a day. I saw one herd of 200 reindeer.

I visited many villages the majority deer-colored, but many of them quite white.

I visited the homes of a number of these

quaint people, and saw a good deal of them.

They can live in a country which no other

man could inhabit except an Eskimo, and

there are no Eskimos in the Western Hemis-

phere.

The Lapps live in tents and sod houses

similar to a Kansas dug-out. They are a

kindly, hospitable people, send their chil-

dren to school three months in a year, and

have some Caucasian habits, such as smok-

ing constantly and drinking rum. A great

many of them can speak English. They

are not beggars, but they can annoy you

with some little trifles until you buy it.

The Lapps are of two kinds, those

who are quite nomadic all along

the way, and those who are

QUEER FACTS ABOUT LAPPS

The men do the cooking.

Rich and poor live in the same kind of a house.

They are all dirty, yet they never have an epidemic.

They all smoke tobacco, and every Lapp has a tobacco sack suspended from his neck.

They are the shortest race in the world, averaging 4 feet 11 inches in height.

They are the shortest-headed race in the world, a Lapp skull measuring less from top to bottom than the skull of any other modern.

They are supposed to be Mongolians, but whence they came is a mystery no ethnologist has satisfactorily explained.

They were supposed for a time to be the only people in the world without a taste for music and unable to sing a song, but these beliefs concerning them have been proven to be not wholly correct.

No Lapp ever leaves Lapland. No Lapp ever aspires to make any departure from the Lapp method of living, which is today just what it was 1500 years ago.

The Lapps have a language of their own, but linguists are not agreed as to what it is. It has a little Russian, a little Finnish, a little Norwegian and a little Swedish in it.

The Lapps are Lutherans. Before they embraced the Christian religion they worshipped the sun, the moon and the stars, and believed that heaven was just like this world, even to a man getting back in life all his dead dogs.

The Lapps must certainly be the dirtiest people in the world. The filth of their homes is awful. If they lived in any other place but Lapland they would be exterminated by fleas. They have the most singular homes I ever saw. To see some of them around one of the little sod houses reminds me of prairie dogs in the United States.

We did not take any Lapps on the expedition. They would have been a burden. Exploration in the North is a hard work, and the Lapps have not been accustomed to it. They are too irresponsible, anyway, to be relied upon in such work. They have the same independent characteristics of our Indians.

When they do not want to do a thing they do not do it. If they went with you and took a notion to abandon you and go home, they would turn around and go, never to return to the North again.

The men do the cooking in Lapland. The families are not ordinarily larger than those we see in America. The women assist in the care of the reindeer, and they do the sewing.

All Lapps are fond of gaudy colors and elaborate dress, and it is a sight to see them on dress parade. They do not look dressed up; they look bundled up. They are quite artistic in some things, and in hunting, too, see what things they can make out of deer bones and horns.

They use dogs to help them hunt, and are seldom seen with their dogs alone. They keep together because of the wild animals.

They are the cockiest people in the world.

NEW EXERCISES for HEALTH and BEAUTY

Gymnastics in the Boudoir Without the Aid of Dumbbells, Health Lifts or Other Apparatus---Second Article in the New Physical Culture Series.

By HARRIET HUSBARD AYER

THE illustrations on today's Home Page are intended for those women who have no occasion to perform physical work which involves the use of all the muscles of the body, and who wish to be well and strong, as well as to look healthy, rosy and fit.

There can be no beauty without health, and there can be no perfect health without exercise for all the muscles of the body. Don't attempt at first to do any great physical culture feat, nor burden your mind with a long series of exercises. A few exercises done systematically will produce excellent results.

The women who sit or stand all day long will find that the exercises today illustrated will be restful and will induce sound, normal sleep.

Do not forget there is no better-exercise in the world than walking, provided you walk properly, with the chest up, head erect and always breathing through the nostrils, with the mouth closed.

The best time to do the physical culture exercises is at night or in the morning before dressing. There is not the least need of apparatus or a gymnasium costume for bedroom gymnastics. A light dress will do as well.

The young lady who posed for these pictures did so at my suggestion in an impromptu costume composed of a chemise and short skirt, which answers every requirement. Remember that you cannot take physical culture exercises to advantage in shoes with heels, and that you should never continue the exercise a moment after a sensation of fatigue is experienced.

A VARIED DIET FOR VEGETARIANS

In response to many requests from readers who have become interested in articles published on the Home Page regarding vegetarianism and its devotees, the following recipes are furnished:

LENTIL SOUP.—One-fourth pound of lentils, one onion, one carrot, one turnip, a small bunch of herbs, celery salt according to taste and one ounce of butter. Wash and pick the lentils and put on to boil in about one quart of water. Add the vegetables, sliced, and boil gently about one hour. Rub through a sieve, return to pan, add butter, seasoning and a cupful of milk. Bring to a boil and serve.

JULIENNE SOUP.—Cut some carrots, turnips, onions, celery and leeks into thin strips, using a double quantity of carrots and turnips. Dry them, and then fry slowly in two ounces of butter until brown. Add two quarts of vegetable stock and simmer until tender. Season with salt and a teaspoonful of sugar. Chop some chervil or parsley finely, add to the soup and serve. The addition of green peas is an improvement.

With regard to the stock for this soup (or for any other) it should always be remembered that when legumes and vegetables are boiled in water a valuable stock is made, which, if kept in a cool place, can be utilized for subsequent meals.

MEXICAN DISH OF RICE.—Wash half a cup of rice and drain from the water. Put a heaping tablespoonful of butter in a spider; when hot add a small leek or a white onion, together with the rice, and fry until the rice is a golden brown—do not let it get too dark. Have ready a vegetable stock, pour this over the rice till the spider is nearly full, then cook 20 minutes. When done, the rice should be perfectly dry, each grain standing out alone. Turn out on a platter to cool, form into cylinders, dip in eggs and breadcrumbs and fry.

CHICKEN CROQUETTES.—Two cups of rye bread chopped fine, one cup of chopped English walnuts. Mix together and chop again with a tablespoonful of butter, an even tablespoonful of grated onion, a scant teaspoonful of ground mace. Melt a heaping tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan with half a tablespoonful of flour and add gradually to it a cupful of rich milk. When this comes to a boil add the other ingredients and salt and pepper to taste. Stir in two well-beaten eggs, remove from the fire and add a tablespoonful of lemon juice. Turn out on a platter to cool, form into cylinders, dip in eggs and breadcrumbs and fry.

WHITE SAUCE.—Melt one ounce of butter, stir in one and a half tablespoonful of flour till free from lumps, add a teaspoonful of milk and stir until it boils. Finally add one teaspoonful of water or 20 or 20 drops of Tarragon vinegar, according to preference.

BREAD AND BUTTER PUDDING.—Cut some slices of home-made bread, about half an inch thick, butter and lay in a baking-dish, sprinkle with currants, put in another layer of buttered bread and currants. Beat three eggs light and stir into a pint of milk, sweeten to taste, flavor with a little grated lemon-peel or cinnamon, pour over the bread and butter and bake in a moderate oven until the custard is set. Test with a knife; if the knife comes out clean the pudding is done. If baked too long the pudding will be watery. Serve cold in the shape of chops, dip in egg and roll in cracker or dried bread crumbs. Fry in boiling

water in the dish in which it is baked, adding a

TOMATO CHOPS.—Measure three-quarters of a cup of tomatoes after the water has been drained off; put in a saucepan over the fire and stir into it a cupful of mashed potatoes, a heaping tablespoonful of butter, with salt and pepper to taste, and half a cup of grated bread-crumb. Mix thoroughly and add one egg beaten light. Remove from the fire, turn into a deep plate, let it get cold, then form in the shape of chops, dip in egg and roll in cracker or dried bread crumbs. Fry in boiling

water in the dish in which it is baked, adding a

little

simple sauce of some sort, if desired.

POACHED APRICOTS.—Upon some slices of sponge cake place halves of apricots (the round sides uppermost). Wrap the whites of two or three eggs to a snow-froth with sugar. Place this around the apricot-halves, so as to make them re-

semble poached eggs. Whipped cream, if obtainable, is even better than the meringue. A little of the apricot juice should be added as flavoring.

STAND ERECT—KNEE TOGETHER—CHEST UP—KEEP THE LEGS RIGID—STRETCH THE ARMS AND TURN FIRST TO THE RIGHT, THEN TO LEFT. THE MOVEMENT MUST BE ONLY FROM THE WAIST UP.

STAND WITH FEET TOGETHER—LEGS RIGID—BEND FORWARD AND GRASP THE HEAD AND TRY TO TOUCH THE FLOOR WITH PALMS OF HANDS—

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WOMAN'S LATEST FOLLY, THE NEW LONG SKIRT, IS A MICROBE CATCHER

It Is a Menace to Health; It Drags in Front; Doctors Condemn It; Artists Deride It; Men Deplore It--But It Is the Newest Fashion and That Settles It.

THE gowns of fashionable women, already long, are to be made still longer. Paris says so.

Let artists rave over the clumsiness and lack of grace in these trailing garments; let scientists declaim against them in the name of public health and compute until they are tired the number of millions of microbes that the skirts sweep up from the dirty pavements; let more men deride and rail and object and plead—it is all one to the fashionable woman.

What does she care for grace?

What does she care for health?

What, as compared with style, does she care for more man?

Fashion, that imperious goddess who is supposed to dwell 12 months of the year in Paris, has decreed that skirts must be long—and they must be!

Fashion proclaims that a gown must be four inches longer than the distance from the waist to the feet of the wearer in front and half a dozen inches longer behind than was the style last winter.

Why? There isn't any reason. The riddle of fashion is as unsolvable as that of the Sphinx.

This new order of things is the answer fashion makes to the protests of bacteriologists and physicians. It is the retort direct to the congresses of women to the movement toward dress reform.

IT IS true that a train of skirt was in vogue two seasons ago. It was proved to be an excellent collector of microbes that could possibly be designed. It was shown beyond question that a train gown that a woman wore in the ordinary course of events, without thought of contributing to science, gathered more of the deadly germs than did a skilled investigator with carefully prepared apparatus. One particular gown collected more than 10,000,000 living germs, as was proved by actual experiments. Some of them were deadly, the germs of consumption, of pneumonia, of typhoid fever. Fashion smiled over these returns, turned up a scornful nose at the remonstrances and straightway increased the length of the trains.

The growth of the trains has been more insistent upon the part of scientific and sensible people. Fashion straightway added more inches to the train and when the limit was reached behind lowered the skirt four inches in front.

It is true that the wearers of these new gowns cannot walk in any way heretofore known to the human race, although it is possible to go about on hands and knees. A little think like that is no concern of fashion. Did not women learn a new walk in order to make the straight front possible? Well, a new walk can be designed to fit the skirt that is four inches too long in front.

Never since Eve introduced the fashion of wearing gowns have women been as hampered by a fashion as they are by this one. They have worn absurd shapes that have placed their waists in a wise that make them look like a top, they have placed monstrous head dresses four feet high over their heads, have done all manner of absurd things, but never before have women hobbled themselves.

When the bacteriologists and earnest dress reformers, scientific and otherwise, realize what the new fashion really is, it is painful to speculate upon their state of mind. For the new gown pleases almost as much on the ground as it does on the body. Instead of collecting 10,000,000 germs it will collect 20,000,000 living microbes and the chance of death resulting from them will be twice as swift as ever.

For something more than 70 years the skirts of women have gradually been growing longer. If the tendency keeps on in the present rate, the end of the next half century may find women in skirts as long as an infant's swaddling clothes.

Not 75 years ago it was the fashion for women to wear skirts that reached just to their ankles. Our grandmothers—at

makes a deal of difference. Those women who are determined to be in the mode we're prepared for that, but when they recently found their modiste spreading four inches of gown on the floor in front of the customer's feet, even those who are willing to make any sacrifice for fashion were aroused to protest. They declared that such a gown was impossible, but when the dressmaker produced her authority from Paris, where the poor customers do? A woman of any pretensions might as well be without gowns as to wear those which are not fashionable.

The poor victim plaintively inquired how one can walk with four inches of skirt tangled up with her feet, and the modiste said she would explain that later. The chief business in hand was to drap all that material so that it would hang gracefully. She must secure a sort of bell ef-

bacilli, but almost every other common disease.

The woman who takes a hundred precautions to protect her children from exposure to disease will enter her home wearing a skirt that has been sweeping up the dirt streets for hours. She will move about the house, sit on the carpet and on everything with which it comes in contact, affording the microbes the best possible opportunity to fasten themselves upon the children. That is the outrageous part of it all and it arouses the indignation of the doctors especially. They don't so much mind the woman herself being compelled to suffer for her folly, but the knowledge that the vanity which makes women adopt the fashion jeopardizes the health and life of those who are innocent makes them cry out righteous anger. At the same time they realize the utter futility of their protests. When women wear these trains to meetings of societies and organizations for the discussion of hygiene and the care of children there isn't much sense in appealing to their reason. The reformers hope that some day the masculine part of the community will rebel and demand the passage of laws prohibiting the wearing of trains on the streets, just as laws have been passed prohibiting spitting in public. But if this is done there will be a mighty big stir in the world. The doctors would like to see trains abolished altogether.

YARDS OF STUFF TO MANAGE

The dressmakers illustrate the trick of gathering up the skirt in both hands holding it in a certain way and then walking carefully with the body bent forward at the waist.

But it is impossible to keep the skirt from the street. No matter how careful is the wearer it is bound to drag more or less. There is so much of the material made to drag along the ground that some of it is bound to sweep up dust and dirt and microbes.

How a woman of breeding, education and refinement, whose regard for cleanliness in everything else amounts almost to a passion, can wear one of these trains on the street is something that a man cannot understand. Probably these trains have done as much in disseminating consumption as any one agency. At least the scientific men who have studied the matter so declare. And they gather not only the tuberculous

fact, and it is always difficult to make a skirt flare out in the proper way. The woman who was ready to wear the greatest enemy of a cheerful disposition. Whenever a man and a woman's train come in conjunction the latter is bound to be stepped on.

The old method of gathering folds in one hand and drawing the skirt tightly around the hips will not do at all, for it is impossible to keep the train and the extended front off the ground at the same time with only one hand. It would be necessary to choose between having two yards dragging along in the dust or to stumble along in imminent danger of tripping on the overhanging front and going sprawling. In a general way the only thing to do is to emulate the elderly comic ladies pictured in the funny papers—gather the skirt in both hands, lift them as high as one's courage will allow and sail along regardless.

Must Learn How to Walk.
But there is a way of doing this that does not sacrifice all grace and appearances

Gradual Increase in Length.

Since all women's trains have gradually increased in length, and it was thought the limit had been reached last season, when the smartly gowned women dragged along two yards of cloth.

But this season the outrageous fashions have gone to lengths undreamed of, for the rule is to have a train 75 inches long.

If you will imagine a man 6 feet 3 inches tall stretched out horizontally on the ground you will have an accurate idea of the length of the train that a fashionably apparelled woman is compelled to haul after her. An inch on the length of a train

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THE HORSE IS KING in ST. LOUIS THIS WEEK



THE horse is King in St. Louis this week. All St. Louis will congregate around the great arena at the Horse Show and rapturously applaud the horse. The horse will be at his best. He will shine with the skill of his grooms. He will be splendid in leather and nickel and brass. He will catch the brilliancy of his audience, the buoyancy of the tankard and the spirit of the music, and he will step around with that jauntiness and pride which, in anything but a horse show, would be sure precursors of a fall. The Horse Show is to St. Louis what the hippodrome was to By-

antium and what the bull fight is to Seville. It is the society event of the year. There is none so proud that may not participate in the Horse Show.

The boxes will be filled by the best people of the community. The costumes will be the best St. Louis affords. The leaders of the fashionable set and all who follow will

fill night after night the great rows of boxes and seats which overlook the arena.

It is fashionable to engage a box for the whole week of the Horse Show. There are many St. Louis families which do it. They are

there with their friends night after night, for the show is good and pretty to see, and the audience is a fashion plate as kaleidoscopic as scenery from a car window.

There is one fact about a horse show that is startling: it makes you realize, possibly as you never have in all your life, that a horse—a noble, high-bred, well-groomed, skilfully-handled horse—is a wonderfully beautiful creature.

Funny Side



THE
ST. LOUIS
POST DISPATCH
SUNDAY, NOV. 2, 1902
SUPPLEMENT TO THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH NOV. 2, 1902



Funny Side

THE ANGEL CHILD

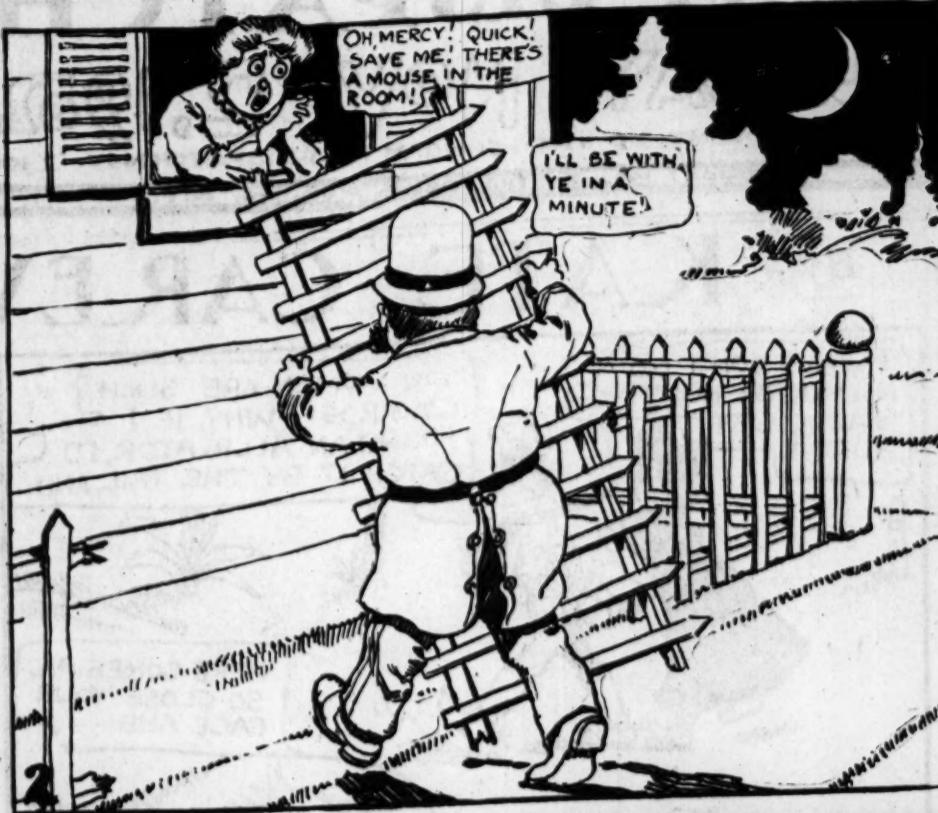
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KATE CAREW

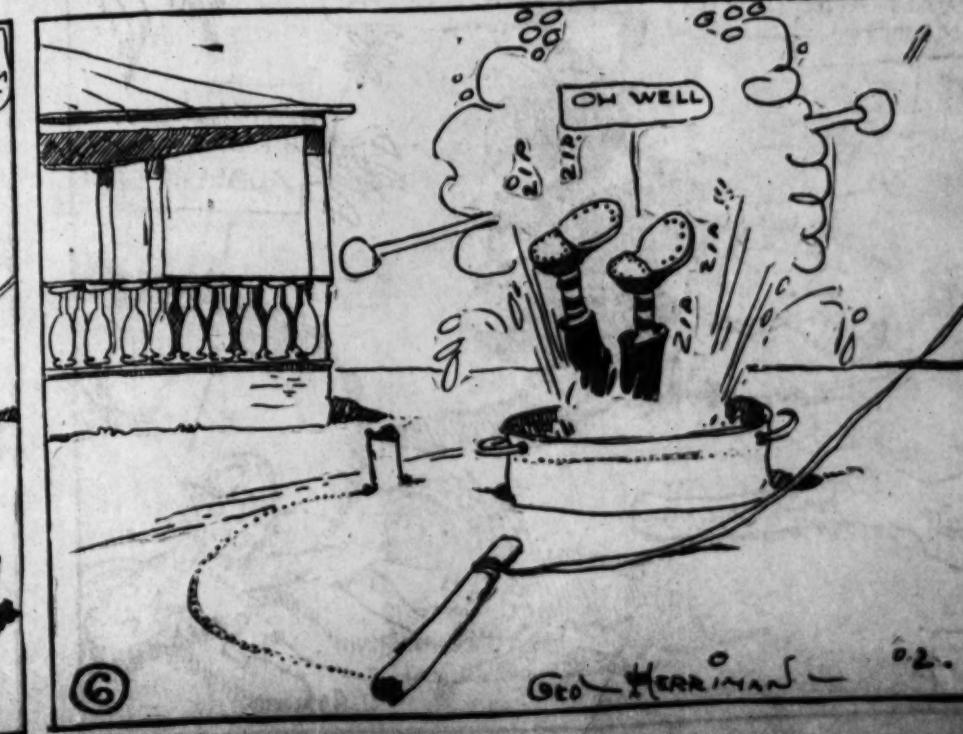
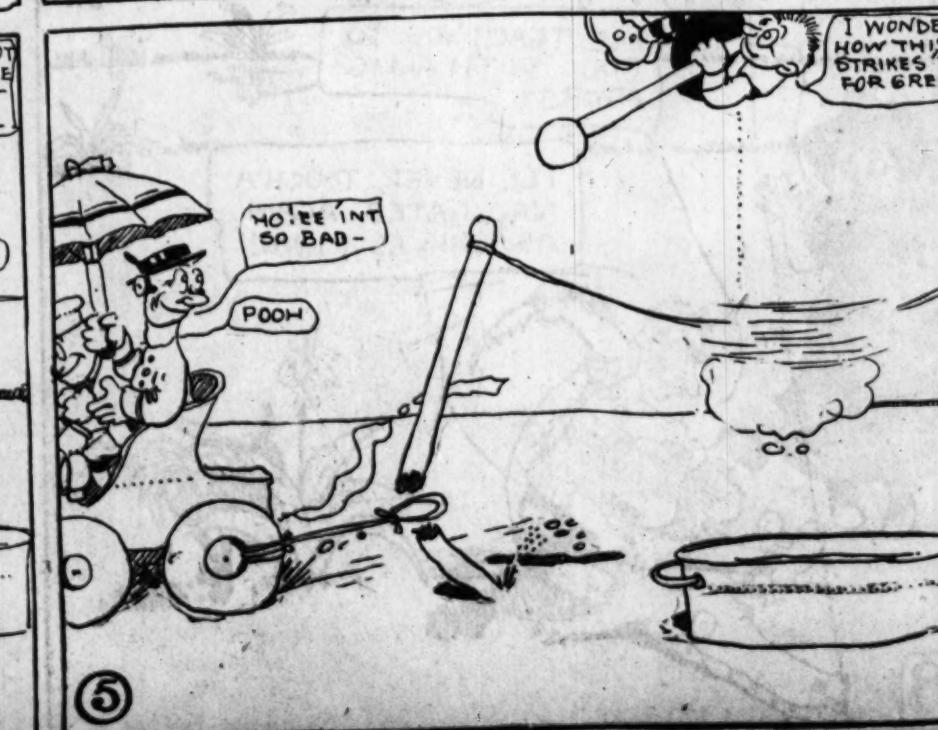
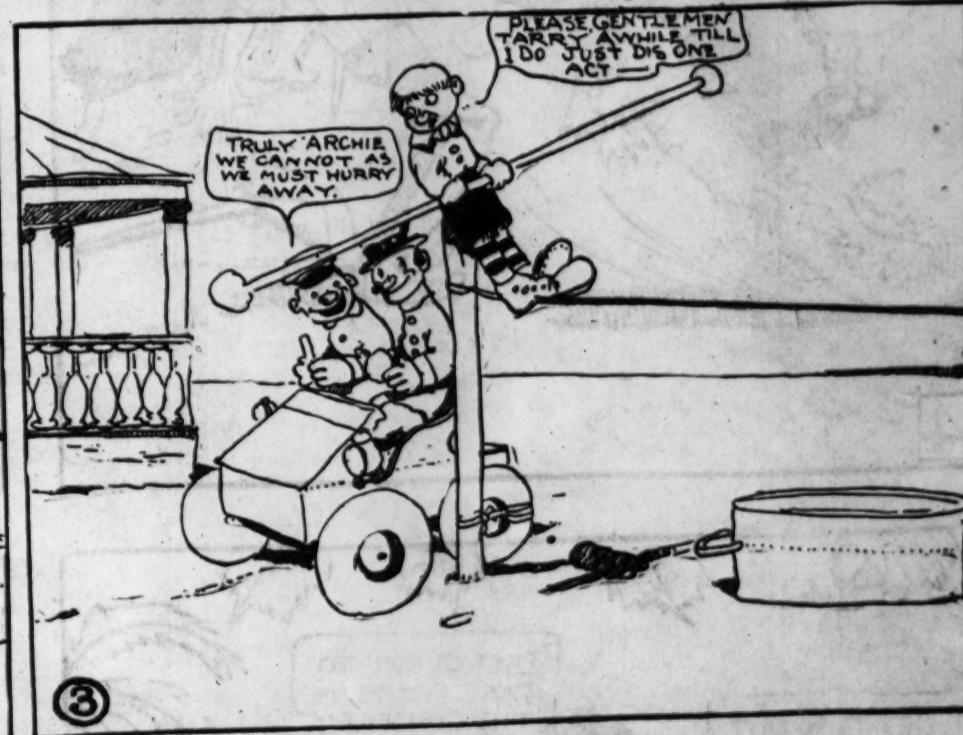
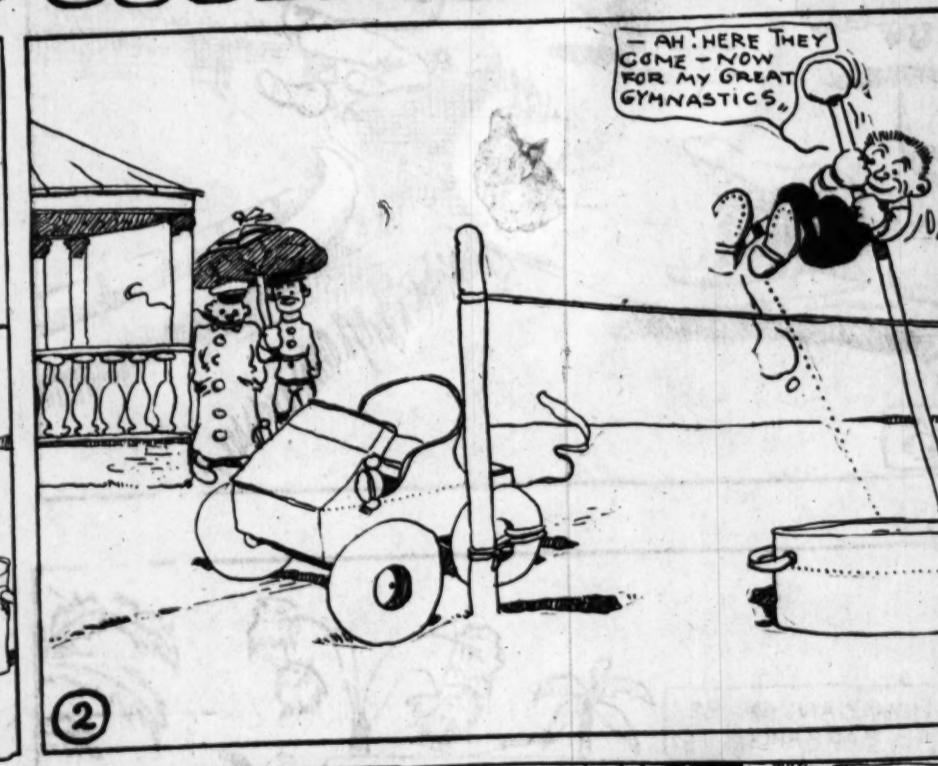
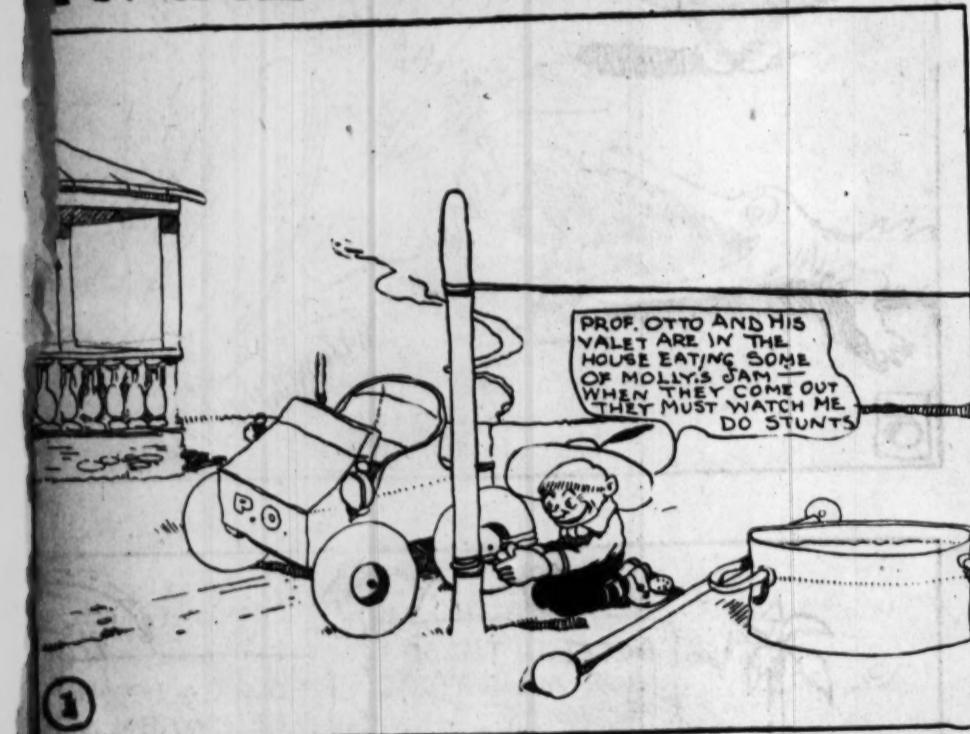
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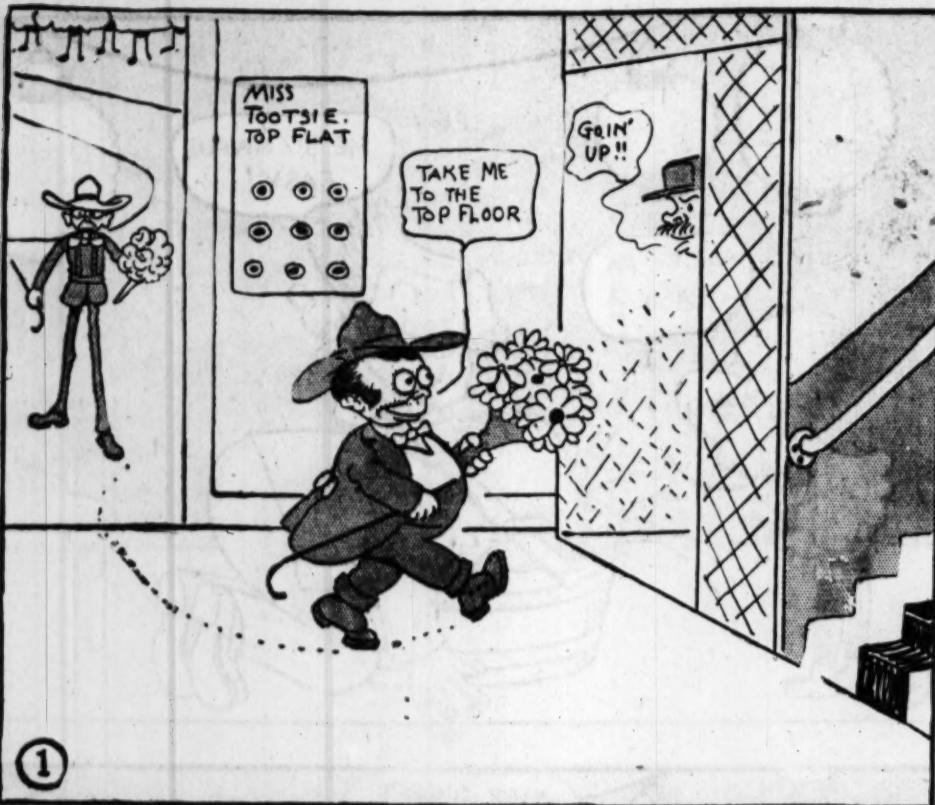
CLARENCE the COP SAVES A FAIR LADY, and then is lucky to save himself



Nevertheless, Prof. Otto Did Not See Acrobatic Archie's Stunt.



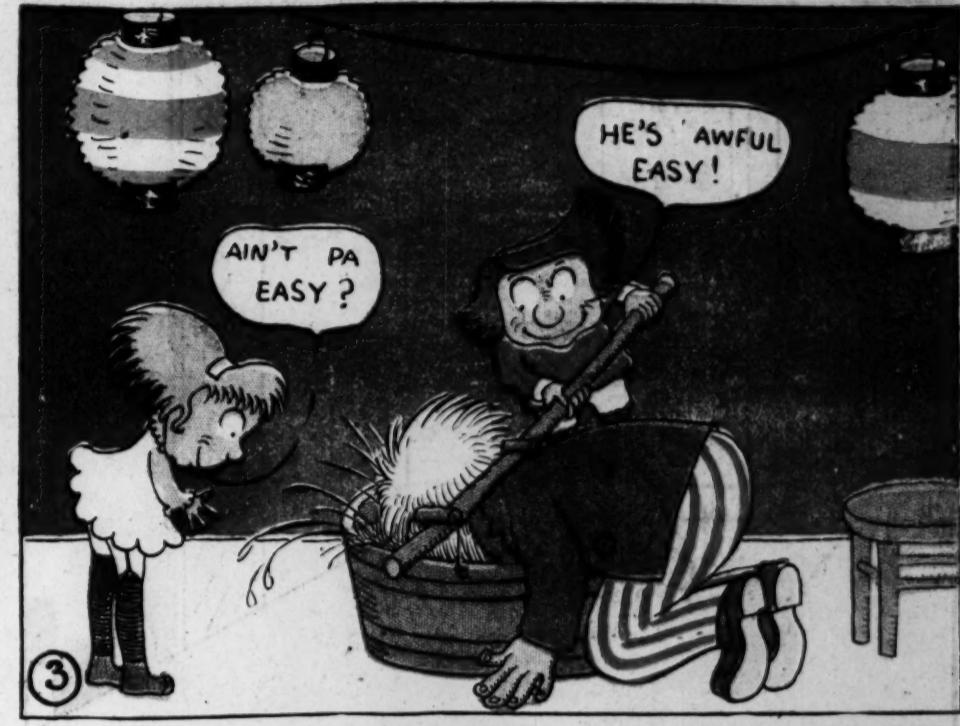
EMOLLYIE GAWGE! AND HOW GAWGE LAUGHED BEST Because HE LAUGHED LAST



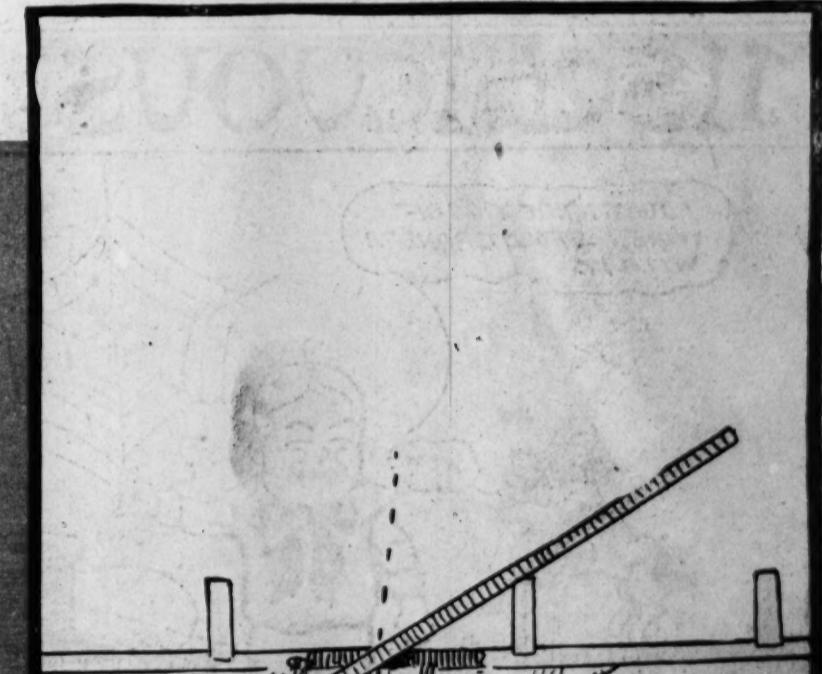
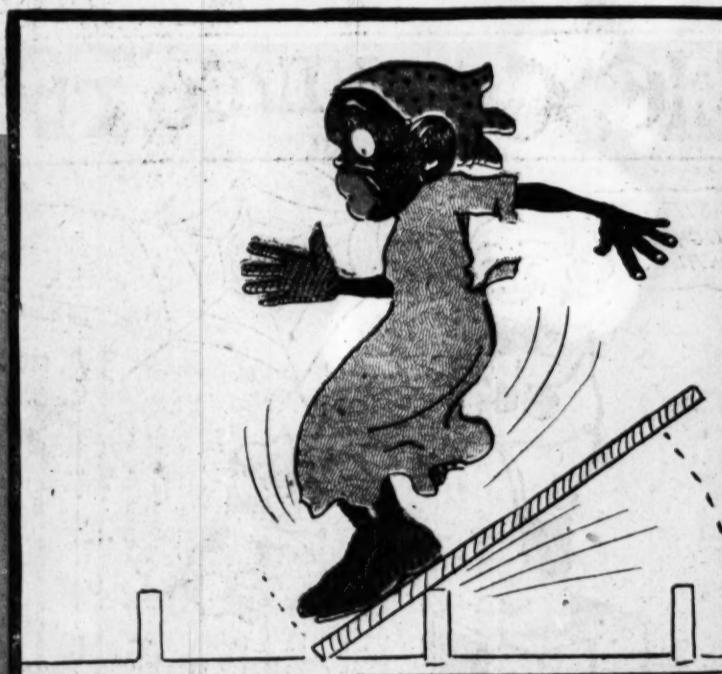
MISCHIEVOUS WILLE GOES INTO THE SPIDER BUSINESS



DEASY PAPAS HALLOWEEN PARTY



AN INTERRUPTED WOOING



Supplement to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Sunday Nov. 2, 1902.

